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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XVII. ATLANTA, GA., SATURDAY MORNING. MARCH 28 1885. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND

INVITED TO ATTEND THE COMMERCIAL CONVENTION IN ATLANTA.

He Expresses a Desire to Visit the South and to be Present at the Great Commercial Convention to be Held in Atlanta in May—How He was Invited, Etc., Etc.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—To The Constitution: In company with Senators Brown and Colquitt, I called to-day on President Cleveland and presented him an invitation to visit Atlanta during the commercial convention in May. The senators backed the invitation warmly, and the president was evidently favorably impressed. He asked special questions as to the time, objects, etc., of the convention, and expressed a desire to hear further about it.

He made an engagement for a further conference at 5 o'clock at the white house. At 5 o'clock I called with Senator Colquitt. Senator Brown had another engagement. We were ushered into the president's private room and found him alone. The subject was renewed at once, and the president evinced the greatest interest. He inquired particularly as to the time required for making the trip; what would be expected of him if he went; what the objects of the convention were; and what its general character. He then said he had never been south, and should like very much to go. He said his greatest ambition was to make perfect the reconciliation between the sections and to establish the fullest harmony among the people, and he would be glad to do anything that would tend to bring this about. He was assured that a trip to the south would do very much in this direction.

The talk was free and informal, and lasted more than a half an hour. The president closed by saying that he would like very much to see the south, and would talk with the members of his cabinet about it. It is my opinion that he will come, and that some members of the cabinet, notably Mr. Bayard, will come with him. Our senators join in this opinion.

H. W. G.

THE SENATE YESTERDAY.

General Joe Johnston to be Railroad Commissioner.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Senator VanWyck, from the committee on improvement of the Mississippi river, to whom was referred a resolution offered by Senator Harrison, as follows: "Resolved, That the resolution of the senate, passed March 4th, 1885, authorizing the committee on the improvement of the Mississippi river to sit during the vacation of the senate, and to make certain investigations, therein named, be and the same is hereby rescinded," has prepared and will report back the following as a substitute and recommend its passage: "Resolved, that all resolutions of the forty-eighth congress and of the present [illegible] committee to sit during the recess and to employ a clerk, stenographer and messenger be rescinded."

Several nominations were prepared for delivery to the senate this afternoon, but the unusually early adjournment of that body prevented their reception. It was understood on high authority that among them were the nominations of General Joseph E. Johnson, of Virginia, to be commissioner of railroads, and Norman J. Coleman, of Missouri, to be commissioner of agriculture. Mr. Coleman is a resident of St. Louis. He is about sixty years of age, and was for many years editor of the Rural Home, an agricultural paper published in St. Louis.

A BOGUS REPORT

Creates Quite a Sensation in the Staid Old Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The senate committee on postoffices and postroads has to-day been investigating the publication at the government printing office of an alleged report of the committee and its circulation through the channels provided for public documents. The document, which made its first appearance yesterday, bears the usual form of senate heading, and is numbered "Report 577, part [illegible]." Members of the committee were at a loss to understand how this document of which none of them had ever heard before could have worked its way through the secretary's office, where alone formal headings are affixed. The clerk, whose duty it is to record and to put heads upon documents of this character as they are received from the senate, being called upon to explain, said that paper had never passed through his hands. The manuscript having been sent for, was found to have been received from another clerk in the secretary's office, whose duty it is to order such extra work as may be required by committees and senators at the government printing office. It was also found that an order for two hundred extra copies for the use of the committee accompanied it. This clerk explained that the paper was brought to his desk on March 16, by the late clerk of the committee on postoffices and post roads, bearing the usual senate headings in due form, with an order for 200 extra copies to be printed for the use of the committee. The printing clerk, supposing the document to have passed through the regular channels, and the order itself being a proper one, sent the manuscript to the printing office, where it was set up and printed. The clerk of the committee, who also acted as private secretary to its late chairman, Senator Hill of Colorado, was sent for to-day by members of committee and in reply to their inquiries said he had acted in the matter at the instance of ex-Senator Hill. A motion will be made in the senate in behalf of the committee to have this alleged report suppressed. The members of the committee charitably assume that Mr. Hill was ignorant of the fact that he had no right to make a request from a senate committee twelve days after he ceased to be a member of the senate.

The New Solicitor of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Henry S. Neal, the solicitor of the treasury, this morning tendered his resignation in compliance with the wishes of the president, to take effect on the appointment and qualification of his successor. Judge Alexander McCue, of Brooklyn, has been tendered the office and will probably be nominated next Monday. Judge McCue is a lawyer of good reputation and a man of considerable means. He is about 55 years old, and has just retired from the bench of the city court of Brooklyn. It is understood that his appointment was made at the instance of Assistant Secretary Fairchild.

No Adjournment Until Next Week.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The senate met at [illegible]. On motion of Mr. Sherman, at 12:05 the senate went into executive session. The committee appointed yesterday to wait on the president reported that they had performed their duty, and that the president had expressed the wish that the senate should remain in session until next Thursday. At 12:30 the doors were reopened and the senate adjourned until Monday at 12 o'clock.

A KENTUCKY HANGING.

Wm. Neal, the Last of the Ashland Murderers, Executed.

GRAYSON, Ky., March 27.—Wm. Neal, the last of the Ashland murderers, was brought here last night from Mount Sterling for execution. Large crowds greeted him at each station. He was firm and composed and maintained his innocence to all who visited him. He ordered eggs, bacon and coffee for supper, breakfast and dinner, and refused the attendance of ministers until this morning.

At one o'clock he was taken to the gallows where a large crowd was waiting to witness his execution. He was escorted by one hundred guards, armed with double barrel shot guns and pistols. Neal ascended the scaffold with great composure. He said: "I say to one and all, you all know this is no place to tell a lie. I stand here to-day to suffer for a heinous crime I did not commit and one day my innocence will be established beyond doubt. I bid you, one and all, good bye. Oh, Lord, thou knowest I am innocent. Into thy hands I commit my soul. I am innocent." His last words were said just as the drop fell. He was pronounced dead in ten minutes. None of his relatives were present.

WICKED OHIO BOYS,

Who Terrify a School with Bowie Knives and Pistols.

CINCINNATI, March 27.—In one of the public schools to day a teacher left her class room for a moment, and when she returned three or four of the largest boys were having a mimic war, threatening each other with large revolvers, while the other pupils were paralyzed with fear. As the teacher entered the room the revolvers were pointed at her. The principal of the school disarmed the boys and the fathers of one of them was sent for. He searched his son and two long bowie knives were found upon him, while in his desk were a couple more revolvers. He said that two shot guns were concealed in a convenient place. It was then learned that four of the boys had planned to run away in May and become cow boys, and were collecting arms and ammunition for the expedition. One of the lads was to furnish money for the trip, and he had arranged to sell his bycicle and one of his father's cows. The boys have been taken from school and put to hard work.

NORTH CAROLINA MOONSHINERS

Georgians Accused of Sharing in the Disturbances.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 27.—Concerning the trouble with moonshiners at Highlands, Macon county, a telegram was received by the governor to-day from Adjutant General Jones, at Waynesville, as follows: "I have just returned from the highlands. Quiet has been restored; but apprehensions of further trouble are felt. There is no need of troops at present. The prompt and vigorous enforcement of the law by state and federal authorities is all that is required. No disturbance has occurred since the affray of the 10th of March, but threats of murder and burning have been communicated. Almost a reign of terror exists among the Highlands people. The lawless element consists mainly of citizens of Rabun, county, Georgia. Only a few North Carolina citizens are among the disturbers of peace."

Ex-President Aurhur's Movement.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Ex-President Arthur will leave Washington to-morrow for Fortress Monroe via the Baltimore and Bay Line of steamers. He will be accompanied by Senators Don Cameron and Marshal McMichael. Mr. Arthur will remain at Fortress Monroe about ten days and then proceed to New York to attend a complimentary dinner tendered him by the citizens of that city.

Yesterday's Confirmations

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Among the nominations confirmed by the senate to-day were the following:

Thomas C. Crenshaw, Jr., collector of internal revenue for the district of Georgia.

L. S. Grubbs, postmaster at Decatur Ala.

J. R. McCollum, postmaster at Newman, Ga.

W. D. Welchel, postmaster at Gainesville, Ga.

Pendleton and McLane Qualified.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—George Pendleton and R. M. McLane, recently appointed United States ministers to Germany and France respectively, qualified at the state department to-day. The date of their departure from this country has not been decided upon.

Garland and Lamar Will Walk.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The horses and carriages belonging to the interior department were sold at auction to day. Fair prices were obtained. Those belonging to the department of justice were sold yesterday.

New Officials Congratulated.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Assistant secretary of the interior, Muldrow, commissioner of Indian affairs, Atkins, and commissioner of land office, Sparks, have qualified and entered actively into the discharge of their official duties. All of these officials to-day received large numbers of friends who called to congratulate them upon their accession to office.

Barrios' Rascality.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Information has been received at the department of state that the Central and South American cable was cut Thursday by some of Barrios' sympathizers. It was, however, repaired immediately by the company. Commander Mahan, of the Wachusett, informed the navy department to-day from Panama that quiet prevailed at that place.

The Illinois Deadlock.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 27.—On the joint ballot 81 members of the legislature answered to the roll call. One vote was cast for J. C. Black, after which the legislature adjourned.

Chicken Fights at Columbia.

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 27.—[Special.]—A chicken fight is in progress in this city between the states of North Carolina and Georgia. Two hundred birds are in the main. Eleven matches have been fought, resulting in a tie, with one drawn battle. The main will continue until Saturday night. Many sporting men from principal southern cities are present.

Mississippi River Explosion.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 27.—The boilers of the steamer Mark Twain, running between Memphis and Mound City, Ark., five miles up the river, exploded this afternoon while lying at Mound City, killing Will F. Tieste and A. J. Demerick, two young men from Louisville, engaged in newspaper advertising schemes. The fireman, a deck hand and another unknown negro were also killed. Captain Gus Fagelman had a leg broken, as did also Captain George Mathews. Mary W. Jones, a colored passenger, had an arm broken. There were about 20 passengers aboard the boat when the explosion occurred.

A Gambler Acquitted of Murder.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 27.—[Special.]—David Chandler, on trial at Green Cove Springs for the murder of Edward Getchell, about a year ago in a gambling house in this city, was acquitted to-day. Getchell was from Maine and Chandler from South Carolina.

General Fitz Hugh Lee Resigns.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—An item dated Alexandria, pbblished this evening, announces that General Fitz Hugh Lee has forwarded to Governor Cameron his resignation as commander of the Virginia troops.

GRANT'S SAD STORY

OF HOW HE WAS TAKEN IN BY WARD.

His Testimony in the Marine Bank Case—A Loose Way of Doing Business—The Details of His Descent from Affluence to Poverty—The Great Swindle Exposed, Etc.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The testimony of General Grant in the trial of ex-President Fish, of the Marine bank, has been given to the public. It is in the form of questions by the counsel and replies by the witness. Some extracts are given herewith.

Question by Mr. Clark, counsel for the defendant—"You were partner in the firm of Grant & Ward?"

"Yes, sir; I am informed that I was at the time the failure took place."

"You became a member of that firm on or about November 1, 1880?"

"I don't remember; I suppose so, if the books say so."

"On May 1, 1884, what did you understand you were worth—about what?"

"I supposed well nigh to a million dollars."

General Grant concluded his replies to Mr. Clark with the following statement: "I might state here, although I don't know whether it would have any effect or not, that at the time I went in the firm I had a very small income, but I had some money that my son had saved for me while I was abroad—some money that I had left and which he had so managed that I saved some, of it and he proposed to let me have half his interest in the firm so that I would have an income to live upon. There was afterward an income raised for me and after that the firm generously conclud[ed] to let me in as a [half] partner, and then afterward as a whole [part]ner—special, not general—generously [as I] thought at the time. Questioned by [Mr. Root,] counsel for the government:

"Did you observe in the lette[r] [illegible] received from Fish, and to which [illegible] has been identified by you, a[nd] [illegible] tirely in your handwriting [illegible] any reference to the gover[nment's contracts?"]

"No, there was not. I [illegible] [w]hen it was mentioned that th[ere] [illegible] [b]e any government contracts [illegible] nothing wrong in being eng[aged] [illegible] [governm]ent contracts more than [illegible] else, unless made wrong by [illegible] individual, but I had been pre[sident] [illegible] [Unit]ed States and I did not thin[k] [illegible] have my name connected [illegible] contracts. I knew tha[t] [illegible] profit in them except by [illegible]es."

"A[illegible] in that letter that you rece[illegible] [refer]ence to anything of that so[rt?"]

[illegible] anything of that sort or I [illegible] [sto]pped; but as a matter of fact I [illegible] [ha]ve seen that letter. Ward may just [illegible] have given me a statement of the conten[ts] [illegible] that letter when at his office."

Further along in the examination the following occurs:

"As I understand it, General Grant, everything that you had was lost in the failure of that firm?"

"Everything that I had in the world was lost. Ward came up here on Sunday night before the failure and asked me to go down with him to see Mr. Newcomb, to see if he could get $250,000 [illegible]; that he had himself raised $130,000, and if he could raise $150,000 more it would carry the Marine bank through; that we had $660,000 in the Marine bank besides $1,300,000 of securities in our vaults; that we should be inconvenienced very much if we could not carry the bank through. He said the Marine bank was all sound and solid if it had time to collect in or draw in a little of its time loans. I went down there with him and Newcomb was not at home and he asked me if I knew William H. Vanderbilt well enough to ask him for a loan. I said I did. Mr. Vanderbilt loaned it to me. He said at the same time he gave it to me, that he was lending this to me and that he had no recollection of ever having done such a thing before, but that he would do it for me. Well, that has taken all the remaining property that I had."

"The representation of Ward to you was that your firm was in danger on account of the critical condition of the Marine bank?"

"Yes, sir. He said that we had $130,000 of unpledged securities in our vault."

"He did not tell you that the firm owed the Marine bank $130,000?"

"Oh, no"

"Or that the firm was overdrawn in the neighborhood of a million of dollars?"

"No, sir. He said we had in our own vaults of our own securities $130,000 and that we had $660,000 to our credit in the Marine bank. Now I think of it, it was seven hundred and odd thousand dollars. Then he said that the $150,000 more that he had got of me was that much more to help the bank. I found his statement, when I went down to the office after the failure, was correct, so far as the books of Grant & Ward showed."

"Now, did Mr. Fish, at any time during the spring of 1884, communicate to you any distrust on his part of Mr. Ward?"

"No, sir. If he had, I should have been very ready, I have no doubt, to take distrust."

General Grant's Sleepless Night.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Colonel Fred Grant sat up all night last night and until 5 o'clock this morning with his father, General Grant, and until that hour the latter did not sleep. He paced up and down the room all the time and was restless and uneasy. This morning he slept little and was able to partake of his usual breakfast. General Grant was not feeling very badly and looked well to-day. During the morning Colonel Grant read some of the testimony taken yesterday to the general and the latter made some corrections in it. The general will revise his testimony before it is sent down to court to be read and placed in evidence.

The Week's Failures.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Business failures throughout the country, occurring in the last week, reported to R. G. Dun & Co.'s mercantile agency, number for the United States 248, and for Canada 29. Total, 277, against 268 for last week, and 282 the week previous. Failures in the western states are lighter than for some time past. The southern and middle states show an increase. Very few assignments are reported in New York city.

Canned Beef for England.

CHICAGO, March 27.—The Armour packing company yesterday received another cable order from the British war department for 80,000 additional cases of canned beef, representing about 650,000 pounds, and another proposal for 10,000 additional cases, which, however, could not be filled within the time limited. The statement is made that orders already in hand have divested all the establishments in this country engaged in this particular industry of their available stock.

Another Kentucky Hanging.

LOUISVILLE, March 27.—John Sexton was hanged at Barbourville, Ky., to-day for the murder of George Rowden, his object being robbery.

The Naval Stores Quarrel.

WILMINGTON, N. C., March 27.—The charge made by the naval stores trade of New York that frauds are practiced by the dealers in naval stores of this city, is indignantly denied by the managers of the produce exchange. The secretary was instructed to write immediately for a copy of the New York resolutions and as soon as they are received a meeting of the exchange be held to take some action.

A Big Blaze in Detroit.

DETROIT, March 27.—At one o'clock this morning a fire broke out in a dry kiln of the Michigan carbon works, at Rangville, near Deboy. The hand engines with which the works are supplied, were entirely inadequate to cope with a fire of such magnitude, and help was asked from the city fire department. Two engines were sent to the rescue, and by five o'clock the fire was got under control. The kiln, the bone black building, the fertilizer building, and at least two-thirds of the bone shed are entirely destroyed. The entire west end of the works was saved. The owners say they cannot yet estimate the loss, but it is estimated at $150,000. The works were insured for $85,000. The only person injured was Isaac Burke, the general yard foreman, who fell from the building and broke his shoulder blade. The fire was caused by an explosion of gas in the kilnrom. The works will be rebuilt at once, and none of the employes, who number 160, will be thrown out of work.

Fire Losses in New York.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The paper trade to-day is excited over last night's fire at 66 and 68 D[illegible] street. Hood & Graff, lithographers were burned out, their loss being about $[illegible],000. They were insured in five companies for about $12,000. John F. Dremer, dealer in document envelopes, on the fifth floor, was burned out. Loss $12,000. Insured for $9,000. The National blank book company was damaged by water to the extent of $20,000, [illegible] covered by insurance. W. H. Parsons & [illegible] damaged by water $40,000. Fully co[illegible] insurance. The building is the pro[illegible] [illegible] Vernon and is fully insur[illegible] to the extent of $20,[illegible]

[illegible] a Town on Fire.

[illegible], Ind., March 27.—A special to the [illegible] Public, from Oakland City, Ind., reports a [disa]strous conflagration at that place [illegible]. The losses amount to $100,000, [illegible] $10,000. About thirty houses were destroyed. The fire was incendiary.

Poor House Burned by a Lunatic.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 27.—The Pike county poor house was burned yesterday, causing the death of John Tinsdall, an insane inmate who set the building on fire.

An Ohio Fire.

DAYTON, O., March 27.—The Ohio linseed oil company's mills, at Harrie's station, about three miles from here, were burned last night. Loss, $60,000; covered by insurance.

Dynamite in Massachusetts.

SOUTH ABINGDON, Mass., March 27.—Windsor house, at Randolph, was badly damaged this morning by an explosion of dynamite or nitro glycerine, supposed to be the result of trouble between striking and non-union shoemakers. Several of both classes boarded at the Windsor, and up to a few days ago, when the strikers left the house, the presence of policemen had been necessary to prevent conflict. The explosion, which shattered the whole front of the building, occurred at 4:30 this morning.

ST. AUGUSTINE FETE.

Grand Ceremonies and Imposing Processions in the Old City.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., March 27.—There were grand ceremonies here to-day to celebrate the anniversary of the landing of Ponce de Leon in 1512 and the founding of the city by Menendez in 1565. The weather was delightful, this being the first genuine spring day. There are many visitors here from all parts of the country, and every hotel is full. The entire city is decorated with Spanish colors. The old fort of San Marco was especially noticeable for its decorations and presented a brilliant appearance. The ceremonies consisted in the representation of the landing of Ponce DeLeon. State Senator Genestor represented the Spanish discoverer and looked very much like a Spanish grandee. He was escorted by forty-six attendants in Spanish costumes, with battle axes and glittering helmets. The company, after landing, marched to the inner quadrangle of the fort, where high mass was celebrated by Fathers Lynch and Mooney. After this service addresses were made by General Gibson, commander of the port, and Hon. G. R. Fairbanks, historian of Florida. After the speeches a procession consisting of troops from garrison, military from various points of the state, civic societies, invited guests and citizens paraded the principal street. The pageant was witnessed by 10,000 persons. The gay flags carried in the procession, the brilliant sunshine and the bright vegetation of southern spring combined to produce a spectacle memorable to all who saw it. A fancy dress carnival took place at the rink to-night, and there was a grand ball at St. Augustine hotel. To-morrow there will be yacht and boat races, and to-morrow night a spectacular display in the harbor.

A Virginia Murder Trial.

WARRENTON, Va., March 27.—James Hord, tried for the murder of John Ryan, was acquitted yesterday in the county court of Farguier. Ryan was a private in battery H., second United States artillery, which encamped at Fauquier Sulphur springs last summer. On the 21st of August he met Hord at a store, where, after taking several drinks, he made insulting propositions to Hord, regarding his daughter. Hord drew his pistol and shot Ryan, from the effects of which he died the day following. Members of the regiment sought Hord to revenge the death of their comrade, but he kept out of their way until after the regiment left that neighborhood. He then surrendered to the county authorities and was admitted to bail.

A Lost Schooner.

BALTIMORE, March 27.—Captain J. L. Springer, of the threemasted schooner "Veto," of New London, Conn., which left Wilmington, N. C., on March 12, reports the loss of his vessel in latitude 36, longitude 73, on the 21st. The Veto left Wilmington with tar for Boston. On the 17th, off Body island, N. C., a gale commenced blowing from N. N. E., accompanied by snow, during which the schooner was strained so that she sprung a leak. On the morning of the 21st there was a lull in the storm, and the schooner Genevieve, Captain Haley, of Morristown, N. J., rescued the crew. Captain Haley paid every attention to the rescued men and brought them to Baltimore.

Frauds in Southern Naval Stores.

NEW YORK, March 25.—At a meeting of the naval stores trade to-day a report was heard from the committee in regard to devising means of checking the fraudulent practice which prevails among the jobbers of Savannah, Ga., Wilmington, N. C., and Charleston, S. C., of altering the marks put by southern inspectors upon barrels of rosin and turpentine to indicate the quality and quantity of the contents of the barrels. A resolution was adopted appealing to the southern exchanges to have these frauds stopped by legislation.

An Indian Ilind.

CADILLAC, Mich., March 27.—Two woodsmen who were coming here on snow shoes found an Indian camp on Pine river, in the southwest part of this county yesterday, with only one Indian girl, the survivor of a party of seven. She had been four days without food. The woodsmen took her to the nearest settlement, and buried the other six bodies in the snow. The Indians were a wandering band of outlaws. The snow was too deep to permit them to hunt, and they were too exhausted to travel.

Found His Long-Lost Brother.

RICHMOND, Ky., March 27.—Last Friday Daniel Smith, from Washington county, Me., arrived here, and went to the country, where "Smith, the hermit," who has been in this region nearly a quarter of a century, was found in his hut. The hermit soon recognized his brother. He is Captain Lorey Smith, formerly of Nova Scotia, who, in a state of mental aberration, left his home over twenty years ago. He accompanied his brother to Maine. He has a family in Nova Scotia and about 700 acres of land.

Train-Wreckers Arrested.

CHATTANOOGA, March 27.—[Special.]—Detective Dick Jones has arrested a young man named Charles Smith at Calhoun on the charge of attempting to wreck a passenger train on the Western and Atlantic railroad about three weeks since. Two men named Carter were also arrested on the charge of rocking trains.

ENGLAND AND RUSSIA

APPARENTLY ON THE VERGE OF A FEARFUL WAR.

The Defiant Tone of the English Press—Gigantic Preparations for War—The Peace of the Whole World Threatened—The French Losses in China—Barrios' War, Etc.

LONDON, March 27.—The Times says: When Disraeli called out the reserves in 1878 the Earl of Derby retired from the ministry. The earl of Derby's opinion, therefore, and his experience were unique. Risks of a rupture with Russia now are greater than they were then. The czar's forces are almost at the gate of Constantinople. Even if the cabinet were after concession it is now clear that such a policy is as unsafe as it would be dishonorable. Yielding would alienate the Afghans and degrade us in the eyes of all the people of the east without, in reality, averting war which would only be postponed, at most, for three years. Delay would only benefit Russia to the detriment of England. Whatever frontier shall be traced we must protect the Afghanistan. It will be always in the power of Russia unless we convince her that it would not be to her advantage to do so. We are told that if Russia, reckoning upon a want of spirit and of adequate resources in England is preparing herself for war it will be in order for her to test the strength of the cohesion of her vast empire.

The Standard says: "We appear to be on the verge of what is likely to draw into its vortex the whole civilized world. There is no tendency to boasting, but firm national conviction that there must be an end of yielding. Negotiations might tend to peace. It would be a matter of regret if Russia should allow the whole fabric of government, finances and society to fall to the ground with a crash. Still nothing less is expected. If, owing to madness of their rulers, England and Russia come to blows, the peace of the world will be broken."

The queen's message yesterday, calling out reserves and military for permanent service, has been received by the country with great enthusiasm. Everywhere active efforts are being exerted to get barracks ready for reserves and to have arms and accoutrements at hand, with which to equip them. Immense stores of arms at the tower of London are ready at this moment to be issued. They can be distributed at any moment when they are required. The war feeling is strong among the reserves and many of them had already joined the guards before orders summoning them to service had been received.

PREPARING TO FIGHT.

The English Reserves Called Out—Purchasing Supplies—An Ultimatum.

LONDON, March 27.—Great preparations are being made at Aldershot for the reception of the army reserve forces and the militia called out by the queen's message. Quarters are ready at Chatham for a large force. The greatest activity prevails in the ordnance department in hastening the armament of the vessels which have been ordered for immediate service. Extra hands are employed for this work. All available quarters at Chelsea have been made ready for occupation. It is reported that the naval reserve will be immediately called out for service. The government has given contracts for 100,000 uniforms.

The Globe says that a proposal partaking of the nature of an ultimatum was telegraphed by the government to St. Petersburg yesterday. It was requested at the same time that the Russian government should send an answer that would reach Downing street not later than Monday next.

Earl Granville had an audience with the queen at Windsor castle last evening. It is expected that at present 20,000 men of the first class will be called out, with 5,000 picked, efficient militia. The warship Mercury will be supplied with two first class torpedo boats and appliances. Military authorities state that a force of 20,000 men could be dispatched from England within a fortnight. A contract was concluded with a Tyne merchant today to carry 12,000 tons of coal to Cronstadt during the season with option of delivery at Copenhagen or Aarhaus in the event of a war with Russia.

DUFFERIN'S DEMANDS

For the Impending War With Russia—Active Preparations.

LONDON, March 27.—The request for reinforcements, made by Lord Dufferin, viceroy of India, states that if war is to be declared, India requires that twenty-three regiments of infantry, three regiments of cavalry, two batteries of field artillery, and eighteen batteries of horse artillery be dispatched to India forthwith. The mobilization committee and the transport department are busily arranging to collect and forward these troops. Several of the swiftest ocean steamers have been chartered for the transport service, including the "America" and the "Arizona." Orders have been sent to the Mediterranean stations to have all magazines overhauled to see that the ammunition on hand is up to normal standard in quality and quantity, and to prepare all gunboats and torpedo vessels at the stations to be put into commission for sea service.

Bad Advice to Russia.

PARIS, March 27.—Captain Abkanoff, the governor of Merv, who induced the khan of Merv and other chiefs to petition Russia for annexation, in an interview to-day, said: "Russia should seize Herat before England could get an opportunity to fortify it. Russia would never have a better chance for securing Herat than the present."

It is reported that the Russian government has chartered a number of steamers to transport troops across the Caspian sea.

English Naval Preparations.

LONDON, March 27.—Active preparations are making to get all available cruisers and ironclads belonging to the navy into condition for active service as soon as possible. It is known that the destination of these vessels is the Baltic sea and the Black sea. The entrance to the latter, however, is dependent on the assent of Turkey.

A Panic in Moscow.

VIENNA, March 27.—Dispatches from Moscow show that a commercial crisis exists in that city. Within the past thirty days five of the largest tea and sugar importing firms have failed. Their liabilities aggregate sixteen million roubles or over ten million dollars. Government and private bankers are concerting measures to avert the spreading of failures and panic.

Liverpool Races.

LONDON, March 27.—At the Liverpool spring meeting, to-day, the grand national steeple chase of 1,000 guineas was won by Captain Fisher's six year old Proquefort.

Severe French Loss in China.

PARIS, March 27.—The Goulois says that thirteen French officers were killed at Dong Dang in Monday's and Thursday's fighting. It declares that General Negrier's position is an exceedingly precarious one. Forty thousand Chinese troops are massed on the frontier not far distant.

Cunningham and Burton Committed.

LONDON, March 27.—The examination of Cunningham and Burton having been finished both men were this afternoon formally committed for trial on the charge of treason felony.

England Will Not Flinch.

LONDON, March 27.—In the house of lords this evening Earl Granville, replying to the marquis of Salisbury, said there was nothing indicating a tendency to flinch on part of the government regarding the Afghan question. The government were firmly adhering to the policy agreed upon by both the great political parties, while at the same time they were availing themselves of every means to arrive at a satisfactory solution of the difficulty. He was unable, he said, to fix the date when negotiations would be concluded. Russia was now, he added, considering England's dispatch. England considered Russia bound by the recent agreement. In the meantime the ameer of Afghanistan had instructed his chiefs to observe neutrality.

Rochefort Calls for the Guillotine.

PARIS, March 27.—All the morning papers contain articles on the French reverse at Dong Dang. A few of the editorials severely criticize the government for its dilatoriness in sending reinforcements to Tonquin, but a majority are very warm in their denunciation of the cabinets Chinese policy. Mr. Rochefort has an editorial in Intransigeant on the debate in the chamber of deputies, last evening on the present state of the Franco Chinese war. The article concludes with the following words: "Cease to question ministers and invoke the guillotine."

THE WAR BEGUN.

The Central American Complication—Troops of the Allies.

LALIBERTAD, San Salvador, via Galveston, March 27.—The war, which has been thought inevitable for some days past, has already become an actuality. Forces of Honduras and those of San Salvador have already come into collision and several skirmishes have occurred. The armies of Guatewala and Honduras are acting in harmony and are now confronting the forces of San Salvador. Active measures are being taken by San Salvador, Nicaragua and Costa Rica to protect themseves. San Salvador, whose territory is most threatened takes the leading place in this alliance. She will put her whole army into the field. Nicaragua will provide 4,000 men, and Costa Rica sends 2,009. Costa Rica at the same time contributed $100,000 toward the expenses of the war. The president of San Salvador will assume chief command of the allied forces. The president of Nicaragua will be second in command and General Soto, of Costa Rica, will probably take third place.

More Trouble in the Soudan.

SUAKIM, March 27.—The coolies have struck for higher wages. It is feared that they have been led to take this stand through the influence of the rebels. Agents of the rebels have repeatedly cut the telegraph wires. The enemy have a fear that these wires connect with hidden mines. Some shots were fired by Arabs into zereba last night, but without causing any casualties. General Graham will advance as soon as a water transport system shall have been completed.

Fearful Explosions in Austria.

VIENNA, March 27.—Forty men were to-day imprisoned and, it is believed all of them were instantly killed, by an explosion of fire damp in Dombrau Ornau mining company's colliery, at Trappan, in Austria. Forty-six miners were killed to-day by an explosion in the mines owned by Baron Rothschild, a Ostrau.

The English Market Firmer.

LONDON, March 27.—The stock market this afternoon closed with an improved feeling. The fortnightly statement was concluded without the occurrence of any failure. In the house of commons this evening, Lord Edmund Fitzmaurice failed to answer a number of questions in regard to the negotiations with Russia.

An Austrian Traitor.

VIENNA, March 27.—Baron Potier des Echelles, of the memorial staff, has been arrested and committed to prison on a charge of treason. He was detected furnishing plans of Austrian forts on the southern frontier to an international bureau at Copenhagen.

New Catholic Bishops.

ROME, March 27.—The pope to-day, at a secret session, nominated several bishops in America and elsewhere.

Miss Van Zandt Has Had Enough.

PARIS, March 27.—Miss Van Zandt has written a letter to M. Carvalho, director of the opera comique, saying that she will not sing in Paris any more.

The Egyptian Deficit.

CAIRO, March 27.—The Egyptian budget has been submitted and it shows a deficit for the fiscal year of 1884 of $4,215,000.

A FIGHT WITH RIEL REBELS.

Ten Civilians Killed—The Number of Slain Unknown.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 27.—In the house of commons to-night the following telegram from Lieutenant Colonel Irvine to Sir John McDonald, dated "Fort Carleton, via Winnipeg, 27th March, 1885," was received by premier: "The party under my command have just arrived. When near Fort Carleton I found that Major Crozier, with a party of one hundred, had gone to Duck Lake, to secure a large quantity of supplies there stored. They were met by some hundred rebels, who held an advantageous position at Beardy's reserve, and endeavored to surround Major Crozier's force of police and civilians. The rebels fired first. When firing became general Major Crozier, owing to disadvantage at which he was taken, retreated in good order, arriving at the fort at the same time as my party. Ten civilians of Prince Albert and two policemen were killed, and four civilians and seven constables were wounded.

The number of rebels killed is unknown. Police and civilians acted with the greatest bravery under heavy fire.

The Riel Rebellion.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 27.—A special from Winnipeg says: It is reported on good authority that the government has received word that rebels captured Major Crozier and his force of over one hundred mounted police after an engagement, in which several were killed on both sides. The rebels tried to wreck the train which was carrying troops from Winnipeg west, but were arrested. One of the prisoners had dispatches from Riel to the half breeds around Winnipeg and in southern Manitoba, urging them to rise. General Middleton arrived this morning. Orders have been issued for an advance of troops this afternoon.

Fenians to Help Riel.

FARGO, Dak., March 27.—There is a rumor that fenian organizations in the northwest are making active attempts to aid the Riel raiders in their opposition to the dominion government. An alleged emissary of the Chicago brotherhood is here."

Thirty-five Miners Killed.

CONCEPTION, Chili, March 27.—This morning an explosion of gas occurred at the coal mines of Senor Errazuriz, in Lebu. Thirty-five miners were killed and thirteen were wounded.

A Smallpox Epidemic.

ST. LOUIS, March 27.—The smallpox is raging as an epidemic at Mound City, Ill. Out of a population of 1,500, fifty cases are reported. Eight deaths occurred during the present week. The disease is confined almost entirely to negroes. Only two white families are infected. Vigorous measures are being used to suppress the scourge.

A DAY'S DOINGS

IN ALL PARTS OF THE EMPIRE STATE.

A Railroad Suit in Cobb Superior Court—Fire in Barnett—Spring Fights in Rome—A Collision Near Seney—Death of Dr. Gatchell—Other News of the State, Etc.

MARIETTA, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Yesterday there was argued before Judge Brown a motion for a new trial in the case of Miller against the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad. Messrs. Winn & Clay represented the plaintiff, and Colonel W. P. McClatchy represented the road. The suit had been brought for $495 damages, and the jury gave a verdict for $450. Colonel McClatchy claimed that this was excessive, and was sufficient grounds within itself for the granting of a new trial. After hearing all the arguments of counsel the court ruled that he would let the verdict stand if the plaintiff would agree to strike off $50, otherwise a new trial would be granted. This was done by counsel for plaintiff, and the verdict now stands for $400.

An inventory recently taken of the stock of drugs belonging to the recent firm of Maher & Flower, shows the assets to be about $1,645. The liabilities are about $3,000.

Fire in Barnett.

BARNETT, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—The store of J. S. Chapman, dealer in general merchandise at this place, was discovered in a blaze about 12:30 this morning. The damage was about three thousand dollars; insured for twenty-five hundred in Liverpool, London and Globe. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary. Nothing was saved. The building was erected a little over two years ago, since which time he has occupied it. He was married about two weeks ago.

Stabbing Affray in Rome.

ROME, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Last night about half past eleven o'clock a difficulty occurred between Jerry Orr, colored, and Mr. Fred Wallace. Orr is a porter of the Rome hotel and Mr. Wallace is running a transfer line between East Rome and this city. When the south bound passenger on the East Tennessee road arrived in East Rome, Orr commenced drumming for passengers. A passenger stated that he wished to stop at the Sargeant house, when Orr came up and asked him to go down with him. Mr. Wallace told the passenger he would carry him to any hotel to which he desired to go. Orr said this was not true, when Mr. Wallace slapped him, and as the negro advanced towards him Wallace knocked him down. This was supposed to end the difficulty, but shortly afterwards as Mr. Wallace was entering his omnibus, Orr came up behind him and stabbed him with a knife in the back and breast, inflicting serious wounds. The negro made his escape.

Collision Near Seney.

ROME, March 27.—[Special.]—A collision between a freight and a passenger train occurred near Seney, on the Georgia division of the East Tennessee road, about 2 o'clock this morning. The engines were considerably injured. The accident occurred through a misapprehension of an order.

Planting in Elbert.

ELBERTON, March 27.—[Special.]—A large party of Elberton ladies and gentlemen returned from the New Orleans exposition to-day. They express themselves as highly pleased with their trip, though they were in two railroad accidents while they were gone.

Farm work is progressing finely in this county now. Upland corn is nearly all planted, and farmers are devoting their attention to the preparation of their cotton lands. The small grain crop is still in doubt, but has improved considerably in the last ten days.

Athens Affairs.

ATHENS, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—One of the fine black horses, owned by the Hope fire company, died a few days ago. He had consumption, contracted while on a trip to Macon last year.

Alex Lawrence, a negro who had his foot mashed while removing the large safe of the Taylor Bros., died to-day from lockjaw. The police arrested several young negro boys for making a raid on the Knox institute. One of the boys was badly cut. The Pioneer hook and ladder company of this place are ready to tackle the Rome boys at the coming tournament in Augusta. The Athens boys have all the prizes they want, and now propose to put up the lucre to make it interesting.

Greensboro Gossip.

GREENSBORO, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Our merchants and business men generally will all close their stores on Easter Monday and it will be observed as a general holiday here. This is a custom inaugurated by our business men some years ago, in order to give their employes a day of pleasure and recreation. Many picnics are booked for that day. It is not determined yet where our crowd will go—either to Leslie's mill or Bowden's beautiful lake. The young people always look forward to this day with much pleasure. We hope it will be a beautiful day for them.

The general meeting of the Baptist church is now going on at Siloam, in this county, about six miles from here, and there are a great many from a distance in attendance. The clever people in that neighborhood know how to take care of and provide for visitors. Presbytery is also in session at Union Point.

Artesian Well in Darien.

DARIEN, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—At a meeting of the citizens yesterday, called for the purpose of taking into consideration the sinking of an artesian well in Darien, a resolution was adopted requesting the authorities of the city to have the same done, and if funds were needed, to levy a tax sufficient for the purpose. It is to be hoped that no croaker will come forward to condemn the authorities in carrying out this expressed wish of the citizens.

Death of Dr. H. P. Gatchell.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., March 27.—[Special.]—Professor H. P. Gatchell, M.D., formerly professor in medical colleges in Cincinnati, Cleveland and Chicago, and supervisor of census of the first district of Georgia, died in this city last night in his seventy-second year. Dr. Gatchell practiced medicine in Atlanta for several years and was well known there.

Death of John Durdin.

MADISON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—John Durdin, a well known citizen of this county, is dead. He represented Morgan county in the legislature before the war and was prominent in county politics. He was at one time a man of large wealth, but of late years has been reduced to a small estate. His death removes a landmark at Ebenezer, a precinct of this county.

Madison's Mayoralty.

MADISON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—City politics have developed into a lively scramble: There are three tickets in the field for mayor and councilmen. The mayoralty will be contended for by W. S. McHenry, the present incumbent, P. S. Burney, the popular dry goods man, and Colonel J. H. Holland. Burney will probably be elected. He served a number of terms when he resigned two years ago in favor of Colonel McHenry.

LaGrange Notes.

LAGRANGE, Ga, March 27.—[Special.]—Genie, the little two-year-old daughter of Judge Thomas H. Whittaker, died this morning of pneumonia and whooping cough.

A protracted meeting has been going on at the Baptist church here for about two weeks, resulting so far in a dozen or more accessions.

Griffin Skaters.

GRIFFIN, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Beau Monde skating club, thirty strong, from here, attended a skating carnival at the Barnesville rink last night.

Judge John D. Stewart and his son, James A. Stewart, left to-day for the exposition.

Mr. W. M. Holman is confined to his room, threatened with pneumonia.

COLUMBUS NEWS.

Walter Johnson on the Change in His Office—Other Items.

COLUMBUS, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Walter H. Johnson, internal revenue collector for the state was in this city to-day when he received the first news of the nomination of his successor. He said to THE CONSTITUTION'S representative: "I am not surprised, I told them some time ago that whenever the applicants for my office became troublesome they could 'put me out.'" The nomination of Mr. Crenshaw gives entire satisfaction in this city. Mr. Johnson will probably return to Columbus and make this city his home.

A mass meeting of the Muscogee Sunday school association will be held at St. Luke's church at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon for the purpose of arranging the time and place for holding its annual celebration.

Sheriff Richards, of Talbotton, brought a negro named Martin to this city to-day, and enrolled him on the chaingang to serve out a short sentence for carrying concealed weapons.

The Masons of Columbus are taking steps toward building a handsome Masonic temple. The committee to whom the matter was referred held a meeting to-night, but have not yet decided upon a definite plan.

The young people had an enjoyable dance at the residence of Mr. D. E. Williams to-night.

Miss Mamy Kivlin's music class gave a delightful concert to-night at the residence of Mr. T. G. Coleman.

Mr. L. F. Humber sold a hog in this city to-day that weighed 456 pounds. He says that hogs can yet be raised in Stewart county. Mr. Jack Fenn dropped dead at his home in Troy, Ala., last night. He was one of the oldest and most highly respected citizens of Troy, and was well known in Columbus. He was at work on some invention of his at the time. Heart disease is ascribed as the cause. Mrs. Dan Littleton, of Browneville, died this morning after a brief illness. She leaves two children, the youngest being only two days old. Mr. Kennedy, a butcher of Brownsville, died this morning of consumption. He had relatives in Atlanta.

Chattahoochee superior court adjourned to-day at one o'clock, and Judge Willis and members of the Columbus bar returned to the city to-night. Solicitor Grimes succeeded in adding two recruits to the penitentiary forces. Charles Reese was tried for voluntary manslaughter and found guilty of involuntary manslaughter, and sent up for two years. Lewis Thompson was found guilty of stealing his neighbors' hogs, and given two years. There were several convictions for misdemeanors.

Marietta Items.

MARIETTA, March 27.—[Special.]—To day Colonel J. M. Alston left for Augusta to accompany and care for his son Motte who is being taken there to be under the professional care of Dr. H. H. Stiner.

Last Thursday night a dance was given at the residence of Mr. George C. Roberts, who lives about six miles from here. After the dance a supper was served. Quite a number of people from Marietta were present.

PRESS AND PERSONAL.

The Talbotton New Era says that there is not a jollier editor or one who enjoys a laugh more in the press convention than Editor Mumford.

The Columbia Sentinel has the following peculiar announcement:

"Judge T. N. Hicks, when in a hurry, desires his friends, when they meet him on the road, to speak in a low tone of voice, as his mule is disposed to stop for the purpose of letting him hold a conversation just at a time when he desires to be going on."

The Augusta Chronicle says that Larry Gantt was made a knight of St. John in Elberton recently.

Judge Clarke and several members of the Cuthbert bar went down to Fort Gaines on a "crank" to be in time for the opening of the Clay superior court.

In the absence of the heavy editor of the Marion County Sentinel, who accompanied the Georgia press men to New Orleans, the society editor crossed his legs under the editorial mahogany. He is evidently a married man. The following is among the editorial items of the last issue of the Sentinel:

An exchange heads an editorial "The girls should be useful." What is the man thinking about? Make girls useful, indeed! Why, they are the most useful creatures alive. If it was not for the girls boys would have a regular stag-nation time of it. No more washerwomen, no more clean shirts, no more Sunday socks, no more hanging on the garden gate o'nights, no more picnics, livery stables busted all into smash, jewelry stores all closed up, the rickrack business suspended and—make girls useful, indeed. How foolish some people are!

The Cherokee Advance thus explains why many of its readers received last week only a half printed paper:

Through a mistake in printing the outside of last week's Advance, we run short about three quires, and in consequence had to put some of our town subscribers and a few others off with only the inside. Pardon us this time—we will try and avoid it hereafter.

Hon. Henry Persons, ex-congressman from the fourth district, has been admitted to the bar. The Talbotton New Era, in speaking of it, says:

This distinguished gentleman, after a most creditable examination, was admitted to the bar during the recent session of Talbot superior court. He will prove quite an acquisition to the membership of our legal fraternity and will soon rank among the foremost lawyers of the state. Nothing that we can say could add to his reputation or in commendation of his abilities. A magnetic speaker with fine analytic powers. Success can but crown his efforts.

The Piedmont Press thus receives Hon. A. D. Candler on his return home from congress:

This distinguished gentleman has closed his labors in Washington and returned home. This closes his first term in the national councils, and he has proven to be a faithful and watchful representative of the organized democracy. He had a turbulent voyage two years ago in his fight for democratic faith, but his heroic efforts were crowned with success, and his was the mission to bare back the democratic banner, after it was wrested by him from the usurper's grasp.

The Homer correspondent of the Piedmont Press thus speaks of the new solicitor general of the Western circuit:

E. T. Brown is doing well as a prosecuting officer and captivating our people as well as the juries. His success this week is remarkable, and the many good opinions expressed by the people show conclusively he has made a good impression. Gainesville should be proud of him.

Mr. Milton A. Smith, Carlton Merck and Foster Stockton have left Gainesville for Anniston, Ala., where Mr. Smith will soon unfurl to the breeze the Daily Watchman.

An Old War Horse.

From the Americus Recorder.

In Schley county there is an old mare, belonging to a Mr. Hobbs, that has never forgotten the training which she received during the late disagreeableness. When a filly her master loaned her to his son, who rode her during four years of the war. She passed unscathed through many hard fought battles and at the end of the war her gallant rider returned her to his father, who has kept her ever since. Although she is old in years, the spirit of her youth remains, and at the report of a gun or pistol, she will jump into position at once, so strong is the habit of early training engrafted upon her "horse knowledge."

Did Not Know His Letters.

From Puck.

"There are nearly seven million children in the United States who do not know their letters," says an exchange. There is nothing strange in that. We know a very prominent statesman who didn't remember his letters last summer until he read them in the newspapers.

A Costly Piece of Head-Gear.

The crown of England has twenty diamonds around its chief circle, about $150,000, and ever so many other diamonds and precious stones, the whole costing about $500,000 of our money. Some people think Queen Victoria wears it every day, but she does not. "Uneasy sleeps the head that wears a crown." Brown's Iron Bitters cost but a dollar and brings sleep to the nervous, strength to the debilitated, and comfort to the rheumatic. Mrs. Wm. S. Lane, Frederica, Del., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is the best remedy for lame back and liver complaint I ever used."

OF STATE INTEREST.

POINTS AND PARAGRAPHS FROM THE GEORGIA PRESS.

Items of all Kinds Gathered from Our State Contemporaries—The Field and the Farm—Interesting Incidents from all Parts of Georgia—Fact and Comment, Etc. Etc.

If there is one thing more than another that our State university needs, it is a well conducted department for the physical culture of the students. The young gentlemen of the college have for several years made efforts toward the establishment of such a feature, but nothing practical has yet been accomplished. Another movement has been undertaken, the members of the university having signed a petition which, if granted, will work wonders in the physical training of the young men who attend the university. The board of trustees should give it a favorable hearing. The following is the petition:

To the Honorable Board of Trustees of the University of Georgia, care Prudential Committee—Gentlemen: As self-preservation is the first law of nature, the education and careful development of the physical system of the college boy (the embryonic man) is of the most vital importance to his future health, strength and happiness. We therefore most earnestly beg you establish a department of "physical culture" in the university of Georgia, and erect within the campus grounds a suitable building for that purpose.

We ask this for recreation through a course of mild gymnastic exercise and the healthy bodily exercise incident to the evolutions in military instruction.

The citizens of Buzzard Roost, a thriving burg a few miles below Macon, on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, have taken a sudden dislike to that suggestive name and have changed it to the more euphonious title of West Lake. The old name gave it a distinction which the new one might lose.

Some time ago Judge Lumpkin, of the Northern circuit, caused to be discontinued the old custom of witnesses and jurors kissing the Bible when being sworn in court. The Columbia Sentinel thus speaks of it:

Really, to perpetuate or discontinue the practice is of very little importance, and we have no idea that the act itself has anything to do with the man who is disposed to do his duty as a juror or in telling the truth as a witness.

The Dalton Citizen does not take much stock in the so-called "relics" from the battle field of Chickamauga. It says of them:

Relics from the battle field of Chickamauga are on sale at the news stands in Chattanooga. They consist chiefly of rusty canister shot and minie balls imbedded in pieces of wood, chopped from pine trees which stood in the leaden hail during the bloody struggle of twenty-two years ago. They all looked genuine enough, but we thought how easy it would be to take a musket out into the back yard and shoot a few dingy old balls into chunks of wood, properly label them and place them on sale as relics of the great historic battle.

The Americus Recorder generally expresses itself very clearly and sensibly on matters of state interest. It thus expresses itself on "Georgia Day" at the exposition:

To-day is "Georgia Day" in New Orleans. We wish Georgia had something else there besides the day. We should think the officials of this state would be ashamed to show themselves in New Orleans during the exposition.

The Western and Atlantic railroad proposes putting on a new passenger train to run daily between Dalton and Chattanooga, soon. It will leave Dalton in the morning about eleven o'clock, returning at seven in the evening. The Dalton Citizen says:

"This will give the boys a chance to paint Chattanooga red in the afternoon, and returning, finish up the job in Dalton before bedtime."

An Elberton correspondent of the Banner-Watchman says:

"The bar keepers of Elberton propose to make their short term count. C. O. D., is their motto. A man worth $60,000 was refused a gallon of whisky on thirty day's time, said whisky to be used at a log rolling."

The Elberton Gazette comments on the above as follows:

The bar keepers say that a large number of those who voted for prohibition owe them accounts for whisky which they will not pay, and consequently they have shut down on the credit business, so far as the dry men are concerned. All of them are required to pay cash.

The Cuthbert Appeal wants a general registration law, thinking that the passage of such an act by the legislature would save much trouble, time and expense to the state. It says, editorially, on the subject:

Governor McDaniel has been busy in deciding election contests from time to time, ever since the county elections in January, were over. The great number of these cases, the expense attending their decision, the length of time required for their investigation, and the bitter feelings engendered by them, all demand the passage of such a registration law as will compel all voters to vote only in their own precincts, and then only after they have complied with the law in the payment of taxes, and other particulars. By a simple law like this these vexatious delays can be obviated, and acrimonious feelings between neighbors entirely avoided.

In his charge to the grand jury of Talbot county Judge Willis took occasion to congratulate the jury and county on the triumph of prohibition in Talbotton, and that there is only one place in the county where liquor is sold, and that it would be but a short while when it would be banished from the land. He called the attention of the jury to the "free delivery" wagon run between Talbotton and Geneva, and stated that this was a trick that could be caught, and that it ought to be done.

At a meeting of the Spring Hill agricultural club, of Montgomery county, held at Spring Hill, March the 14th, 1885, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The laws of the state of Georgia at present provide for the analysis and inspection of commercial fertilizers, and

Whereas, The Hon. Senator Ray, in the present legislature, has before that body, to be acted upon at its July session, a bill which, if passed, will do away with said inspection law, and work a great injury to the farmers of Georgia. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That we earnestly request our representative and senator to vote against said bill, and do all in their power to prevent the passage of the same.

The Dawson Journal, in praising the thrift and energy of the farmers of that section, says that

Terrell county has also the jolliest and cleverest set of farmers in the world. It is good for the blues to set around the different warehouses and hear them laugh and tell their jokes. It dispels every vestige of low-spiritedness.

Blooded stock is growing very much in favor throughout Georgia, and many farms in all sections of the state are now well stocked with Jerseys and Holsteins and other fine breeds. The Cuthbert Appeal says:

"Arthur Hood, Jr., has bought three beautiful specimens of the 'mild-eyed Jerseys.' They were purchased at Columbia, S. C., are registered in the American Stock Register, and are of the purest strains. We hope his investment will prove satisfactory, and that others may be induced to try the experiment."

The Dawson Journal gives the following account of an encounter between a Mr. Stewart, of Terrell county, and an insolent negro:

We learn that last Saturday while Mr. Monk Stewart and two of his farm negroes were returning home from the city one of the negroes became impudent and jumped out of the wagon and bantered Mr. Stewart for a fight. Mr. Stewart accepted the invitation and stepped out of the wagon and proceeded to carve the darkey with his pocketknife. No serious wound was inflicted. Mr. Stewart endeavored to avoid a difficulty until the negro asked him out of the wagon.

It is a frequent occurrence that relics of the war are ploughed up from the battlefields of north Georgia. The Ellijay Courier has the following:

One day last week Clarence Cobb found a watch that had doubtless been lost by a soldier during the late war. It was opened and found to be in perfect order, except that the hair spring had been destroyed by rust. Who knows but that it was the companion of some gallant soldier engaged in the service of his country, who breathed his last just at the time it ceased to tick?

Lula Hursts are springing up in all parts of Georgia. Every well regulated town now has its electric wonder, and increases are being chronicled with alarming rapidity. The Cherokee Advance excites the people of Canton by this announcement:

We learn that one of our most amiable and accomplished young ladies possesses powers similar to that of Misses Mamie Simpson, Lula Hurst, and other electrical wonders. We knew Canton would not be behind; she is a fast town and hard to beat. Now, whom do you suppose the young lady is?

The Gainesville papers announce that Alex Carter, formerly of the Arlington hotel, is in Kansas City and says he will satisfy all of his creditors in a short time.

LaGrange Reporter: Rev. A. R. Callaway has shown us a fossilized oyster found on his Randolph county plantation. It is conceded that the ocean once covered all that section, and this is pretty good evidence.

Greensboro has a brass band, and during the past week it has been practicing for its memorial day music. It seems, however, that the noise was too much for one of Greensbro's citizens, and he complained to the council. The Greensboro Home Journal has the following concerning it:

In our notice last week to the effect that some one had complained of the brass band as a nuisance we unintentionally did injustice to a gentleman. The gentleman did not make complaint to the council with the view to cripple the band. He is in feeble health, and the blowing during the day tended to disturb him. He spoke to the mayor to tell the members of the band to practice less, which when the members learned this, they readily consented. The gentleman is in full sympathy with the band and willing to lend them every encouragement. He would be the last to complain of them. When he understood that the band was practicing for memorial day he cheerfully withdrew all objections. We state this in justice to the gentleman, and to show that the position he assumed was not due to any antagonism to the band.

AS IT USED TO BE.

Queer Advertisements that Reveal Glimpses of Life 100 Years Ago.

From the Savannah, Ga., News.

The Georgia Gazette, published in Savannah in the latter part of the last century and printed by James and Nicholas Johnson, on Broughton street, contains advertisements and reading matter that reveal glimpses of life as it existed along in the 1790's.

The announcement of the opening of the public school reads:

An academy will be opened in the filature of this city. All the learning of common English schools at two dollars a month. All the usual branches of a college education, if required, at three dollars a month. Two dollars entrance besides. Hours of business: From sunrise till 1 p. m. (except a short interval about 8 o'clock), and from 3 in the afternoon to sunset. The whole under the superintendence and direction of Thomas H. McCaule.

The style of obituaries was considerably different from that in the newspapers of today. The following notice of the death of a prominent gentleman appeared in the Gazette in 1795:

Died lately at the Bahamas, Mr. William Clark late of this state, an honest man, aged 71 years. He was one of the ten persons that were lately living of the followers of old Captain John McIntosh, among the earliest emigrants into this colony, several of whom lived here to be above 100 years old. They came from Inverness, in the Highlands of Scotland, in the year 1735, in the ship Prince of Wales, George Dunbar, master, now 61 years ago, and settled at a place they called Darien, upon the north side of Altamaha river, then our southern frontier, with the Spaniards and amongst the Indians, before Frederica, Augusta or any other settlement, except Savannah, was made in the colony. Many of the new emigrants, being all together, never learned the English language, and the whole lived in the greatest simplicity and harmony, having neither lawyers nor courts, but their differences all amicably settled by the decisions of the good old captain, until he died prematurely, in the 65th year of his age, by the quackery and ignorance of the first doctor who ever tried to make his fortune among these honest patriarchs.

The following lottery advertisement appeared in the Gazette of August 24, 1795:

LOTTERY NO. 2.

TO THE PUBLIC.

As the editor of the Imperial Observer and Washington Advertiser intends to devote one column of his paper to the publishing of the blanks and prizes in Lottery No. 2, gentlemen holding tickets and anxious to know their fate will, by subscribing to the Impartial Observer, etc., receive regular and authentic copies of the drawings from day to day. It is said that the drawing will commence some time in September, 1795.

The printers in the United States are requested to publish the above advertisement and receive such subscriptions as may offer.

The advertisement of Thomas Smith in opening his fall stock of goods in 1795 gives some idea of the variety of the stock and the class of goods sold at that time:

Thomas Smith has received by the Federalist, via Charleston, a general assortment of merchandize, among which are superfine cloths and fancy cassimeres; white satin, Marseilles, tamboured and muslinet vest patterns; plain, striped, marbled buff and drab nankeens; Irish linens, 3-4ths, 7-8ths and 4-4ths; Irish sheetings, 4-4ths and 5-4ths, Irish diapers and brown linen; sprigged, needleworked, tamboured and running vine muslins; checkered and striped ditto; book and jaconet plain muslins; mulmol ditto; elegant bordered aprons; jaconet and book handkerchiefs and men's embroidered cravats; bummums and cossaes, calicoes and fine printed linens, Barcelona handkerchiefs, India Persians English ditto; Italian crepe, black and white; pavillion gauze, ribbons of every kind; threads, tapes and bobbins; sewing and marking silk; pound and packet pins; Whitechapel's needles, ladies' beaver hats, assorted Donstable and Leghorn ditto, dimities, plain and striped; jeans, jeanettes, thickset and drabbets; check handkerchiefs and romals; bedticking and bed bunts; diaper tablecloths and napkins; a complete assortment of gentlemen and ladies shoes and hosiery, gentlemen's shoes, boots and half boots, children's shoes, ozonbrigs, dowlas, Northward linen, Russia sheeting and raven's duck; a general assortment of hardware, cutlery, iron mongery, perfumery, etc.;

Also,

Brown stout, Jamaica rum, West India ditto, Northward ditto, sugar in hogsheads and barrels, salt, bar iron, shot, powder, glass and crockery.

The chief part of the above articles were selected by a person who is a competent judge, and the cash paid for them on delivery.

Nearly all the advertisements concluded with the line: "For further particulars apply to the printers."

Macon and Dublin Railroad.

From the Irwinton Appeal.

The meeting in the interest of the above named road, which was held in Jeffersonville on the 12th of this month, was, we are informed, attended by many of the best and most substantial citizens of Twiggs, Laurens and Wilkinson counties. Mr. J. F. Burke, of this county, and Mr. Iverson L. Hunter, of Twiggs, were elected chairman and secretary respectively.

Able addresses, containing much practical knowledge about railroads and the building thereof, were made by Hons. M. Hughes and Hubbard Reynolds, of Twiggs, and by Colonel John M. Stubbs, of Laurens, and Civil Engineer Peu, of Talbotton. The articles of association were then signed and much stock in the enterprise subscribed for. The result was so satisfactory in all respects, a corps of engineers were immediately employed and will proceed to locate the road, commencing at the Dublin end on the 1st of April.

A competent committee was appointed to push forward subscriptions to the capital stock of the road and report to a meeting to be held at Allentown on the 1st day of April.

All citizens who are interested in the matter are invited to meet at Allentown on the day named.

Physicians and chemists certify that Red Star Cough Cure is free from opiates and narcotics. Sleep, baby, sleep; no danger.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS — THE BEST TONIC.

Trade Mark. QUALITY NOT QUANTITY. PURITY. On Every Bottle.

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—other Iron medicines do.

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned for erecting the

COTTON EXCHANGE.

—AND—

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BUILDING.

In Mobile, Ala., until noon, March 25, 1885.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Chamber of Commerce, Mobile, Ala., and also at the office of Bruce & Morgan, Architects, Atlanta, Ga.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

D. E. HUGER, Chairman.

SMITH'S Extract of May Flower FOR WOMEN.

POND'S EXTRACT

THE WONDER OF HEALING!

Catarrh. The Extract is the only specific for this disease, Cold in Head, &c. Our "Catarrh Cure," specially prepared to meet serious cases, contains all the curative properties of the Extract; our Nasal Syringe invaluable for use in catarrhal affections, is simple and inexpensive.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia. No other preparation has cured so many cases of these distressing complaints as the Extract.

Hemorrhages. Bleeding from the Lungs, Stomach, Nose, or from any cause, is speedily controlled and stopped.

Diphtheria & Sore Throat. Use the Extract promptly. It is a sure cure. Delay is dangerous.

For Piles, Blind, Bleeding or Itching, it is the greatest known remedy.

For Ulcers, Old Sores or Open Wounds, its action upon these is most remarkable.

Caution.—POND'S EXTRACT has been imitated. The genuine has the words "POND'S EXTRACT" blown in the glass, and our picture trade-mark on surrounding buff wrapper. None other is genuine. Always insist on having POND'S EXTRACT. Take no other preparation. It is never sold in bulk or by measure.

SPECIALTIES AND TOILET ARTICLES.

POND'S EXTRACT...50c, $1.00, $1.75.

Toilet Cream	1.00	Catarrh Cure	75
Dentifrice	50	Plaster	25
Lip Salve	25	Inhaler (Glass 50c.)	1.00
Toilet Soap (3 Cakes)	50	Nasal Syringe	25
Ointment	50	Medicated Paper	25

Family Syringe, $1.00.

LADIES, read pages 13, 18, 21 and 26 of our New Pamphlet which accompanies each bottle.

OUR NEW PAMPHLET WITH HISTORY OF OUR PREPARATIONS SENT FREE ON APPLICATION TO POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 Fifth Ave., New York.

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.

THE SPOT CASH DEALERS.

Think of ladies' good shoe at 75c. $1.00, $1.25. We challenge the state to show a shoe for $1.00 that will beat ours at 75c. We have a plenty of those handmade shoes for ladies, also misses' and children's school shoes. They are but little over half the prices of Zeigler's or simular goods. Try our handmade shoes, and when a pair rips we replace them without charge. This is what we call a square-toed business.

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.

SPOT CASH.

Oh, you little ones! You can't be much sweeter, but it will make you smile more lovely than ever, if possible, when you see our grand selection of children's lace and mull caps and bonnets.

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.

THE SPOT CASH DEALERS.

Fans! Fans!! Keep Cool!! And not so expensive as ice either, but they are awful handsome.

National Wire —AND— IRON CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron Fence, Roof Cresting

—AND—

BUILDERS' SPECIALTIES, Detroit, Mich.

Did you Suppose Mustang Liniment only good for horses? It is for inflammation of all flesh.

Atlanta Water Works OFFERED FOR SALE.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., March 10th, 1885.

PURSUANT TO RESOLUTION OF THE GENeral Council of the city of Atlanta, proposals are hereby invited for the purchase in whole, or a three-fourths interest in its Water Works outfit, machinery, good will, material and property of all kinds, real and personal, pertaining to said works, upon terms and conditions contained and set out in written stipulations filed by the undersigned in the office of the Clerk of said city, a schedule of the property being appended thereto. The Clerk will furnish copies on application to all persons desirous of becoming bidders.

All bids to be filed in said Clerk's office, sealed, and there to remain until opened and published in presence of the Mayor and General Council at the regular meeting of that body to be held on the 20th of April, 1885.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

J. C. KIRKPATRICK,
WHEELER MANGUM,
E. S. MAY,
Committee on Water Works.

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RESEARCH. EXPERIMENT. STUDY.

FOR FIFTY YEARS, by Dr. A. L. Barry, an old practitioner, especially in Female Troubles, was at last rewarded in the discovery of that certain and safe specific for woman troubles, Luxomni. Luxomni is a preparation that daily grows in popular favor. Testimonials from responsible persons all over the country furnish ample evidence of the wonderful power of Luxomni as a remedial agent for the relief and permanent cure of all those distressing conditions incident to females. Luxomni is specially adapted to troubles of pregnancy, greatly ameliorates the pangs of child birth, shortens labor, prevents after pains, and facilitates recovery. Owing to the strengthening and toning influence Luxomni relieves all MENSTRUAL IRREGULARITIES, and is a superior uterine sedative and tonic.

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Write for Interesting Book. Mailed Free. d&w

WALL PAPER.

LEWIS VOIGHT & SON,

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

PAPER HANGINGS —AND— WINDOW SHADES.

STOREROOM OFFICE, 203 & 205 Central Ave. Cor. of Longworth St. | WAREHOUSE, 238 & 243 West 7th St. Few Doors W. of Cent. Ave.

CINCINNATI, O.

Sample Books and Price Lists of Shades and Paper sent upon request.

Being members of American Manufacturers Association of U. S., our prices on all goods are same as Eastern market. By purchasing of us you save time and freight.

jan20—d3m

THREE YEARS IS A LONG TIME!

But Mr. N. L. Bryan of Henderson, Ala., under date of March the 8th, says: "My wife is taking her third bottle of Bradfield's Female Regulator and is about cured of a terrible womb trouble which had made her a complete invalid

For THREE LONG YEARS and during TO BE the time had been treated by several eminent physicians, but while they could give her relief temporarily, could not cure her, and she was incapable of doing any kind of work; but now she feels able, if it were necessary, to do her own cooking, washing, milking or anything else, and we do heartily thank the proprietors of this great remedy which has proven such a God-send to her. I also bought a bottle and gave it to An Invalid cousin of mine, who was affected somewhat similarly and who was sick almost continuously for over two years, and the ONE BOTTLE HAS MADE A PERMANENT CURE, and she is to-day in the best of health. We think the Bradfield's Regulator is the greatest remedy for womb troubles and female diseases generally that was ever discovered."

Send for our treatise on the diseases of women, mailed free.

Address the BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHERS! LOOK INTO THE MERITS OF THE SOLAR TIP SHOES!

FOR YOUR BOYS. They will be A GREAT SAVING in MONEY, and your boys will be pleased. None genuine without trade-mark and "John Mundell & Co." on each pair. Beware of imitations with names sounding similar to Solar Tip. THERE IS NO DISAPPOINTMENT with THESE SHOES, for they are as good as we represent them, and your dealer will say so.

THE ASIATIC TALISMAN!

A GRAND PREVENTATIVE OF CHOLERA. The COMING PLAGUE. BUY AT ONCE! WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD TO ANY ONE. A perfect safeguard! None should be without one. Price 25 cts. each. Five for $1. Liberal Discount to Trade. Send stamped addressed envelope, with 25 cts. for sample.

Agents and General Agents wanted in every city and town in U. S. Address ASIATIC TALISMAN Co., No. 403 Lucas Avenue, St. Louis, Mo. mar17d&wk1m

SALE —OF— Gainesville City Property.

I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC OUTCRY, IN Gainesville, Ga., on Tuesday the 7th of April,

89 City Lots in the City of Gainesville.

This property consists of the estate of the late Mrs. M. B. Banks, and must be sold to wind up the administration.

A number of the lots are in the heart of the town, on the street leading to New Holland springs. All are eligibly situated for homes, or summer residences. The Mansion house is a large two story building, in a fine grove of oaks, and would make an attractive summer hotel. The lots vary from one-half acre to 20 acres in area. Gainesville is an enterprising, growing city, and the price of property is constantly advancing. This sale offers splendid opportunities for investments.

Terms—One third cash, balance in 7 and 12 months. The sale will not begin until after the arrival of the morning train from Atlanta on the day of sale. Sale takes place on the premises by order of court. For map, write to

G. H. PRIOR, Administrator, Gainesville, Ga.

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20,690 BOTTLES WARNER'S "SA[FE CURE"]

Or, Warner's SAFE Kidney and [Liver Cure]

SOLD TO FEBRUA[RY]

The highest Medical Authorities p[...] Specific for Kidney, Liver and Urina[ry ...] equal as a BLOOD PURIFIER, a[...] guard against contagious diseases[...] keeping the Kidneys and Liver—th[...] in healthy condition, disease then b[...]

We can furnish over One Hun[dred] Testimonials similar to the followi[ng.] Read them for the good of yours[elf and] friends.

Note the following, showing how [...] was distributed, as evidenced by ou[...]

Boston, - - 936,842.

B. F. LARRABEE, Esq., 49 Chester Square, Boston, Mass., in 1879, was given up by several prominent Boston Physicians as incurable from Bright's Disease. He took over 200 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, in 1880-2, and Oct. 6, 1884, wrote that the "cure was as permanent as surprising."

Providence, - - 128,947.

G. W. FULTON, Esq., Fulton, Texas, suffered for ten years from serious bladder disorders and lost from 25 to 30 pounds; in 1881 he used 14 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, and recovered his natural weight and said, "I consider myself well for a man of 75." December 20th, 1884, he wrote, "I have had no symptoms of kidney disorder since 1881, and if I did I should rely upon SAFE Cure."

Portland, Me., - 330,829.

EX-GOV. R. T. JACOB, Westport, Ky. In 1882, during a political canvass, health gave way and was prostrated with severe kidney trouble. Lost 40 pounds of flesh. Used Warner's SAFE Cure in 1882, and June 23, 1884, writes: "I have never enjoyed better health,—all owing to Warner's SAFE Cure."

Bal. of N. Eng., - 331,315.

HON. N. A. PLYMPTON (Hon. B. F. Butler's campaign manager), of Worcester, Mass., in May, 1880, was prostrated by kidney colic, caused by the passage of gravel from the kidneys to the bladder. He then began using Warner's SAFE Cure and in a short time passed a large stone and a number of smaller ones. Dec. 10th, 1884, Mr. Plympton wrote, "I have had no recurrence of my old trouble since Warner's SAFE Cure cured me."

New York State, - 3,053,080.

MRS. J. B. DESMOULIN, 2411 Morgan street, St. Louis, Mo., in 1882, wrote, "I have been in delicate health for many years; but Warner's SAFE Cure made me the picture of health." June 23rd, 1884, she wrote, "My health has been good for the last two years."

Pennsylvania, - 1,365,914.

No other Compound on earth can show a similar record, and no Physician a better one.

IF IT [...] HARD TIMES [...] Resort to the Remedy [...] (9-10) of Sufferers R[...] Saving Continuous[...] Expensive Medica[l ...] SATISFACTION C[...]

Cleveland, - - 511,974.

JOSEPH JACQUES, Esq., St. Albans, Vt., in January 1877 was taken desperately sick with Bright's Disease of the kidneys. He spat blood, was tremendously bloated and seemed to be beyond the power of the best physicians. He then took 60 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, which restored him to health. January 1st, 1885, eight years afterwards, he wrote: "I never enjoyed better health in my life than I do now, and I owe it all to Warner's SAFE Cure. I consider myself cured of Bright's Disease."

Cincinnati, - - 655,250.

B. J. WORRELL, of Ellaville, Fla, in 1879, was prostrated with Bright's Disease of the kidneys, and under the best treatment, grew worse. "On the advice of Governor Drew's sister, I began Warner's SAFE Cure, sixty bottles of which restored me to full measure of health. I have now been cured about four years, and my case is regarded as miraculous." Governor Drew of Jacksonville, Florida, April 20th, 1884, says "Mr. Worrell's case and cure give me great confidence in Warner's SAFE Cure, and I unhesitatingly indorse it."

Bal. Ohio, (State,) - 474,869.

MRS. S. A. CLARK, East Granby, Conn., in 1881 was utterly used up with constitutional and female complaints of the worst kind. Been sick ten years, and tried everything. In November, 1884, she wrote, "Warner's SAFE Cure cured me four years ago, and has kept me well."

Southern States, - 2,725,513.

ROBERT GRAHAM, 77 Penn street, Brooklyn, N. Y., suffered for six years from inflammation of the bladder and stricture. Six physicians, specialists, gave him up to die. In 1883, he began Warner's SAFE Cure and its continued use, he says, effected a complete cure. Under date June 25, 1884, he says, "My health continues good; have used no medicine since April 30, 1883."

Canada, - - 1,175,868.

For the many distressing ailments of delicate Ladies, it has no equal.

All the Testimonials above give[n ...] PERMANENTLY CURED sever[...]

[Right-hand column, cut off at the page edge: Chi[cago] ... Det[roit] ... Mil[waukee] ... Min[nesota] ... St. ... Ka[nsas] ... Ba[l] ... S[...]]

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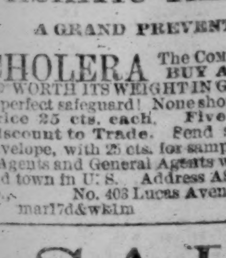
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SOLD TO FEBRUARY 1st, 1885!

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We can furnish over One Hundred Thousand voluntary Testimonials similar to the following.

Read them for the good of yourself, your family and your friends.

Note the following, showing how this vast number of bottles was distributed, as evidenced by our sales-books.

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B. F. LARRABEE, Esq., 49 Chester Square, Boston, Mass., in 1879, **was given up** by several prominent **Boston Physicians as incurable** from Bright's Disease. He took over 200 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, in 1880-2, and Oct. 6, 1884, wrote that the "**cure was as permanent as surprising.**"

Providence, - - 128,947.

G. W. FULTON, Esq., Fulton, Texas, **suffered for ten years from serious bladder** disorders and lost from 25 to 30 pounds; in 1881 he used 14 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, and recovered his natural weight and said, "**I consider myself well** for a man of 75." December 20th, 1884, he wrote, "I have had no symptoms of kidney disorder since 1881, and if I did I should rely upon SAFE Cure."

Portland, Me., - 330,829.

EX-GOV. R. T. JACOB, Westport, Ky. In 1882, during a political canvass, health gave way and was prostrated with severe kidney trouble. **Lost 40 pounds of flesh.** Used Warner's SAFE Cure in 1882, and June 23, 1884, writes: "**I have never enjoyed better health,**—all owing to Warner's SAFE Cure."

Bal. of N. Eng., - 331,315.

HON. N. A. PLYMPTON (Hon. B. F. Butler's campaign manager), of Worcester, Mass., in May, 1880, was **prostrated** by kidney colic, caused by the passage of gravel from the kidneys to the bladder. He then began using Warner's SAFE Cure and in a short time passed a large stone and a number of smaller ones. Dec. 10th, 1884, Mr. Plympton wrote, "I have had **no recurrence of my old trouble** since Warner's SAFE Cure **cured me.**"

New York State, - 3,053,080.

MRS. J. B. DESMOULIN, 2411 Morgan street, St. Louis, Mo., in 1882, wrote, "**I have been in delicate health for many years**; but Warner's SAFE Cure made me **the picture of health.**" June 23rd, 1884, she wrote, "**My health has been good for the last two years.**"

Pennsylvania, - 1,365,914.

Chicago, - - 2,181,520.

CHAS. E. STEPHENS, of Louisville, Ky., Nov. 15, 1882, wrote, "When my daughter was ten years of age she was seriously attacked by extreme kidney disorder. She recovered temporarily, but a year ago was again prostrated. She was swollen to **twice her natural size, had frequent headaches,** nausea, and other disguised symptoms of the disorder. All her **Louisville physicians agreed that she could not recover.** Her case and treatment were telegraphed to a **New York specialist, who said recovery was impossible.** Last August we began to treat her ourselves, and now, wholly through the influence of Warner's SAFE Cure, she is apparently as well as ever." November, 1884, he says, "My daughter is apparently **in perfect health.**"

Detroit, - - 635,210.

THE REV. ANDREW J. GRAHAM, (P. E.), Grand Island, Neb., in 1881 was **pronounced fatally sick** with Bright's Disease. His condition he says was desperate and he could get **no relief from physicians.** He then followed Warner's SAFE Cure treatment, and July 7, 1884, he wrote, "All **local trouble has disappeared.** Have taken no medicine for nearly a year."

Milwaukee, - - 344,171.

S. F. HESS, Rochester, N. Y., the well known tobacco manufacturer, three years ago took twenty-five bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure for **liver disorder,** and August 20th, 1884, he reported, "I consider myself **fully cured,** and the credit is wholly due to Warner's SAFE Cure."

Minnesota, - - 486,013.

G. W. HAMILTON, Milton, Santa Rosa Co., Florida, December 15th, 1884, wrote that "four years ago **my wife** was suffering with liver complaint which reduced her **to a skeleton.** The doctors finally pronounced her case Bright's Disease of the kidneys, and **incurable.** She then took 13 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, and has been in perfect health ever since. She now weighs **180 pounds** where formerly she was a skeleton. Warner's SAFE Cure will make a **permanent cure always** if taken by directions."

Bal. N. W States, - 1,400,362.

No other Compound on earth can show a similar record, and no Physician a better one.

IF IT IS

HARD TIMES WITH YOU

Resort to the Remedy that Nine-tenths (9-10) of Sufferers Require, thereby Saving Continuous Debility and Expensive Medical Attendance.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Cleveland, - - 511,974.

JOSEPH JACQUES, Esq., St. Albans, Vt., in January 1877 was taken desperately sick with Bright's Disease of the kidneys. He spat blood, was tremendously bloated and seemed to be **beyond the power of the best physicians.** He then took 60 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, which restored him to health. January 1st, 1885, **eight years afterwards,** he wrote: "**I never enjoyed better health** in my life than I do now, and I owe it all to Warner's SAFE Cure. I consider myself **cured** of Bright's Disease."

Cincinnati, - - 655,250.

B. J. WORRELL, of Ellaville, Fla, in 1879, was prostrated with Bright's Disease of the kidneys, and under the best treatment, grew worse. "On the advice of **Governor Drew's sister,** I began Warner's SAFE Cure, sixty bottles of which restored me to full measure of health. I have now been **cured about four years,** and my case is regarded as **miraculous.**" **Governor Drew** of Jacksonville, Florida, April 20th, 1884, says "Mr. Worrell's case and cure give me great confidence in Warner's SAFE Cure, and I unhesitatingly **indorse it.**"

Bal. Ohio, (State,) - 474,869.

MRS. S. A. CLARK, East Granby, Conn., in 1881 was **utterly used up** with constitutional and female complaints of the worst kind. **Been sick ten years,** and tried everything. In November, 1884, she wrote, "Warner's SAFE Cure **cured** me **four years ago, and has kept me well.**"

Southern States, - 2,726,513.

ROBERT GRAHAM, 77 Penn street, Brooklyn, N. Y., suffered for six years from **inflammation of the bladder** and stricture. **Six physicians, specialists, gave him up to die.** In 1883, he began Warner's SAFE Cure and its continued use, he says, effected **a complete cure.** Under date June 25, 1884, he says, "My health continues good; have **used no medicine** since April 30, 1883."

Canada, - - 1,175,868.

St. Louis, - - 1,222,895.

REV. JAMES ERWIN, Methodist minister, West Eaton, N. Y., was long and seriously ill with **inflammation of the prostate gland,** (a very obstinate disorder). In 1882, he began the use of Warner's SAFE Cure, and June 25th, 1884, wrote, "The relief obtained two years ago **proved permanent; physicians express** great surprise."

Kansas City, - - 538,395.

S. A. JOHNSTON, Lockington, Ohio, Sept. 20, 1881, stated that for thirty years he had suffered **tortures with dyspepsia,** but he was entirely cured by the use of Warner's SAFE Cure. Dec. 8th, 1884, he says: "I took 20 or 25 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, and **it has never failed** to stop any symptoms of my old complaint if they appeared; **my health is good.**"

Bal. S.W. States, - 635,092.

N. B. SMILEY, Esq., of Bradford, Pa., in 1882, was very seriously sick of **extreme kidney disorder** and **rheumatism,** which gradually grew worse. **Physicians being unable to assist him,** his last resort was Warner's SAFE Cure, and June 25th, 1884, he wrote, "My health is better than for two years past, and in some respects is better than it has been for **five years.** When I catch cold and have any slight kidney trouble, I resume the medicine again and the relief I believe is **permanent.**"

San Francisco, - 932,210.

JAMES M. DAVIS, 330 South Pearl street, Albany, N. Y., superintendent of Jagger Iron Co., in 1881 **suffered from very serious kidney trouble;** he weighed but 160 pounds; he used 18 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, and December 8th, 1884, he wrote, "**That was fully three years ago. I have had no trouble since,** and I feel first class and weigh 198 pounds. I would not go back to that time of four years ago for all the dollars in the United States."

Bal. Pacific Coast, - 624,237.

For the many distressing ailments of delicate Ladies, it has no equal.

All the Testimonials above given are from persons who were PERMANENTLY CURED several years ago and remain so.

REV. SAM JONES AGAIN.

He Runs the Gauntlet of the Nashville Ministers and is Indorsed.

From the Nashville Banner.

The committee appointed to arrange for a suitable place for holding a union service to be conducted by Rev. Sam Jones during April, met in conference with the city ministers this morning at 9 o'clock at the publishing house. Dr. Leftwich was called to the chair, and Dr. McNeilly led in prayer. Dr. McNeilly afterward took the chair.

Dr. Elliott said he did not think all the preachers should step out of their shoes and step into those of Mr. Jones.

Dr. Leftwich moved that a sub-committee be appointed to correspond with tent-furnishing houses and ascertain at what price a sufficiently large tent can be had. This motion was not acted upon.

Dr. McFerrin said he thought they should have a tent and by all means let Rev. Mr. Jones come. He would do some good, provided he could have the co-operation of all the ministers. He had heard Mr. Jones twice, and he thought he said some things which would be better unsaid and some things which could be said differently. He, on the other hand, said some wonderful things which went direct to the heart. He would not like to turn all the churches over to this character of preachers for all time, but Mr. Jones was a capital fellow for occasions. He was in favor of his coming and would do all he could to help the meeting.

Dr. Elliott said he was opposed to Mr. Jones coming here. He liked a circus, but he preferred to go to the Sulphur spring bottom to see one; when he wanted to attend church he would go to the McKendree, provided Mr. Jones' kind was kept out.

Dr. Leftwich said it was not the time to discuss whether Mr. Jones should come or not. He had already been invited. This question was settled and he would therefore move that a tent be purchased and a committee be appointed to negotiate for its purchase.

Dr. Barbee said he could not see the necessity of a tent. The crowds he saw at Mr. Jones' meetings were nearly all church-goers who attended the various churches regularly. He did not agree with Mr. Jones, for he believed that a large majority of the church members in Nashville were Christians. In his church there were one thousand members and a majority of them were Christians and doing every effort in their power to live Christian lives.

Dr. Elliott said he thought Mr. Jones had lost his religion.

Dr. Freeman, Dr. McFerrin and Mr. Winn spoke in favor of the union service and wanted it held.

Dr. W. H. Strickland said he thought the discussions regarding Mr. Jones were wise, and it was well for him to know of these things and the objections made to his teachings. He had heard Mr. Jones, and in one of his sermons he advised the mothers of daughters to marry them to mulattoes rather than to card players and drunkards. The speaker desired to know if the ministers were ready to indorse this. He again said his vulgarisms were efforts on his part to reach the level of Christian gentlemen and ladies. He mentioned several other of the "vulgarisms," which he as a minister and knowing his people as well as he did could not indorse.

Dr. McNeilly said he was almost tempted to indorse Mr. Jones out and out. He heard him twice and it did him good. There were some particular things said by Mr. Jones which he did not indorse, but as an evangelist he thought Mr. Jones a success, and he favored a union service and wanted Mr. Jones to come. He believed in these union services, and he thought they should be held whether Mr. Jones came or not.

The previous question was called, but amended so as to appoint a committee of five who should procure a tent to hold not more than 5,000 nor less than 3,000.

The motion prevailed and the following committee was appointed: J. B. O'Bryan, Dr. Freeman, W. H. Morrow, H. W. Buttorff and L. D. Palmer.

WHAT THE ADVOCATE SAYS.

After the above report of the action of the ministers' meeting, the following editorial from the Nashville Christian Advocate, the leading Methodist paper of the south, will be read with peculiar interest:

This noted evangelist is at this writing, in Nashville. He held three services here on Sunday at our three largest churches. There were packed audiences at all of them.

Our readers have a pretty fair notion of his style and methods. He is like nobody else, living or dead. His way suits him, and he does not seem to care whether it suits others or not. He is a plain dealer. He pours aqua fortis on gangrened spots in the body ecclesiastic. Many wince, and many are saved by it. He says things which many might wish unsaid, and many that ought to be said that no one else seems to have thought of. "What do you think of him?" was asked of a Presbyterian preacher in our office. "He packed more common sense into an hour's talk than I ever heard in the same length of time before," was the answer. He takes the direct path to the consciences of his hearers. Double negatives and superlatives do not stand in his way. He uses the common vernacular. The people understand him. He sends the truth home with the stroke of a swordfish. His humor at times convulses even the most sober sided. We watched one high dignitary during his afternoon service at McKendree church: his face was grave and inquisitive along at the start, but it gradually relaxed until a broad smile lit up his features; and when the preacher reached his climax, picturing a revived church, like a Samson with renewed strength, pulling down the strongholds of sin in Nashville, the glow of inward satisfaction was on his face. There was much laughter among the vast crowds while he was talking—too much, we thought; many of the sayings laughed at were better calculated, as they were doubtless intended, to make the people think and pray and weep. A mixed audience is not always nicely discriminating. Some things he said gave offense—but the offended parties came again to hear him. All Nashville is buzzing with criticism of the quaint, incisive peculiar Georgia preacher. He has the ear of the city, and has in these few services touched its heart.

But what of his spirit? What of the result of his labors. Opinions will differ. He preaches the gospel without gloss or compromise; repentance, faith, pardon through Christ, a thorough renunciation of the world, holiness of heart and life, are his themes. The unction of the Holy One seems to rest upon him. The signs of an evangelist commissioned of God accompanying his labors. His track is a blaze of light. To us he seems to be an earnest, fearless man, with a peculiar individuality, endowed with a strange power for drawing and moving the people, which he is using with a single eye to the glory of God in the salvation of sinners.

During the month of April—perhaps the latter part of the month—Brother Jones will return to Nashville for the purpose of holding special services, in which the several evangelical churches will unite. There will be a difficulty in obtaining any audience-room large enough to hold the crowds that will come out to hear him.

The Mexican Minister.

From the New York World.

It is claimed that the appointment of Henry R. Jackson, of Georgia, as minister to Mexico, will not be favorably received by the young Mexicans, who are not partial to the United States at best, and who are particularly hostile to such of our citizens as participated in the Mexican war. Mr. Jackson had the honor to be one of the revellers in the halls of the Montezumas in the memorable days of 1847. We trust that President Diaz will be able to repress the adolescent population of Mexico, and that Mr. Jackson will be cordially received. In addition to his soldierly qualifications Mr. Jackson is a poet of rare perception and delicacy. He has written some beautiful gems, and it is as a poet rather than as a soldier that he goes to the land of the Aztecs.

Woman's Face.

"What furniture can give such finish to a room as a tender woman's face?" asks George Elliott. Not any, we are happy to answer, provided the glow of health tempers the tender expression. The pale, anxious, bloodless face of the consumptive, or the evident sufferings of the dyspeptic induce feelings of sorrow and grief on our part and compel us to tell them of Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery," the sovereign remedy for consumption and other diseases of the respiratory system as well as dyspepsia and other digestive troubles. Sold everywhere.

A bachelor so greatly admired the way in which the housekeeper prepared coffee that he proposed and was accepted, only to find that the coffee was made by the servant girl.

A Husband's Greatest Blessing

Is a strong, healthful, vigorous wife with a clear, handsome complexion. These can only be acquired by using Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic.

The meanest man in the world is living in Germany. In helping him out of the river once, a man tore the collar of his coat. The next day he sued him for assault and battery.

A Deceived Woman

Is the lady who uses cosmetics, face lotions, white lead, bismuth, powders, arsenic, etc., in the belief of enriching and beautifying the complexion. It is but temporary and ultimately destroys the skin beyond the power of nature to restore. Stop it! Stop it now and use only Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic, which imparts the vigor and loveliness of youth.

A fashion paper says "Skeleton bonnets are all the rage." The husband is the one who performs the "rage" act when he is called upon to pay a small fortune for the ghost of a hat.

All Weakness of Genital Organs, Sexual Impotency, and nervous disorders permanently cured in thirty days, by the genuine Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills. Bottles 50 pills $1.25, 100 pills $2.00, 200 pills $3.50, 400 pills $6.00. Magnus & Hightower, corner Pryor and Decatur streets, Atlanta. Wholesale by Lamar, Rankin and Lamar.

A man died in Bridgeport, Conn., a few days ago while buying a cigar. The dealer probably told him that it was "not imported" and the shock was too violent.

YOUNG MEN!—READ THIS.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred, as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

Uncle Esek: Civility is the lowest price we pay for things, and repentance the highest.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE,

In Debility from Overwork.

Dr. G. W. Collins, Tipton, Ind., says: "I used it in nervous debility brought on by overwork in warm weather, with good results."

"Pa, why are commercial men called drummers?" asked Toddlekins. "Because they beat up trade, as the saying is," replied her father. "I s'pose, then, a base drummer is one who makes a customer buy goods." "No, my dear, he is a snare drummer."—Exchange.

CINCINNATI, O., April 14, 1884.—S. B. SMITH & BRO., Covington, Ky.—Esteemed Sirs: I have been troubled with a serious kidney affection, and seeing your advertisement, concluded to try a bottle of your May Flower, though without much hope of being benefited by it. The first bottle worked splendidly, and persevering with it use, I am entirely relieved of my painful illness. Any one can write to me and I will reiterate what is here written.

MRS. E. WITHER,
Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, O.

When a Boston girl wants an egg she asks for "an oval globule of vitellus and albumen."—Brooklyn Times.

ADELINA PATTI, the great songstress, says of Solon Palmer's Perfumes, Toilet Soaps and other Toilet articles: "I unhesitatingly pronounce them superior to any I ever used." Principal Depot, 374 and 376 Pearl street, N. Y.

The rage for roller-skating has relegated the banana skin to the limbo of moss grown jokes.—New York Journal.

One bottle of Dr. Fuller's Pocket Injection, with syringe combined, cures without capsules. $1. All druggists. For sale by Magnus & Hightower, Agents. tu,th,sa-wk

Ethel—"Oh, mamma, I've got such a pain!" Mother—"Where, dear?" Ethel (a refined child)—"In my sash, mamma."

BURNETT'S COCOAINE

Softens the hair when harsh and dry.

Soothes the irritated scalp.

Affords the richest lustre.

Prevents the hair from falling off.

Promotes its healthy, vigorous growth.

LITTLE Bill Chandler is to become managing director of the Roach iron works. That is to say the announcement is to be made. Little Bill has been interested in the business ever since he became secretary of the navy.

The Combination of Ingredients used in making BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES is such as to give the best possible effect with safety. They are the best remedy in use for Coughs, Colds and Throat Diseases.

THE British zereba doesn't seem to overawe the Arabs.

The removal of Professor Sanborn of N. H., after being pronounced incurable by a score of physicians, from Las Vegas, N. M., to his home, was effected by administering Harter's Iron Tonic, which has restored him to his former good health.

Merchant Traveller: Anticipation is punching a hole in to day, through which to catch a glimpse of to-morrow.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS are indorsed by all the leading physicians and chemists, for their purity and wholesomeness. Beware of counterfeits and ask your grocer and druggist for the genuine article, prepared by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

The Rosadalis Remedy.

ROSADALIS is a sovereign remedy for all diseases of the blood. It has no equal for the cure of nervous disorders. Read this:

I would like to bear testimony to the merits of ROSADALIS, by saying that some eight years ago I was totally prostrated, and could get no relief from our family physician, but after taking one bottle of ROSADALIS I became entirely restored to health. I now weigh 175 pounds, but when I first took your medicine I weighed only 130. I cheerfully recommend it to all, and especially to those afflicted with nervous debility.

MRS. A. A. MARON,
Baltimore, Md.

Manhood Restored

REMEDY FREE.—A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address, J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St. New York.

THERE MAY BE A FEW

Who Still Doubt

If so they will find in our office many such letters as the following, but none that are entitled to more consideration:

With my experience I pronounce

Brewer's Lung Restorer

the best lung remedy made. Four of my brothers and sisters had died with consumption, and about three years ago I became so exhausted by a long continued cough, accompanied with low fever and night sweats, that I could barely get about and my friends gave up all hope. I coughed so incessantly that I could not sleep at all. After trying several lung medicines I began the use of

Brewer's Lung Restorer

and was greatly benefited by the first bottle, gaining flesh and strength and resuming work. I continued to take it and am as stout now as I ever was, rarely ever cough nor do I suffer with my lungs any more than if they never had been affected.

I am never without a bottle of it in my house. During the winter I give it to my little children, even a little fellow three years old, for anything like common colds, for when they show any evidence of croup and always with the most satisfactory results. Very truly,

G. E. HUGHLY,
Barnesville, Georgia.

Brewer's Lung Restorer contains no opiates in any form.

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR!

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Architect,
Gate City Bank Building, charges the usual fee of 5 per cent for his professional services. Those considering this charge excessive can find a number of cheap architects in the city.

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19 SOUTH BROAD STREET,
ATLANTA, GA.

Notice of Dissolution.

THE HARDWARE AND HOUSE FURNISHING business existing under the firm name of Schuessler & Simms, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. C. S. Schuessler having purchased the entire interest of G. W. Simms, will assume all liabilities of the above firm and continue the business at No. 42 Peachtree. C. S. SCHUESSLER, Mch 27, '85. GEO. W. SIMMS.

HAVING SOLD MR. C. S. SCHUESSLER my entire interest in the Hardware and House Furnishing business I earnestly solicit the continued liberal patronage of my friends and wish him prosperity. GEO. W. SIMMS.

To My Friends and Patrons.

Having purchased the entire interest of Mr. G. W. Simms, in the firm of Schuessler & Simms, I will continue the business at No. 42 Peachtree street and will endeavor to merit your continued good will. Hoping to be favored with your liberal patronage, I am respectfully,

3t. C. S. SCHUESSLER.

THE SUPREME COURT DECISIONS
—FOR—
September Term, 1884

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Atlanta to New Orleans & Return,

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Good ten days.

In addition to the above, tickets are sold at $15.00 good fifteen days; $20.00, good forty days.

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Solid train of Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars and Palace Day Coaches,

THROUGH WITHOUT CHANGE.

Trains leave Atlanta daily at 1:30 p. m. and 11:40 p. m.

Trains arrive New Orleans daily at 6:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Sleeping car berths reserved 30 days in advance on application to T. F. McCANDLESS, 36 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga., Passenger Agent.

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CHAS. H. CROMWELL, G. P. A., Montgomery, Ala.

FOR SALE---Real Estate.

FOR SALE—207 ACRES—THE BEST IMPROVED farm at Jonesboro, 20 miles from Atlanta; residence and seven acres in the town; fine grove; cost owner five year ago $5,900; near the college. Farm of 200 acres extending to the river and embracing sixty acres bottom land; cost $20 per acre, $4,600. Total cost, $10,900. Price for ten days, $7,100. Terms $4,000 cash, balance on time, 8 per cent interest. Address Francis Fontaine, room 9, Fitten building, city. mar28—d9t wkylt

FOR SALE—NICE YANKEE BUILT RESIDENCE, close in, six rooms, six closets, nicely finished; front and rear yards, water tank and pipes, hot and cold baths; bath and dressing rooms, cooking range and water heater; freestone water; good pump; marble and iron mantles; house carpeted and furnished. Can be bought very low in next thirty days. Inquire 86 Erwin street. Wheat street cars. Mch 28—2t.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—AN INTELLIGENT, INDUSTRIOUS young man, who understands the retail grocery business; must be well recommended for honesty. Apply to P. H. Meehan, 64 Decatur st. sat su

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED CIGAR salesman. Only a good man, who already has a trade, need apply. P. O. Box 247, Richmond, Va.

WANTED—Boarders.

PARTIES WISHING GOOD BOARD WILL DO well to consult this column. tf

GOOD BOARDING HOUSE KEEPERS CAN keep their houses full by advertising in our ten cent column. tf

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

WISHING TO LEAVE THE STATE, I offer my saloon and fixtures at a great bargain. 30 Decatur, near Kimball house. 5t.

THE STOCK OF A SMALL DRY GOODS, CLOTHING and Notion business in the city for sale at a bargain this week. Address "Business," Constitution. tf

Insurance.

LOANS ON LIFE, ENDOWMENT AND TONTINE insurance policies, same purchased. Address enclosing stamp for reply "Insurance," box 148, P. O., Atlanta, Ga.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Males.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT AS BOOKKEEPER, salesman or solicitor; cotton or grocery business preferred; have had twelve years experience in cotton; best references given. Address, A. B. C., care this office. City reference Adair, Bro. & Co. 3t.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Females.

SCHOOL WANTED—I DESIRE THE PRESIDENCY or professorship of Mathematics in some flourishing institution; or, will take a few pupils in a select school and teach a full course of English, Natural Sciences, Mathematics, Latin, Mental Science, etc., after the most thorough normal methods. Can give the very best of references. Address E. McCulley, Hamilton, Ga. tu th sa wk

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WE WISH A FEW PURCHASE MONEY NOTES or good commercial paper. Short time, and amount less than $300 preferred. W. W. Haskell. 2t

WANTED—BUSINESS MEN TO SEND SIXTY cents to THE CONSTITUTION for a book of 100 ironclad mortgage notes, waiving homestead and the garnishment of wages. tf.

WANTED—Agents.

WANTED—LADY AGENTS FOR "QUEEN PROTECTOR" daisy stocking and skirt supporters, shoulder braces, bustles, bosom forms, dress shields, safety belts, sleeve protectors, etc.; entirely new devices, unprecedented profits; we have 500 agents making $100 monthly. Address, with stamp, E. H. Campbell & Co., 9 So. May st., Chicago. th, sat, tu

IMPROVED CALIGRAPH JUST OUT—FOUR men wanted for state agents; also, one man in each county for local agent. Call and see machine. For terms, address T. M. Morton, Weinmeister hotel, Atlanta, Ga. Mch 28—1 wk.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN OR ladies of good address in each county of this state to act as my agents, either on commission or a salary, in an honest and money making business. Call on, or address enclosing stamp for a reply, Room No. 1, 19½ Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga. tf

WANTED—EXPERIENCED AGENTS TO SELL the new editions of Zell's Encyclopedias. T. Ellwood Zell, Publisher, 47 N. 13th st. Philada.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

NOTICE—THE ATLANTA AND WEST POINT railroad company offers for rent its vacant freight depot in Atlanta, with the use of adjacent track. Apply to the undersigned at the office of said company. L. P. Grant, president. Atlanta, October 25th, 1884.

LOST.

STRAYED—FROM 102 PEACHTREE ST., a small Rat and Tan puppy, Jack; tail and ears cut off. Any one returning the same will be rewarded. C. K. Buzbee.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

A BOOK OF 100 IRONCLAD WAIVER NOTES with mortgage clause costs sixty cents, and is a good investment for the business man. We will send the book, postpaid, upon receipt of sixty cents. Address, The Constitution. tf.

FOR SALE—TWO SECOND-HAND FULL-CAROM billiard tables. Inquire at Markham house. tf

REMOVAL.

I HAVE CHANGED MY OFFICE. FROM JAMES' bank building, to No. 7½ South Broad street, over Neal's furniture store. Clients who had papers of any sort with me, are notified that they are safe and all right. Come to see me. Robert L. Rodgers, attorney at law. tf

Money to Loan.

$10,000—TO ADVANCE ON CITY PROPERTY; interest 8 per cent; money on hand. Gholstin & Krouse, 20 Peachtree. tu,th,sa

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

NICE 7-ROOM HOUSE, NEAR WASHINGTON, on E. Fair st. S. B. Spencer. sat su.

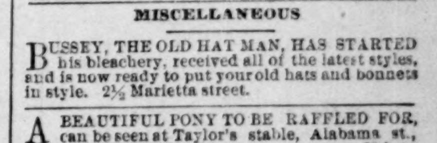
MISCELLANEOUS

BUSSEY, THE OLD HAT MAN, HAS STARTED his bleachery, received all of the latest styles, and is now ready to put your old hats and bonnets in style. 2½ Marietta street.

A BEAUTIFUL PONY TO BE RAFFLED FOR, can be seen at Taylor's stable, Alabama st., Atlanta. Tickets $2 each. 28 1w

BUSSEY HAS RECEIVED ALL HIS LATE spring blocks for ladies' and gents' hats and bonnets. Go before the rush. 2½ Marietta.

LOOK OUT FOR THE RUSH, BUSSEY HAS RECEIVED his late spring blocks for hats and bonnets for everybody. 2½ Marietta street.



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ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

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ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, MARCH 28, 1885.

INDICATIONS for the South Atlantic states taken at 1 a. m.: Partly cloudy weather, and local rains; variable winds, generally southerly; stationary temperature followed by slightly colder weather.

THE English press speaks defiantly of the prospective war with Russia. The sentiment in England is firmly fixed against any concession.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND contemplates a visit to Atlanta in May, on the occasion of the great commercial convention. He has never been to the south and is very desirous of doing so.

GENERAL GRANT'S testimony in the Marine bank case relates how he credulously yielded to the seductions of his wicked partners and became involved in the hugest swindle of the day.

As the details of the French reverses in China come in the case grows worse for the invaders. The feeling against the French cabinet is strong. Rochefort, as usual, is raving with the revolutionary extremists.

BARRIOS has actually brought on war in Central America. The preparations of the puny governments for the struggle are amusing in contrast with the gigantic efforts England is putting forth in anticipation of a war that will shake the civilized world, if it comes.

THE BARTHOLDI STATUE.

We find the following "appeal" printed in a conspicuous place in the New York World:

"The statue of Liberty, on the recent occasion of its exhibition in Paris, was accepted formally by the minister plenipotentiary of the United States, and is to be shipped to this country in a vessel of the French government early in the month of May next. Unfortunately the congress just adjourned has made no provision for its reception, and the duty of honoring the occasion will devolve upon the citizens of New York.

"We cannot believe that they will fail us in this, our last appeal. If the money is not now forthcoming the statue must return to its donors, to the everlasting disgrace of the American people, or it must go to some other city, to the everlasting dishonor of New York. Citizens of the state, citizens of the metropolis, we ask you once for all to prevent so painful and humiliating a catastrophe! We ask you, one and all, each according to his means, to contribute what he is able; we ask you, in the name of glorious memories, in the name of our country, in the name of civilization and of art, not to neglect this last opportunity for securing to yourselves and to the nation an imperishable glory."

WILLIAM M. EVARTS, Chairman.
RICHARD BUTLER, Secretary,
HENRY F. SPAULDING, Treasurer.

This is a very curious card to fling in the faces of the patriotic people of New York, but it is not the only queer development of the attempt to raise a few thousand dollars to provide a proper resting place for the Bartholdi statue of liberty. The New York World, seeing that something desperate must be done, is engaged in calling for contributions to a "pedestal fund." The patriotic desperation of the World is not without its effect, for it has received in pennies, thrips and nickels, a sum amounting to more than two thousand dollars.

Under the circumstances, this is considerable, and it demonstrates the energy and influence of the World as nothing else could; for it has fallen to the lot of that journal to arouse a feeble interest where there was none before. But the whole business is picayunish. It is a disgrace to the city of New York that the pedestal committee should find it necessary to print such an appeal as that which we have quoted, and it is a disgrace that a public journal should be compelled, in the interest of decency, to start a penny fund to secure a sum that ought to be subscribed in ten minutes by a half dozen rich men in the metropolis.

The pedestal committee say in their card that congress adjourned without making any appropriation for the reception of the statue, but was it expected that congress would make such appropriation? As we understand it, the statue is a gift to the city of New York, provided that city will give it standing room. The gift was a mistake—a very serious mistake. In the first place the statue is supposed to repsent liberty, and if the intention is carried out it must sadly misrepresent New York city. There is little thought of liberty in that municipality, where the rich are engaged in the pleasing recreation of growing richer and the poor poorer. Let a so-called foreign nobleman land at Castle Garden, and there can be found hundreds of families in that city who are willing to spend enough in giving him dinings and winings to build a dozen pedestals.

The appeal of the pedestal committee is a touching document, but it appeals to no sentiment that has an existence in New York city. The World fund stands a better chance of success, for it is mainly contributed by the poorer classes, who have some appreciation of liberty, and of the principle the statue is designed to represent. If the same opportunity had been offered any other American city, the money would have been forthcoming long ago, and the pedestal would now be in readiness to receive the statue.

THE APRIL ELECTIONS.

The Rhode Island election occurs on the first day of April, and it will be the first indication at the polls of the popularity of the new administration. The opposing candidates for governor are George Peabody Wetmore, republican, and Zeba O. Slocum, democrat. There is also a prohibition candidate. Wetmore is a rich Newport cottager, and his backers make up the plutocracy that has long ruled Rhode Island. It is thought the independents of last fall in the state will almost to a man support Mr. Slocum, and it is quite probable that the usual republican majority in past years will be mate[illegible]lly reduced; [illegible] will scarcely be overcome, because the plutocratic limitation of the ballot is still a part of Rhode Island law. In the last election succeeding a presidential contest the republicans polled 10,849 votes, and the democrats 1,756. These figures will be materially changed next Wednesday.

Equally significant elections will occur next month in the west, where the cities of Chicago and Cincinnati are to elect new rulers. The spring election in Cincinnati is interesting, because it usually indicates how Hamilton county and the state will go when a governor is to be elected in October. The fall election of Ohio is in turn the opening gun of the campaign of 1888. The republicans will contest the Cincinnati election with vigor and almost desperate energy, but they will find that the democratic hosts have not been napping. In Chicago Carter Harrison is a candidate for re-election to the office of mayor, which he has satisfactorily filled during the past six years. Sidney Smith is leading the forlorn republican hope. There are no serious doubts as to Carter Harrison's re-election, and it is only the size of the majority that excites interest outside of the city.

RIEL'S REBELLION.

Away up in the old Hudson Bay company's territory, one hundred and fifty miles from railroads and telegraphs, a rebellion of half-breeds, headed by Louis Riel, has broken out that promises to give the dominion government no little trouble. No fighting has taken place, because the rebellion has thus far had its own way; but a body of mounted police is advancing towards Saskatchewan, and is probably near the scene of the uprising at the present moment.

It will be remembered that Riel attempted to get up a rebellion last October. He seems to be a chronic revolutionist, and to find ready backing in the half-breeds of his distant section. They have, of course, a grievance. The people of the province of Manitoba received 240 acres of public land per man, but the half-breeds of the Saskatchewan region, living outside of Manitoba, did not receive any land bounties. This has rendered them more discontented and shiftless than they would ordinarily have been, and Riel finds no difficulty in exciting them to open revolt against the government whenever he feels warlike. He held the entire section against the dominion officials when the Hudson Bay company first ceded it to the dominion. His voice is generally for war, and if the force now moving towards the rebellion succeeds in crushing it, it will be very apt to put Riel where he cannot concoct further mischief. His plans are of course wholly visionary and misleading, and their only effect is to render the condition of the half-breeds about Hudson's bay more and more miserable and distressing.

THE war news has developed the fact that the towns with the hardest names are the objective points of the biggest military movements.

IT is an easy matter for President Barrios to raise an army. With a straw hat and a shotgun a soldier is considered fully uniformed and equipped in Guatemala.

IT is said that the United States troops are already engaged in escorting the cattle speculators off the Oklahoma reservation. These troops, it will be remembered, are operating under a democratic administration.

THE supposed betrayal and murder of Miss Madison at Richmond by her cousin, Mr. Cluverius, is one of the sensations of the day. "Gath" devotes a two-column letter to the affair and hints very broadly that it is a typical case. He takes the position that an immense wave of lust is rolling over the land, and that the south since the abolition of slavery feels the evil as much as any section. "Gath" has the old idea so often expressed by northern writers that in the days of slavery black women were the sole victims of bad men, but under the separating, independent and responsible conditions of freedom, southern white women have been deprived of this protecting barrier. Thus the northern correspondent moralizes. He gives no comparative statistics. He simply makes the broad charge that immorality is on the increase south as well as north. Yet this sensation monger is well aware that the conditions favorable to a high standard of morality are to be found in the south rather than in the north. Without going into invidious distinctions, it is enough to say that if put on oath he would be compelled to say that he found the south a land of steadier habits than the north and west. He found us a more temperate people. He heard less profane swearing here. He found us holding fast to conservative, old-fashioned religious, political and social ideas. These are not the characteristics of a people who are rapidly drifting into gross immorality. Many northern writers and speakers who have traveled south during recent years have had the honesty to admit these things. A few with equal opportunities of seeing have taken "Gath's" view of us. In cases of this kind we must consider the animus of the writer. A man, who during twenty years of peace, has written hundreds of columns disparaging our people, sneering at their judgment, taste and habits; underrating their statesmanship, soldiership and intellectual ability, is not going to judge our society fairly, and will never write honestly about us, unless he is well paid for the job. If this description does not fit "Gath" it may fit some one else.

THERE is a rumor afloat that Anthony Comstock proposes to introduce cream-colored window-blinds at society balls in Philadelphia. These blinds are to be used by young ladies with low-necked dresses.

ACCORDING to reports, Professor John Fiske proposes to wind up his lectures by singing German ballads. This is a good way to wind up an audience also. All lecturers should sing.

CINCINNATI has now inaugurated its semi-annual election riot.

THE inquest over the murdered Miss Madison at Richmond, Va., brought out a rather spicy incident. Dr. Stratton testified that he met Miss Madison on the night of her death, and as she wore no cloak or shawl he took her for a factory girl. In reply to this statement the factory girls published a card in which they claimed that they were able to wear cloaks when they needed them, and that the doctor was ungentlemanly in making such a remark. The doctor at once rushed into print with an explanation in which he said that he intended no reflection upon any young lady working in a factory, as he considered any honest work honorable. War has been averted for a time, but the doctor will keep away from the factories for a while.

THE Easter cards, issued by L. Prang & Co., the great art publishers of Boston, Massachusetts, are the most beautiful things in that line ever seen in America. The designs embrace flowers and buds, floating butterflies and singing birds. Some of these designs are dainty and exquisite, and cannot be excelled in significance and beauty.

IF the Britishers admire ex-Minister Lowell's culture and profit by it, they should employ him to give them lessons in this American branch. It is not at all necessary that England should be bereft.

THE sultan will now have Sunset Cox's jokes translated into the language of the harem.

THERE was probably a contingent of Arabs at Dong Dang in China. The French cannot be too [par]ticular.

EDITOR HALSTEAD, of Cincinnati, has been honing for the Turkish mission for years. He still thinks that his jokes are as funny as those of Sunset Cox.

THE fact that Vermont has one great lawyer—and a democrat at that—speaks well for the Green mountain state.

"HIGGINS," says the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, "must stick." That seems to be the size of it.

THE Squirtersons of the west will be thrown into convulsions when they hear that Sam Randall is a daily visitor at the white house, and that he doesn't send in his card.

A DEALER on the "installment plan" stands no chance when he gets into a New York court. If he escapes without being clubbed by a policeman and sent to the penitentiary, he has good cause to congratulate himself. One of these dealers recently tore up a woman's carpet, on which a balance of eight dollars was due. The court fined him $500 and costs.

KEIFER bobbed up in Ohio and then bobbed down again.

THE enterprising special correspondent who from time to time inflames the public mind with gorgeous stories of the discovery of phenomenal gold nuggets and glittering diamonds weighing a half pound or less, has changed his base of operations from Georgia and North Carolina to Ohio. The latest item from this developer of our mining industries states that near Homer, Ohio, a gentleman recently picked up on the banks of a creek a diamond worth $50,000. This discovery caused a lady who had a collection of stones from the same creek to examine her specimens. In one rock she found $30,000 worth of small diamonds. Good enough.

THE London Times wants to catch ex Minister Lowell by the coat tails and keep him in England in order to attend the dinners given by the noble lords.

PERSONS AND THINGS.

SURF bathing has commenced at San Diego, California.

APPLE-GROWERS have two thousand varieties to choose from.

OF the cat, bear and squirrel the latter only can run down a tree head first.

THE wife of the lord mayor of London sends to America for her perfumery.

EMPEROR WILLIAM was a man of twenty-five when General Grant was born.

EL MAHDI married when he was only sixteen years old, and now has thirteen wives.

THE new capitol at Albany is visited very often by classes of students who desire to take an object lesson in architecture.

IT is rumored in Pittsburg that Mrs. Garfield is soon to become the wife of a minister well known in Western Pennsylvania.

THE president's favorite dish is pot pie, and Mr. Arthur's French cook does not know how to make it to suit the American palate.

MR. BAIR has taken Maud S. to the Belmont driving park in Philadelphia, where, if she is in condition, he will let her beat her record.

COLONEL VILAS'S name is pronounced Villas. Vi-las, Vee-las, Ver-lass and Veelah. The last is en regle, au fait and tum-ti-tum, a la Francais.

MR. PHELPS, the new minister to England, was once an old-line whig, and as a whig he served as second controller of the treasury under President Fillmore.

THE bill submitting to the people of Ohio an amendment changing the day of election to November passed both houses almost unanimously. The people will accept the amendment.

THE new governor of Maryland, Mr. Lloyd, is the youngest executive the state ever had. He is 33 years old, and will fill the office until the legislature meets next January. He stands a good chance to secure the unexpired term.

WOOLWICH arsenal is now constructing a gun that will weigh, without its carriage, 100 tons, and has a bore of 16 inches. It is to be a breech-loader, 43 feet 8 inches long, with a diameter of 5½ feet at the breech and of 28 inches at the muzzle.

SENATORS BUTLER and Hampton are each short one leg, but both use cork limbs with much ease. Senator Berry, of Arkansas, who has just joined them, cannot however use a cork leg, because his limb was taken off at the thigh joint. He goes on crutches.

THE president's manuscript is said to be positively painful to decipher. The style is sharp and decisive, and many of the words end in marks that are little more than nervous shakes of the hand. He writes with almost a telegrapher's rapidity.

SENATOR GORMAN is said to be greatly pleased over the nomination of Governor McLane to be minister to France. The promotion of McLane puts one of Gorman's warm friends in the gubernatorial chair, and it also takes out of the senatorial race a dangerous opponent.

OUR new minister to Turkey has held a seat in congress twenty-five years, lacking a few months, and during twenty years of his congressional service he was a prominent man on the floor. He is universally and deservedly popular in congress, and many are sorry that he is to leave it.

THE new postoffice of Paris, which has been in course of construction during the last five years, is now nearly completed, at a cost of about 17,000,000 francs. At present there remains only the arrangements of the material and the furniture, for which a credit of 846,000 francs has been asked of the chamber of deputies.

MR. JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL, who has reveled on Parnassan heights, is to be succeeded by Mr. Edwin J. Phelps, who has lived and moved and had his being on top of the Green mountains. Mr. Phelps may not know a sonnet from a rondo, but when the wind is southerly he can tell a checkerberry from [illegible] of maple sugar.—Chicago News.

"PRESIDENT CLEVELAND told a friend the other day," says the Boston Herald, "that at first Judge Endicott was not in his mind as one of the 'possible' list of New England men for the cabinet; that he sent for the judge to get his opinion on certain names, and was so impressed with his clear-headedness and knowledge of men that he said to him, after a long talk, 'You are just the man I want for my cabinet!' The matter was then settled."

WILLIAM WALDORF ASTOR made himself very unpopular with the Americans in Rome. He gave two receptions last winter, one to the diplomatic and prominent official people of Rome and the next one was exclusively to Americans. The Americans cared nothing about meeting each other and were very anxious to meet the diplomats. It is also said that the foreigners were not averse to meeting the leading Americans who were there. They call the two receptions the separation of the sheep from the goats.

LAST season there were over 1,200 professional ball players engaged in the game. Of these the league employed in championship matches 168 players, the American association 225, the Eastern league 179, the Northwestern 220, and the Union association 155. The manufacture of the base ball alone gives employment to nearly 500 people. Then there are the bats, the bases, the uniforms, caps and shoes. A peculiar shoe is required, and costs an average of $3 per pair. Some clubs pay as high as $4 per pair. It is estimated that $21,000,000 is paid yearly by persons who witness professional games.

W. F. G. SHANKS, formerly city editor of the New York Tribune, has got up a queer scheme. It is called "The National Press Intelligence company," and its object is to keep watch of all the newspapers in the world and collect everything that is said about subscribers! That is to say, an author who puts out a new book, pays Shanks $10, and receives for a year all the clippings that the "intelligence company" can find about the book. Mr. Manning, secretary of the treasury, subscribes his $10, and he gets for a year all the comments of newspapers on the propriety of his appointment. Mr. Booth subscribes, and he gets all the dramatic notices about himself, and so on. A nominal charge of two or three cents a clipping is added to the annual fee.

"WHERE are you going my pretty maid?"
"Well, between you and me and the town pump, I'm
Going to the skating rink, sir," she said.
"And what to do there, my pretty maid?"
"Fall down on my bustle, probably, and
Wave both heels in the air, sir, I'm afraid."
"Then I won't go with you, my pretty maid."
"Well, not this present evening, my lord,
Not if I know myself, sir," she said.
—[Sommerville Journal.

TAGLIAPIETRA'S DEATH.

He Not Only Looked Dead, But Smelled Dead.

From the San Francisco Chronicle.

The opera season reminds me of Tagliapietra. Now that that redoubtable poker player, billiardist and masher is gone, I may tell a little story of how he once broke up Nilsson, who played Marguerite in New York when he was a member of Strakosch's company. Tag was off and the other baritone was to sing the part of Valentine in "Faust." Tag invited a few German friends to a "small and late" at Moretti's and calculated on having a good time. The ladies who have admired Tag have doubtless got over their admiration. Probably some of them have transferred their hungry affections to Cardinali. At all events they will see why I did not tell this story while the festive baritone was here. When Tag arrived at Moretti's he found that that genial and popular eatinghouse did not boast the possession of any Limburger, of which he knew his friends were fond. He rushed out to another establishment and bought a pound. As he was on his way back he was met by Strakosch, who was hunting for him. It seems the other baritone had been taken sick and Tag was needed to play the part. Remonstrance was in vain. He had to go. He went to the theater and he laid his Limburger down in a corner while he went to dress, having dispatched a note to his friends to keep it up till he was dead and could join them. After awhile he bethought him of the Limburger and he found the chorus had got away with half of it. He was mad. He seized what was left and before he could find a safe place he was called on for the last scene of his part. He jammed the Limburger inside his doublet and rushed on. He died and Marguerite came and threw herself prone on his dead body. She bent down to kiss him. She kissed him. The audience thought she never acted so well as when she raised herself suddenly and faced them with an expression of horror on her face. It was Limburger. They thought it was remorse.

"Thick And Thin."

From Youth's Companion.

Even to the present day society in Washington is agitated over questions of "precedence,"—whether the wife of a cabinet minister, of a judge, of the speaker of the house of representatives, shall go in to dinner first. At present the several ladies contend for priority. In the old days the gentlemen sometimes caused delay by too great deference for each other's claims.

Jefferson's great height and slender figure exposed him to much ridicule from his opponents; his sobriquet with them was "Long Tom." Nothing could present a more striking or more singular contrast in appearance than the figures of Mr. Jefferson and General Knox—the one very short, the other lank and lean and unusually tall.

They happened to meet one morning on the steps of General Washington's lodgings. The two gentlemen approached from opposite directions, and arriving at the same moment, a contest in etiquette took place between them.

The general at the head of the army, and full of chivalric politeness, could not think of passing in before the co-equal head of the department of state, while the civil officer of the government was equally averse to taking precedence of the military, and they stood for some moments, each drawing back and waving the other forward.

In the midst of this entertaining scene Judge Peters came up directly in front. Perceiving how matters stood, and casting a sly glance from one side to the other, he pushed boldly between them, exclaiming as he passed, "Pardon me, gentlemen, if, in my haste, I dash through thick and thin."

A Pet Oyster.

From the London Topical Times.

At a mess dinner the conversation turned on animal training. "Ah," said Major Binns, "I remember when I was at Boggleywallah, I tamed an oyster. He used to follow me all over the house like a dog. The Kitmaghars used to bring him in to dessert, like a child, and he would sit on the table at my side with his shell open and crack filberts—most affectionate little creature."

"Have you got him still major?" asked a doubting auditor.

"No, sir; he came to an untimely end. A friend of mine came into the dining room in my absence, saw the oyster with his shell open and swallowed him. I shall never have another pet," exclaimed the major with a sigh.

"No doubt your friend swallowed the oyster," said the president, "but I'm afraid we can't swallow the story."

Concerning Cigarettes.

From the Philadelphia News.

Prof. Laflin, of New York, says in a lecture on the evil of cigarette smoking: "The manufacture of cigarettes has increased 1,500,000,000 in twenty-five years. This industry is enriching the few but ruining the millions. Stand on the corner of Twenty-third street any afternoon and watch the men go by. Out of 10,000 you could not select a battalion of soldiers." Laflin has a reputation as an athlete, which he'll never rival as a lecturer. A leading journal of Washington city has just published a long list of brawny men who smoke cigarettes. A distinguished physician of the Quaker city recently declared the number of people injured by cigarette smoking less than that by cigar and the cheap and contemptible cud.

ECHOES OF THE PEOPLE.

Roller Skates.

Subscriber, Forsyth, Ga.: Where can I purchase roller skates?

You will find them advertised in THE CONSTITUTION.

John Surratt.

A. S., Dove's Creek, Ga.: What has become of the famous Mrs. Surratt's son, John?

If we are not mistaken, he is living somewhere in Maryland.

A Bad Showing.

J. T. G., Dalton, Ga.: 1. What does it cost to support the ministers of the country? 2. What is the cost of supporting the country's dogs?

1. According to the latest census our ministers were paid $6,000,000 a year. 2. The cost of our dogs has been estimated at $50,000,000 a year.

Cattle and Cotton Seed.

ATLANTA, March 27.—Editors Constitution: Your interesting article on this subject, contained in your issue of to-day, brings to the attention of our people a source of meat supply of great value.

Some years ago I gave attention to this matter and beg to make some suggestions which I think not unworthy of consideration. Cottonseed contains the element of nutrition in such disproportion that it is not of itself a good food for stock. It has a large excess of oil, and the woody fibre of the hulls is a source of irritation to the stomach and bowels. The meal obtained from a ton of seed will be found in practice much more valuable as a food than the seed itself.

German chemists have made careful and elaborate investigations as to the proportion of the elements of nutrition proper for economic feeding. They have furnished tables showing what per cent of each of these elements is necessary to constitute a perfect food for a working animal, a milch cow, or for fattening purposes. These tables have been translated into English by Prof. Johnston, of Yale college. An examination of these tables, taken in connection with the analysis of oat straw and cotton seed meal, will show that four parts of straw by weight and one part of the meal will constitute a perfect food for a fattening animal. This is the cheapest food, except grass, out of which beef or mutton can be made.

Wheat straw, properly preserved, might be substituted for the oat straw.

The quantity of beef which can be produced by the proper use of our cotton seed is simply enormous, running up largely into the hundreds of millions of pounds. I am glad you are seeking to interest our people in this matter, for there is more in it than in all the gold and silver mines of the continent.

I. T. T.

Language of Postage Stamps.

School Girl, Cuthbert, Ga: Please tell me how to interpret the language of postage stamps.

We have found it difficult to answer this question, but one of our exchanges contains what it calls "the stamp flirtation," versified as follows:

On upper left-hand corner means,
When upside down, that "I love you;"
Straight up and down same corner is,
"Yourself I'm tired of writing to."
On left-hand lower corner means,
If upside down, "displeased with thee:"
Straight up and down same corner is,
"My dearest one, do you love me?"

On right-hand upper corner means,
When upside down, "I am your friend;"
Straight up and down same corner is,
"A business letter I shall send."
On right-hand lower corner means,
When upside down, most truly "yes."
But on same corner, crossways, you
The meaning "no" may always guess.

In center at the left and straight,
"Accept me as a lover, dear!"
But upside down, same center is,
"I am engaged to some one here."
In middle, at the right-hand edge,
"Please write to me soon as you can!"
But if inverted, "When we meet
May I embrace you once again?"

DAYS GONE BY.

A Man's Reflections When He Buys an Apple of a Train Boy.

From the Brooklyn Eagle.

I bought the apple of the train boy. Not because I wanted it, oh no.

I bit it with great difficulty and little joy, sing hey, the leathery fungus that it was. I handed it back to the boy and told him to keep it; he might want to kill a dog with it some day.

I did not smite the boy nor upbraid him with hard and stinging words. More indeed in sorrow than in anger I told him I did know what a good apple was, and I knew where they used to grow. The only good apples in the world, lineal descendants of the golden stock of Hesperides, used to grow, twenty-five or thirty years ago, on an old farm three or four miles out of Peoria, Ill., on the Mount Holly road. I told the boy they were not always a fair apple to look upon in their early youth, when I loved them best. They were hard on one side and green on the other. They were gnarly all the way round and sour all the way through. There was more heartache and sorrow and deep seated, gnawing remorse and heartfelt sorrow and honest penitence in one of those apples, after you had eaten a peck of them in the same afternoon, than there is now in a whole green watermelon.

Nevertheless, I used to go into that orchard at eight a. m., eat apples till 11:30 and then feel hungry for a big dinner.

And I told the boy if he would bring me one of those apples now, with the same old taste and flavor that it had a quarter of a century gone by, with the same old smell of the clover and apple blossom lingering about it; the same old idle breezes that kissed my boyish cheeks in the long, delightful, truant summer afternoons; with the whistle of a bob white over in the stubble field beyond the cow pasture; with the murmur of the brook that went singing over the white pebbles at the foot of the orchard hill; with the music of the bees humming and buzzing about in the sweet red clover tops; bring them to me even with the old well remembered and peculiarly pungent flavor of the buggy whip which frequently seasoned those apples—because no boy could always get over the fence in time—I told him I would gladly, gladly, gladly give him $50 for just one apple.

But the boy looked at me with a nameless fear, and backed off down the aisle of the car, and touched the conductor on the elbow and said:

"Bill! Say, Bill! Who has charge of the lunatic on the wood box?"

Ah dearly beloved; there is no lunacy about it. We know now, and some day the boy will know, that apples are not so good to-day as they were twenty-five years ago. Nothing is so good to us, in fact. The apples are tough and flavorless; the grass is wiry and thin where it used to be living velvet under our feet; the days are not so long; the nights have grown colder; the stars shine less brightly and there are not so many of them, I counted them the other night and there are half a dozen missing; the cows don't come home so early; the dogs are crosser; Christmas doesn't come so close apart as it used to. Everything changes except the circus. So runs the world away.

The Georgia Aspirants.

New York Times Washington Special.

The nomination of General Henry R. Jackson for Mexico was the result of an agreement between the two Georgia senators, growing out of the recent appointment of Mr. Benjamin H. Hill to the district attorneyship of that state, to be successor to Mr. Emory Speeer, just made judge of one of the federal circuits of Georgia. Senators Brown and Colquitt did not agree as to Mr. Speer, but "pooled their issues" in the case of Mr. Hill. Meanwhile General Pierce Young's friends are fearful that General Jackson's appointment to be minister to Mexico will interfere seriously with General Young's chances for the mission to Brazil, for which he has a powerful backing. Colonel Isaac W. Avery, a Georgia journalist, is here, seeking a high diplomatic place. He was for six years private secretary to Senator Colquitt while the latter was governor of Georgia. His friends are as little comforted by the assignment of General Jackson to the Mexican mission as are General Young's friends.

Women in the Departments.

Washington Letter to Cincinnati Commercial.

I asked Miss Cleveland what would probably be her brother's policy in regard to the women in the departments—if she thought he would be kind to them. She looked at me inquiringly for a moment, as though she read something more in my face, and then replied: "He will most certainly be kind to them, and everything else being equal, they will be preferred for the places they now occupy to any new aspirants—everything else being equal, remember." By that saving clause, so strongly reiterated, "everything else being equal," she evidently meant capability, and, possibly, respectability. This, taken with the declaration said to have been made by Mr. Cleveland himself, that, as women were not political factors, they should not be amenable to political changes, seems to indicate that our new president does not mean to make war upon women. Miss Cleveland also declared herself a friend to every sister woman who tries to better her condition, and her earnest, sensible, truthful face emphasized that assertion as no underlineations of mine can.

Pensions for Confederate Soldiers.

From the Providence Journal.

No northern soldier will blame the states of Georgia or North Carolina for awarding relief to the maimed survivors of the confederate army. The aid so far given is but little, being limited in North Carolina to $50 annually, and no person with an income of $300, or $500 worth of property, can derive any benefit from the act. One negro member of the North Carolina legislature voted for the bill, after introducing a just amendment, which was adopted almost without a dissenting vote, to the effect that negroes who were wounded on the breastworks, or in the service of their masters, during the war, should share in the help extended. The total amount appropriated is $30,000 a year, a considerable sum for such an impoverished state. It is an example for the states of the north, who, although relieved by the national government from the duty of providing pensions for the disabled, can do something toward making comfortable the closing years of worn out veterans of the union.

Valuable Rubies.

From the New York World.

It is perhaps not generally known that a large ruby is of more value than a large diamond. Mr. Streeter, who wrote a book about jewels, [illegible] that "the ruby ranks for price and beauty above all other stones. When a perfect ruby of five carats is brought into the market a sum will be offered for it ten times the price given for a diamond of the same weight; but should it reach the weight of ten carats it is almost invaluable." With respect to the romance of precious stones the author just quoted tells a curious story about sapphires. A native of India loaded one hundred goats with these gems, and reached Simla after a ten days' journey. Arriving at Simla he tried to dispose of them, but the value not being recognized he could not even obtain a rupee a tolla for them, which he would gladly have taken, being in a state of semi-starvation. He then proceeded to Delhi, where the jewelers, knowing them to be sapphires, gave him their full value.

English War Songs.

From the New York Tribune.

The war feeling in London has been sufficiently strong to float some of the most atrocious doggerel in the way of street songs. One of the popular ballads begins: "When the burglar dares be stealing, Uglily our eaves beneath, Then the bulldog has a feeling, 'Tis time to show his teeth." Russia, of course, is the burglar, under the Afghan eaves. Another bellicose refrain has the ambling chorus: "We plant our foot, nor budge an inch; We tell them England will not flinch." The Jingo music of Lord Beaconsfield's time had a long run and coined a word for English politics. This combination of bulldog, burglar and budge seems to be more alliterative than inspiring.

When it Was a Sin to Kiss One's Wife.

From the New Haven Palladium.

Moses Wheeler, an aged resident of Birmingham, died Wednesday in the same chair in which his father and grandfather died. The great-great-grandfather of the deceased during his life-time paid a visit to England, the home of his childhood, an event in those days of several months' duration. Returning home on the Sabbath day he, "with force and arms of evil example and against the law made and provided," kissed his wife at the door of his cottage and was actually expelled from two of the colonies therefor.

What Constitutes a Plebian.

From the Knoxville Chronicle.

A plebian is one who eats breakfast at 8 o'clock and goes to bed at 10.

Concerning The Constitution.

From the Peidmont Press.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION is a great newspaper. Little did we think, ten years ago, when we "held cases" in the composing room, that THE CONSTITUTION would outgrow the biggest enterprise in the gate city. It has even got ahead of the city, and yet Atlanta is the most enterprising place in the south.

From the Sandersville Herald and Georgian.

Whe regret that THE CONSTITUTION'S interview with Henry Ward Beecher in which the eminent divine speaks good words for the south comes to us too late for this week's issue of our paper. THE CONSTITUTION cannot be to highly commended for its efforts to build up our good old sunny south.

THE DAY IN MACON.

THE HOME NINE PLAYS A SPLENDID GAME.

Holding the Louisvilles Seven to Six—Other News from the Central City—He Wanted His Pay—Closed by the Sheriff—A Youthful Thief—Personal and Otherwise.

MACON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Seven to six in favor of the Louisvilles tells the story. Macon is wild. Her baseball team has captured the town.

The crowd that witnessed the game was the largest ever assembled here upon a similar occasion. The weather was threatening, and towards the close of the game a penetrating drizzle set in. The game was continued, however, until eight innings had been played. The first part of the game was a little bad on the part of the catcher for the Macons, but the finish was perfect. Leighton's place is in the field where he does splendid work and under the circumstances his work behind the bat was as good as could be expected. The in and out fielding was perfect. Knouff had the Louisvilles at his mercy, developing phenominal powers as a pitcher. The defeat of the home team was due to Leighton's inability to hold Knouff's terrifically delivered balls. Collins captured the crowd by his quick throws and wonderful batting. Pfeffer played short stop and first and second base all at once, covering more ground than any two ordinary men. Leslie lined balls from the right field fence to the third, second, first or home with the utmost ease. Every man of the Macons developed fine points, particularly as to heavy batting, swift running and general steadiness. The visitors were outbatted and outfielded at every point. There is no sort of doubt that the Southern league team that beats the Macons will do so with difficulty. The following is the game in detail:

LOUISVILLES.

	R	BH	PO	A	E
Cline, 3b	2	1	1	0	0
Browning, cf	1	2	0	1	0
Wolf, r.f.	1	1	1	1	0
Geer, 1b	0	0	5	2	3
Kerins, 2b	2	0	6	0	1
Maskrey, l.f.	0	0	2	0	0
Reccius, p	0	0	1	6	0
Crotty, c	0	1	8	1	2
M'Lau'lin, ss	1	0	0	2	0
Total	7	5	24	13	6

MACONS.

	R	BH	PO	A	E
H'inzm'n, 1b	2	1	8	0	[illegible]
Collins, ss	1	2	0	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pfeffer, 2b	2	2	7	2	[illegible]
Leslie, r. f.	0	0	1	1	[illegible]
Burkalow, cf	1	2	0	[illegible]	[illegible]
Leighton, c	0	0	6	[illegible]	[illegible]
Zell, l. f.	0	2	1	0	[illegible]
Knouff, p	0	0	0	12	[illegible]
Rafferty, 3b	0	0	1	0	[illegible]
Total	6	9	27	21	5

Macons	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	—6
Louisvilles	3	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	—7

Two base hits, Collins and Pfeffer; bases on balls, Louisvilles 2, Macons 2; dead balls Louisvilles 1, Macons 3; Umpires, Jemison, of Macon, Barkley, of Louisville; scorer, Burke.

In the game to-morrow the Macons will put Burke in the pitcher's box. No other change will be made. The Louisvilles will be placed as follows: Sullivan, catcher; Hecker pitcher; Kerins first base; Greer, second base; Miller, third base; McLaughlin, short stop; Maskrey, left field; Browning, center field; Wolf, right field. Barkley will umpire.

He Wanted His Pay.

A SUMMARY PROCEEDING TO COLLECT A DEBT—CARRYING OFF A PRINTING PRESS.

MACON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—John T. McVay has a job printing office under Ellis's drug store, corner Cotton avenue and Cherry street. This afternoon, while McVay was away, Newt Marshall, a negro formerly employed in the office, went in and told Walter Smith, a lad who was running off a job, that he wanted the money McVay owed him.

Smith told Marshall that he would have to apply to McVay. Marshal replied that he would have his money or stop the work, and detaching a part of the printing press, carried it off. McVay says he will have him arrested.

Closed Out.

MACON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Reviere & Ingram, retail liquor dealers on Mulberry street, were closed out this afternoon by S. Seisel. The firm had an establishment at Thomaston, which was closed yesterday. This affected the business here and caused the failure.

Rehoboth Sunday-School Convention.

THE MEETING LARGELY ATTENDED—PROGRAMME FOR THE THREE DAYS' SESSION.

MACON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—The Rehoboth Sunday-school convention met with the Sunday-school of the First Baptist church to-night at half-past seven o'clock and will continue in session three days. A large number of delegates from points below Macon have already arrived, and to-morrow many more are expected. The exercises of the convention will be full of interest. The following is the programme:

FRIDAY, 7:30 P. M.

1. Prayer and praise meeting.
2. The Sunday-school as an evangelizing agency—Rev. T. C. Boykin, Rev. E. W. Warren.

SATURDAY, 9:30 A. M.

3. Reports of pastors and superintendents.
4. Appointment of committees.
5. If the Sunday school is so important an agency as is claimed, why does it not secure a larger share of time and attention?—Dr. Ryals, Rev. R. T. Goodrum.
6. How and What to Teach—Dr. A. J. Battle, Professor R. T. Asbury. Discussion.

SATURDAY, 3 P. M.

7. Reports of committees.
8. Parental Duties and Obligations—Rev. James Evans, Rev. A. J. Cheves.
9. Good Music—Its necessity as an element of interest and success in the Sunday school—Rev. G. T. Stansbury, Rev. G. H. Perdue. Discussion.

SATURDAY, 7:30 P. M.

10. How to Secure Co-operation and Enthusiasm—Rev. B. L. Ross, Hugh M. Willet.
11. Advantages of Teachers' Meetings—Rev. S. Boykin, L. F. Haddock. Discussion.

SUNDAY, 9:30 A. M.

12. Sunday-School Illustrated—By C. B. Ellis and Rev. T. C. Boykin.

SUNDAY, 11 A. M.

13. Sermon for the Young—By Rev. T. C. Boykin.

SUNDAY, 3 P. M.

14. Children's Massmeeting—Conducted by Rev. T. C. Boykin.

SUNDAY, 7:30 P. M.

15. Sermon—By Rev. A. L. Moncrief.

Death of T. J. Ware, Sr.

MACON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—T. J. Ware, Sr., father of Alderman T. J. Ware, of the fourth ward, died at twelve o'clock to-day at his residence on Oglethorpe street. He will be buried to-morrow in Rose Hill cemetery.

A Youthful Thief.

MACON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Nelson Allen, colored, keeps a small store at the foot of College street near Rose Hill cemetery. He and his family reside next door. This morning, between four and five o'clock, Allen's wife detected a small negro boy leaving the store with his arms full of stolen articles. He had broken open the door and appropriated cigarettes, candy, and canned goods. He made his escape.

Valuable Papers Lost.

MACON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—A young man employed in the law office of Hill & Harris, gave a negro boy some valuable papers yesterday afternoon to carry to General D. H. Hill. Neither boy nor papers have been seen since, and the police are on the lookout for both.

Personal and Otherwise.

MACON, March 27.—[Special.]—Captain I. H. Adams and thirteen members of the Putnam Rifles arrived in Macon last night from New Orleans, and stopped at the Edgerton house. The party left for Eatonton this morning.

C. M. Adams, of Eatonton, spent the day in the city visiting friends and relatives.

M. N. Brannan, editor of the Eufaula Daily Mail, was in the city last night. Mr. Brannan is the man that sent President Cleveland a rabbit foot during the presidential campaign. The rabbit foot did its work well.

W. E. Jackson, of Byron, who had his skull fractured in Macon a few nights ago, did not fall into the Edgerton house cellar, but into the cellar of the National hotel.

Walter Adams, recently appointed postal clerk, has resigned the position.

J. A. Callaway and L. N. Callaway, of Milledgeville, were registered at Brown's hotel to-day.

Ex-Mayor Corput went up to his farm at Cave Spring this morning.

Nathan C. Munroe has been appinted a substitute postal clerk between Macon and Montgomery.

The Louisvilles are at Brown's hotel.

Manager Hart says that the Atlantas are the best team in the Southern league that he has yet met.

Superintendent Kline, of the Southwestern railroad, has had some new switches put into the tracks running into the union passenger depot. They are of the Horton patent, and are said to be the best manufactured.

The street railroad crossed Poplar street this afternoon. Mr. T. J. Carling, president of the company, is pushing the work to an early completion.

Warrants were taken out to-day for the arrest of O. F. Waters and St. George Cook for cheating and swindling the proprietress of the boardinghouse on the corner of Third and Pine streets.

Rev. W. B. McGee, a presiding elder in the Southwest Georgia conference of the Methodist church, is at the Wesleyan female college visiting his daughter.

Miss Sallie Lou Nisbet, of Eatonton, is visiting her cousin, Miss Laurette Boykin, on Walnut street.

ATLANTA ON TOP.

The Indianapolis Club Downed in a Well Fought Game.

Those who failed to visit Athletic park yesterday afternoon missed one of the finest exhibitions of ball playing ever given in Atlanta. The hard rain of yesterday morning had rendered the ground very soft and slippery, but, notwithstanding this drawback, both teams did good work. Atlanta's victory over such a team as Indianapolis, especially when they have the renowned Larry McKeon in the box, with Keenan catching him, is one to be proud of. Atlanta presented Bauer and McVey as their battery, and their work was almost perfect, Bauer's speedy left-handed curves proving a puzzle to the hard-hitting hoosiers.

The game opened with Indianapolis at the bat. By sharp hitting and good base running they succeeded in sending two men across the plate in this inning, whitewashing the home team. In the second inning Atlanta got in one run, blanking their opponents. In the fourth Indianapolis added another to their score, leaving the totals three to one in their favor, with things looking decidedly blue for the home team. By plucky up-hill fight, however, the home club held the hoosiers down, and in the sixth inning by a streak of tremendous batting, they sent three men around the bases, scoring what proved to be the winning run amidst the wildest enthusiasm. Neither side scored again, but in the visitors' last half of the ninth inning occurred an incident which proved the gameness of the home team. The Indianapolis boys had two men on bases, with Thompson, one of the hardest hitters in the profession, at the bat. The hoosiers gathered on the line and tried to rattle Bauer by chinning, in order to force him to make a wild pitch or put a ball where Thompson could get a full swing at it.

The spectators held their breaths as the giant let go at the ball with his terrible swing. Bauer, however, had the english on it, and the sphere went sailing up into the air directly over third. Cleveland settled himself under it, clinched it desperately as it struck his hands, and the game was won.

The same clubs play this afternoon, and a great game may be looked for. Atlanta will put their mute pitcher in the box, with McVey as the receiving end of the battery; while Indianapolis will be represented by Miller and McGuire. Miller is said to be the swiftest pitcher in the world. Game will be called at 3 p. m.

Following is the score of yesterday's game:

INDIANAPOLIS.

	R	BH	PO	A	E
Moriar'y, lf	0	2	0	0	0
Tho'p'n, cf	0	2	1	0	1
Poor'an, rf	1	0	1	0	1
Collins, ss	2	1	0	2	0
McQuery, 1b	0	1	3	0	0
Crane, 2b	0	0	2	2	1
Donnelly, 3b	0	1	2	2	0
Keenan, c	0	1	5	3	2
McKeon, p	0	0	5	3	1
Total	3	8	24	12	6

ATLANTA.

	R	BH	PO	A	E
Cahill, ss	1	1	1	3	1
Goldsby, lf	0	1	1	0	0
McVey, c	1	1	5	6	0
Jevne, cf	2	3	1	0	0
Clevel'd, 3b	0	1	5	3	0
Dundon, 1b	0	1	4	0	0
Bauer, p	0	2	5	2	0
Henke, rf	0	0	2	0	1
Bittman, 2b	0	0	3	1	1
Total	4	10	27	15	3

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Indianapolis	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—3
Atlanta	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	—4

The names of the players and their positions for to-day's game are as foollows:

Indianapolis.	Positions.	Atlanta
Miller	Pitcher	Dundon
McGuire	Catcher	McVey
McQuery	1 B.	Bauer
Crane	2 B.	Bittman
Donnelly	3 B.	Cleveland
Collins	Short Stop	Cahill
Moriarty	L. F.	Goldsby
Thompson	C. F.	Jevne
Poorman	R. F.	Henke

Boy Baseballists.

The "Crescents" nine will play their first game this afternoon on their grounds, just below Athletic park, putting up as a battery Arnold and Walker, the bases to be covered by Mitchell, Griffin and Greene. Gay, the boy short stop, will also play; Williams, Weller and Fontaine in the field. They will soon be called the little professionals. The club they play against is a strong one.

Chattanooga's New Pitcher.

CHATTANOOGA, March 27.—[Special.]—The directors of the Chattanooga baseball association have about concluded to sign Ramsey, the pitcher of the old Indianapolis team. Ramsey has a splendid record, and will prove a drawing card for the Chattanoogas.

Sheriff Truss in Trouble.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 27.—[Special.]—A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Sheriff Truss, of this county, charging him with the killing of Henry Sparks, a negro at Wheeling, Thursday night. Truss had a warrant for the arrest of Sparks, and approached to arrest him. Sparks fled. Several shots were fired by the sheriff and his [illegible] which killed the negro instantly. This is the second offense of same character Truss has been charged with in less than a year.

Fearful Accident in Vermont.

MONTPELIER, Vt., March 27.—The steam boilers in the mill of the Groton Pond Lumber company, in Groton, exploded last night, killing two men and injuring several others, some of them awfully. The mill was nearly demolished by the explosion. A special engine was dispatched from here to carry doctors and help to the scene of the disaster.

A Tennessee Co[illegible] Sold.

FRANKLIN, March 27.—The Tennessee female college of this city has been sold by its owner, Bishop Hargrove, to a gentleman of North Carolina, named Edington, who requests a meeting of the advisory board Saturday to consult with him. The price and terms of the sale are not made public.

A School of Technology.

From the Capitol Reporter.

We can think of no public enterprise that the general assembly could inaugurate which would bestow such benefits as a school of technology. As we understand such an institution, it is designed for the practical instruction of its pupils so that they are fitted for personal usefulness. In addition to a thorough literary course, each is trained in that branch of the arts and auxiliary sciences which he may select when entering the school. When he leaves as a graduate he is prepared for practical life, skilled as a mechanic, competent to place his own hands to the work if necessary, or superintend and direct the labors of others. By this instrumentality the state would soon be supplied with learned and skilled mechanics and artisans from her own people, such as would increase the merits of our manufactures and advance them to an equality with those of other states and nations.

ALL THROUGH DIXIE.

Richmond, Va., had 42 deaths last week.

Prussic acid is growing in favor with suicides in Texas.

Colonel Charles H. Cabaniss, of South Boston, Va., is dead.

Joaquin Miller will build a cottage at Lake de Funiak, Fla.

The sheriff is now in charge of the Fort Worth, Texas, Democrat.

Captain Couch, of the Oklahoma boomers, is a North Carolinian.

There are forty seven wholesale liquor dealers in North Carolina.

The prohibitory amendment in Texas will be defeated by the senate.

Charlotte, N. C., is being connected by telephone with the neighboring towns.

Rev. Dr. Blum, the rabbi at Galveston, has accepted a call to Augusta, Ga.

A "school of poetry" is talked of in connection with the Texas state university.

The forest fires came very near reaching Sumterville, Fla., but were beaten back.

Nashville will have a hoodlum cart or patrol wagon running after the first of April.

With 87 prisoners packed in the jail at Birmingham, Ala., the situation grows interesting.

Charlotte, N. C., last Thursday shipped $7,000 worth of cotton seed oil to Providence, R. I.

The local option people of Mississippi will run a candidate for the legislature in each county.

A man in California is making arrangements to have ten cottages built for him in Chattanooga.

Down in Alabama the cows begin to die as soon as people begin to trim their mock orange trees.

Fifteen men have been indicted in Sara Sota Fla., for complicity in the murder of Postmaster Abbe.

Robert Adams, a Virginian and machinist, wound up a spree in Mobile the other day by falling dead.

Tourists passing through Montgomery call at the capitol to see the Bible on which Jefferson Davis was sworn in as president.

A remarkable sight was seen in Columbia, S. C., the other day. A man who had found a pocket-book containing $4,500 was hunting for its owner. The whole town turned out to look at the finder.

It is not settled which county will try ex-Sheriff J. D. Foute, of Loudon county, Tenn. Foute lived in Loudon, forged his bills there, sent them to Nashville, where they were cashed, and received the money in Loudon.

THE DAY IN MACON.

THE HOME NINE PLAYS A SPLENDID GAME.

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LOUISVILLES.	R	BH	PO	A	E
Cline, ss	2	1	1	0	0
Browning, cf	1	2	0	1	0
Wolf, r.f.	1	1	1	1	0
Geer, 1b	0	0	5	2	3
Kerins, 2b	2	0	6	0	1
Maskrey, l.f.	0	0	2	0	0
Reccius, p	0	0	1	6	0
Crotty, c	0	1	8	1	2
M'Lau'lin, ss	1	0	0	2	0
Total	7	5	24	13	6

MACONS.	R	BH	PO	A	E
H'inzm'n, 1b	2	1	8	0	0
Collins, ss	1	2	0	3	0
Pfeffer, 2b	2	2	7	2	0
Leslie, r. f.	0	0	1	1	0
Burkalow, c.f.	1	2	0	0	0
Leighton, c.	0	0	6	4	1
Zell, l. f.	0	2	1	0	0
Knouff, p	0	0	0	12	0
Rafferty, 3b	0	0	1	0	0
Total	6	9	27	22	5

Macons	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	—6
Louisvilles	3	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	—7

Two base hits, Collins and Pfeffer; bases on balls, Louisvilles 2, Macons 2; dead balls Louisvilles 1, Macons 3; Umpires, Jemison, of Macon, Barkley, of Louisville; scorer, Burke.

In the game to-morrow the Macons will put Burke in the pitcher's box. No other change will be made. The Louisvilles will be placed as follows: Sullivan, catcher; Hecker pitcher; Kerins, first base; Greer, second base; Miller, third base; McLaughlin, short stop; Maskrey, left field; Browning, center field; Wolf, right field. Barkley will umpire.

He Wanted His Pay.

A SUMMARY PROCEEDING TO COLLECT A DEBT—CARRYING OFF A PRINTING PRESS.

MACON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—John T. McVay has a job printing office under Ellis's drug store, corner Cotton avenue and Cherry street. This afternoon, while McVay was away, Newt. Marshall, a negro formerly employed in the office, went in and told Walter Smith, a lad who was running off a job, that he wanted the money McVay owed him.

Smith told Marshall that he would have to apply to McVay. Marshal replied that he would have his money or stop the work, and detaching a part of the printing press, carried it off. McVay says he will have him arrested.

Closed Out.

MACON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Reviere & Ingram, retail liquor dealers on Mulberry street, were closed out this afternoon by S. Seisel. The firm had an establishment at Thomaston, which was closed yesterday. This affected the business here and caused the failure.

Rehoboth Sunday-School Convention.

THE MEETING LARGELY ATTENDED—PROGRAMME FOR THE THREE DAYS' SESSION.

MACON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—The Rehoboth Sunday-school convention met with the Sunday-school of the First Baptist church to-night at half-past seven o'clock and will continue in session three days. A large number of delegates from points below Macon have already arrived, and to-morrow many more are expected. The exercises of the convention will be full of interest. The following is the programme:

FRIDAY, 7:30 P. M.

1. Prayer and praise meeting.
2. The Sunday-school as an evangelizing agency—Rev. T. C. Boykin, Rev. E. W. Warren.

SATURDAY, 9:30 A. M.

3. Reports of pastors and superintendents.
4. Appointment of committees.
5. If the Sunday school is so important an agency as is claimed, why does it not secure a larger share of time and attention?—Dr. Ryals, Rev. R. T. Goodrum.
6. How and What to Teach—Dr. A. J. Battle, Professor R. T. Asbury. Discussion.

SATURDAY, 3 P. M.

7. Reports of committees.
8. Parental Duties and Obligations—Rev. James Evans, Rev. A. J. Cheves.
9. Good Music—Its necessity as an element of interest and success in the Sunday school—Rev. G. T. Stansbury, Rev. G. H. Perdue. Discussion.

SATURDAY, 7:30 P. M.

10. How to Secure Co-operation and Enthusiasm—Rev. B. L. Ross, Hugh M. Willet.
11. Advantages of Teachers' Meetings—Rev. S. Boykin, L. F. Haddock. Discussion.

SUNDAY, 9:30 A. M.

12. Sunday-School Illustrated—By C. B. Ellis and Rev. T. C. Boykin.

SUNDAY, 11 A. M.

13. Sermon for the Young—By Rev. T. C. Boykin.

SUNDAY, 3 P. M.

14. Children's Massmeeting—Conducted by Rev. T. C. Boykin.

SUNDAY, 7:30 P. M.

15. Sermon—By Rev. A. L. Moncrief.

Death of T. J. Ware, Sr.

MACON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—T. J. Ware, Sr., father of Alderman T. J. Ware, of the fourth ward, died at twelve o'clock to-day at his residence on Oglethorpe street. He will be buried to-morrow in Rose Hill cemetery.

A Youthful Thief.

MACON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Nelson Allen, colored, keeps a small store at the foot of College street near Rose Hill cemetery. He and his family reside next door. This morning, between four and five o'clock, Allen's wife detected a small negro boy leaving the store with his arms full of stolen articles. He had broken open the door and appropriated cigarettes, candy, and canned goods. He made his escape.

Valuable Papers Lost.

MACON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—A young man employed in the law office of Hill & Harris, gave a negro boy some valuable papers yesterday afternoon to carry to General D. H. Hill. Neither boy nor papers have been seen since, and the police are on the lookout for both.

Personal and Otherwise.

MACON, March 27.—[Special.]—Captain I. H. Adams and thirteen members of the Putnam Rifles arrived in Macon last night from New Orleans, and stopped at the Edgerton house. The party left for Eatonton this morning.

C. M. Adams, of Eatonton, spent the day in the city visiting friends and relatives.

M. N. Brannan, editor of the Eufaula daily Mail, was in the city last night. Mr. Brannan is the man that sent President Cleveland a rabbit foot during the presidential campaign. The rabbit foot did its work well.

W. E. Jackson, of Byron, who had his skull fractured in Macon a few nights ago, did not fall into the Edgerton house cellar, but into the cellar of the National hotel.

Walter Adams, recently appointed postal clerk, has resigned the position.

J. A. Callaway and L. N. Callaway, of Milledgeville, were registered at Brown's hotel to-day.

Ex-Mayor Corput went up to his farm at Cave Spring this morning.

Nathan C. Munroe has been appointed a substitute postal clerk between Macon and Montgomery.

The Louisvilles are at Brown's hotel.

Manager Hart says that the Atlantas are the best team in the Southern league that he has yet met.

Superintendent Kline, of the Southwestern railroad, has had some new switches put into the tracks running into the union passenger depot. They are of the Horton patent, and are said to be the best manufactured.

The street railroad crossed Poplar street this afternoon. Mr. T. J. Carling, president of the company, is pushing the work to an early completion.

Warrants were taken out to-day for the arrest of O. F. Waters and St. George Cook for cheating and swindling the proprietress of the boardinghouse on the corner of Third and Pine streets.

Rev. W. B. McGee, a presiding elder in the Southwest Georgia conference of the Methodist church, is at the Wesleyan female college visiting his daughter.

Miss Sallie Lou Nisbet, of Eatonton, is visiting her cousin, Miss Laurette Boykin, on Walnut street.

ATLANTA ON TOP.

The Indianapolis Club Downed in a Well Fought Game.

Those who failed to visit Athletic park yesterday afternoon missed one of the finest exhibitions of ball playing ever given in Atlanta. The hard rain of yesterday morning had rendered the ground very soft and slippery, but, notwithstanding this drawback, both teams did good work. Atlanta's victory over such a team as Indianapolis, especially when they have the renowned Larry McKeon in the box, with Keenan catching him, is one to be proud of. Atlanta presented Bauer and McVey as their battery, and their work was almost perfect, Bauer's speedy left-handed curves proving a puzzle to the hard-hitting hoosiers.

The game opened with Indianapolis at the bat. By sharp hitting and good base running they succeeded in sending two men across the plate in this inning, whitewashing the home team. In the second inning Atlanta got in one run, blanking their opponents. In the fourth Indianapolis added another to their score, leaving the totals three to one in their favor, with things looking decidedly blue for the home team. By plucky uphill fight, however, the home club held the hoosiers down, and in the sixth inning by a streak of tremendous batting, they sent three men around the bases, scoring what proved to be the winning run amidst the wildest enthusiasm. Neither side scored again, but in the visitors' last half of the ninth inning occurred an incident which proved the gameness of the home team. The Indianapolis boys had two men on bases, with Thompson, one of the hardest hitters in the profession, at the bat. The hoosiers gathered on the line and tried to rattle Bauer by chinning, in order to force him to make a wild pitch or put a ball where Thompson could get a full swing at it.

The spectators held their breaths as the giant let go at the ball with his terrible swing. Bauer, however, had the english on it, and the sphere went sailing up into the air directly over third. Cleveland settled himself under it, clinched it desperately as it struck his hands, and the game was won.

The same clubs play this afternoon, and a great game may be looked for. Atlanta will put their mute pitcher in the box, with McVey as the receiving end of the battery; while Indianapolis will be represented by Miller and McGuire. Miller is said to be the swiftest pitcher in the world. Game will be called at 3 p. m.

Following is the score of yesterday's game:

INDIANAPOLIS.	R	BH	PO	A	E
Moriar'y, lf	0	2	0	0	0
Tho'p'n, cf	0	2	1	0	1
Foor'an, rf	1	0	1	0	1
Collins, ss	2	1	0	2	0
McQuery, 1b	0	1	3	0	0
Crane, 2b	0	0	2	2	1
Donnelly, 3b	0	1	2	2	0
Keenan, c	0	1	5	3	2
McKeon, p	0	0	5	3	1
Total	3	8	24	12	6

ATLANTA.	R	BH	PO	A	E
Cahill, ss	1	1	1	3	1
Goldsby, lf	0	1	1	0	0
McVey, c	1	1	5	6	0
Jevne, cf	2	3	1	0	0
Clevel'd, 3b	0	1	5	3	0
Dundon, 1b	0	1	4	0	0
Bauer, p	0	2	5	2	0
Henke, rf	0	0	2	0	1
Bittman, 2b	0	0	3	1	1
Total	4	10	27	15	3

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Indianapolis	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—3
Atlanta	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	—4

The names of the players and their positions for to-day's game are as foollows:

Indianapolis.	Positions.	Atlanta
Miller	Pitcher	Dundon
McGuire	Catcher	McVey
McQuery	1 B	Bauer
Crane	2 B	Bittman
Donnelly	3 B	Cleveland
Collins	Short Stop	Cahill
Moriarty	L. F.	Goldsby
Thompson	C. F.	Jevne
Foorman	R. F.	Henke

Boy Baseballists.

The "Crescents" nine will play their first game this afternoon on their grounds, just below Athletic park, putting up as a battery Arnold and Walker, the bases to be covered by Mitchell, Griffin and Greene. Gay, the boy short stop, will also play; Williams, Weller and Fontaine in the field. They will soon be called the little professionals. The club they play against is a strong one.

Chattanooga's New Pitcher.

CHATTANOOGA, March 27.—[Special.]—The directors of the Chattanooga baseball association have about concluded to sign Ramsey, the pitcher of the old Indianapolis team. Ramsey has a splendid record, and will prove a drawing card for the Chattanoogas.

Sheriff Truss in Trouble.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 27.—[Special.]—A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Sheriff Truss, of this county, charging him with the killing of Henry Sparks, a negro at Wheeling, Thursday night. Truss had a warrant for the arrest of Sparks, and approached to arrest him. Sparks fled. Several shots were fired by the sheriff and his posse. It is not known who fired the fatal shot which killed the negro instantly. This is the second offense of same character Truss has been charged with in less than a year.

Fearful Accident in Vermont.

MONTPELIER, Vt., March 27.—The steam boilers in the mill of the Groton Pond Lumber company, in Groton, exploded last night, killing two men and injuring several others, some of them awfully. The mill was nearly demolished by the explosion. A special engine was dispatched from here to carry doctors and help to the scene of the disaster.

A Tennessee College Sold.

FRANKLIN, March 27.—The Tennessee female college of this city has been sold by its owner, Bishop Hargrove, to a gentleman of North Carolina, named Edington, who requests a meeting of the advisory board Saturday to consult with him. The price and terms of the sale are not made public.

A School of Technology.

From the Capitol Reporter.

We can think of no public enterprise that the general assembly could inaugurate which would bestow such benefits as a school of technology. As we understand such an institution, it is designed for the practical instruction of its pupils so that they are fitted for personal usefulness. In addition to a thorough literary course each pupil is trained in that branch of the arts and auxiliary sciences which he may select when entering the school. When he leaves as a graduate he is prepared for practical life, skilled as a mechanic, competent to place his own hands to the work if necessary, or superintend and direct the labors of others. By this instrumentality the state would soon be supplied with learned and skilled mechanics and artisans from her own people, which would increase the merit of our manufactures and advance them to an equality with those of other states and nations.

ALL THROUGH DIXIE.

Richmond, Va., had 42 deaths last week.

Prussic acid is growing in favor with suicides in Texas.

Colonel Charles H. Cabaniss, of South Boston, Va., is dead.

Joaquin Miller will build a cottage at Lake de Funiak, Fla.

The sheriff is now in charge of the Fort Worth, Texas, Democrat.

Captain Couch, of the Oklahoma boomers, is a North Carolinian.

There are forty seven wholesale liquor dealers in North Carolina.

The prohibitory amendment in Texas will be defeated by the senate.

Charlotte, N. C., is being connected by telephone with the neighboring towns.

Rev. Dr. Blum, the rabbi at Galveston, has accepted a call to Augusta, Ga.

A "school of poetry" is talked of in connection with the Texas state university.

The forest fires came very near reaching Sumterville, Fla., but were beaten back.

Nashville will have a hoodlum cart or patrol wagon running after the first of April.

With 87 prisoners packed in the jail at Birmingham, Ala., the situation grows interesting.

Charlotte, N. C., last Thursday shipped $7,000 worth of cotton seed oil to Providence, R. I.

The local option people of Mississippi will run a candidate for the legislature in each county.

A man in California is making arrangements to have ten cottages built for him in Chattanooga.

Down in Alabama the cows begin to die as soon as people begin to trim their mock orange trees.

Fifteen men have been indicted in Sara Sota Fla., for complicity in the murder of Postmaster Abbe.

Robert Adams, a Virginian and machinist, wound up a spree in Mobile the other day by falling dead.

Tourists passing through Montgomery call at the capitol to see the Bible on which Jefferson Davis was sworn in as president.

A remarkable sight was seen in Columbia, S. C., the other day. A man who had found a pocketbook containing $4,500 was hunting for its owner. The whole town turned out to look at the finder.

It is not settled which county will try ex-Sheriff J. D. Foute, of London county, Tenn. Foute lived in London, forged his bills there, sent them to Nashville, where they were cashed, and received the money in London.

THE PRESIDENT'S HOME LIFE.

A Description of His Family and of Their Mode of Life in Washington.

Washington Correspondence New York Sun.

President Cleveland's home life and surroundings, his habits, his friends, his family and the social atmosphere of the white house for the coming four years are more talked about in Washington than questions of state and politics. The fact that the white house cook has had strict orders to serve breakfast at 8 o'clock and that the president expects every member of the household to sit down with him promptly at that hour is the first change that is noted with interest. This change was made by the express order of Mr. Cleveland himself, and indicates, an observing woman says, that he is master of his own house, and will have the deciding vote on the question of wine on the white house table when it comes to that. It was a matter of surprise to the majority of society people here to find that Mr. Cleveland's immediate family was so numerous. The popular impression was that he was a bachelor, with a maiden sister, who was to be mistress of the white house, and that he had few kindred. On the contrary, society finds a large and robust American family at the white house on the opening week of the administration, and is making many inquiries as to the traits and characteristics of the members. Perhaps a more unostentatious yet self-respectful family circle were never seen around a president than the brother and sisters who came to look upon Grover Cleveland's inauguration. Mr. Cleveland's mother was left

A WIDOW WITH NINE CHILDREN,

and lived to see them growing into substantial usefulness. She died in the homestead at Holland Patent, near Utica, and Lizzie, the daughter who is to preside in the white house, has repurchased this home for the sake of its memories, with her savings as a lecturer to classes of young ladies. The eldest of the children, Anna, married Mr. Hastings, who became a missionary of the American board, and has for many years resided at his post in Ceylon. Two of their children are there with them. The remaining two, a son and a daughter, are in this country. The daughter is a teacher in a young ladies' school at Clinton, New York, where Miss Cleveland formerly taught. The Rev. William Peal Cleveland was graduated at Hamilton college, and is now perhaps fifty-five years old. He has charge of a Presbyterian church at Forestport, Oneida county. Those who have known him long say that he is a man of excellent spirit and judgment and would be capable of filling a much wider pulpit sphere, except for a slight impediment in his speech, which limits him to a small auditorium. His wife, as Miss Thomas, was at one time a favorite soprano in a church choir in New York city, but was a widow with one son when she married Mr. Cleveland. This son and one by her present marriage hold positions of trust in two business firms of Cleveland, Ohio. Mrs. Noval B. Bacon, wife of an architect, residing in Toledo, is the sister who most resembles the president of any of the trio here last week. With her husband she left for home this morning. Mrs. Yeomans, who was represented here by two young and pretty daughters, is the wife of a nurseryman in Walworth, Wayne county. The husband of Mrs. Hoyt,

THE SISTER MARY

of the group, is cashier of the Fayetteville bank, Onondaga county, where the parental home was before its removal to Holland Patent. Mrs. Hoyt presided over the governor's household at Albany till near the time of his election. Miss Rose Elizabeth Cleveland, who was under promise to the management of a seminary in New York city to deliver a course of historical lectures the past winter, cancelled the engagement at her brother's solicitation, and went to preside over his establishment at Albany preliminary to assuming the duties of mistress of the white house. Two brothers, who were lost at sea on a voyage to Cuba, complete the original group. It is a good average American family, but with more than average intelligence and piety, leaning strongly toward the Presbyterian faith. The president and Miss Cleveland were totally averse to being a cynosure at church yesterday, the first Sunday, and remained quietly at home, as did Mrs. Hoyt. The Rev. and Mrs. Cleveland, with Mr. and Mrs. Bacon, attended the New York avenue Presbyterian church, sitting in the pastor's pew. The latter, the Rev. Dr. William Alvin Bartlett, was in college with William Cleveland, graduating the following year. Mrs. Cleveland received with Mrs. Bartlett to-day at her usual Monday reception. As the pastor's pew is occupied only by Mrs. Bartlett, and as there is no other pew that can be emptied, owing to the overcrowded condition of the church, Miss Bartlett will, it is said, yield her proprietary interest to the president and his sister till

PERMANENT ARRANGEMENTS

can be made in the fall. Miss Hastings and her brother left for Clinton on Saturday. The Rev. and Mrs. Cleveland will return to Forestport in a day or two, and Mrs. Hoyt to Fayetteville before the close of the week, so that Miss Cleveland alone will be left with the president by Sunday next. Miss Cleveland has brought with her a substantial northern girl as maid. The president has the nonpareil of valets in William Sinclair, whom he took from Buffalo to Albany. A near friend of the family says: "The president is cordially fond of his brother and sister, but is unaccustomed to asking suggestions from them, and they respect his individual judgment any self-reliance too much to offer them. This is all that need be said in reference to wine at state dinners, which is somewhat worsted now on account of Miss Cleveland's well-known temperance principles." Miss Cleveland has a slender figure, and fair brown hair, which curls naturally and is worn short, but not cropped, a style becoming to the contour of her head. She has a bright, self-possessed manner.

A Manufacturer's Experience—The Cause of Hard Times.

From the Boseon Journal of Commerce.

A large employer of labor, whose experience covers half a century, in both the north and the south, and with both white and colored laborers, writes to the National Temperance Advocate: "It would be a grand move if all manufacturers would require the signing of the pledge. I think they would save thousands from a drunkard's grave." In his earlier experience, with fifty to sixty men in his employ as a contractor, his custom was to pay employes on Saturday nights. He says: "On Monday I would find my gang about twenty-five per cent short from the effects of their drunken revelry. On Tuesday morning they would be on hand but not fit for business. Some would do a half day's work, some three-quarters, and all would work at a disadvantage." Finally he decided to change the pay day from Saturday to Tuesday, and to require all his men to abstain during working hours from drinking intoxicating beverages and also from smoking. A few laborers were dissatisfied and left, but afterward returned and asked to be re-employed, and subsequently united in thanking him for the course he had pursued with them, saying: "We now have money we should not have had, had you not done as you did." Both the employer and employed were benefitted in the quality and the amount of service rendered, and in the amount of money earned and saved, and all that it implies in the home of workingmen.

Another writer says: "If the working people of this country want to know why they have hard times every few years, we can tell them. It is not over-production nor under consumption, as those phrases are commonly employed. If they had kept the $900,000,000 they spend every year for strong drink in their pockets for the past five years of good times, the present temporary lull in manufacturing and business activity would find many of them better able to bear it without being pinched for the necessaries of life. It is the over-consumption of whisky that makes the unconsumption of food and clothing in this land of liberty and liquor. The annual bill for bread, meat, cotton, and woolen goods, of this great American people, foots up a total of about $1,250,000,000. But its annual bill for whisky, beer and taxes thereon, is $1,400,000,000. In other words, it unnecessarily drinks $150,000,000 worth more than it necessarily eats and wears."

Stealing Chickens.

A thief broke open M. G. Stein's chickenhouse last night and stole six chickens. Mr. Stein lives on Cooper street.

Obtaining Goods Under False Pretenses.

T. Winn was arrested last night by Patrolmen Nolan and McWilliams. Winn is charged with obtaining goods under false pretenses. Winn represented to Blount and Scarborough that he was working for a railroad and obtained credit.

Low Necks in the West.

From the Kansas City Star.

There is something exceedingly provincial about this prejudice against dress. We are glad such prejudice are confined to the east. The broader ideas of the west concede to people the personal right to regulate their own costumes. There should be but one requirement about low-necked dresses, and that should be insisted upon rigidly—namely, the neck should be pretty.

Indianapolis vs. Atlanta, to-day.

Friendly Advice.

From the Inter Ocean.

Higgins should not neglect to put a fresh coat of mucilege on the seat of his office chair every morning.

Indianapolis vs. Atlanta to-day.

A PARADISE FOR LAZY MEN.

Where People are Born Tired and Can Live on 75 Cents a Week.

Correspondence of the New York Sun.

Key West has, without exception, the finest climate in the United States. There is always a breeze and rarely a gale, and you may wear a straw hat with propriety every day in the year. It is solely due to the monumental sluggishness of the population that Key West is almost unknown to the tourist and health seeker. Key West is reached by steamers from New York from New Orleans and by a mail steamer from Tampa bay. The key has about as much shape as a camel, but in a general way lies east and west, and contains about six square miles. It is as flat as a pancake, the highest point being sixteen feet above mean sea level. To the casual visitor it looks as though the sea particularly in a storm, would submerge this insignificant rise; but it is a matter of record that it never has. The city proper covers the western end of the key. It is densely settled, and about as un-American as possible, bearing a strong resemblance to a West Indian town. The houses are of wood, plainly built, and with a few exceptions, painted white. There are, I think, only three brick buildings, certainly not more than six. Piazzas abound, and occasionally some lattice work is seen, but there is no attempt at decoration or display. Many of the business houses have no signs, and there is a general air of don't-care-whether-I-sell-or-not about the shops. The houses are of all sizes, jumbled up in the oddest way, and anywhere but on the line of the street. The interior of each block is filled up with one-story shanties, access to which is had by going up alleys, through fences, or over somebody else's yard. The population being 14,000, land is precious. Lots are divided and sub-divided, and houses are built in yards and gardens are wedged in here, there and everywhere, facing sixteen ways for Sunday. Where there is no room for a house they build a stable or a pigpen, and sprinkle chickens around in the corners. The richest people do not disdain to thus add from $3 to $6 a month to their income, although it destroys their privacy and disfigures their grounds.

The streets are of good width, tolerably straight and passably clean. The roadway is coral rock. There is no soil. What passes for soil is merely triturated coral, wonderfully rich in phosphates, and making an excellent fertilizer, but, by itself, deficient in fat. To garden you must use a pick instead of a hoe. No vegetables are raised on the key, and the vegetation is confined mainly to cocoanut trees. Here and there you will find a pine or an oleander, a star of India, or a royal poinciana; but in the main there is a criminal lack of foliage. The nature of the population is thus shown. The key has been settled for fifty years; every tropical or semi-tropical tree, shrub or flower known to man has but to be planted to grow, and the city is bare, hot and verdureless.

The white houses without a vine or climbing flower, the dazzling streets without a tree, and with no sidewalks—dusty and glaring wherever you look—it is enough to make you wish for a hurricane to stir the city's blood. Yet, to the student of sociology, the explanation is plain. The population is to blame, and the climate makes the population.

The colored folk drive the drays and hacks, act as porters and stevedores, and do the bulk of the heavy sitting around. Everybody takes a turn at the latter work, however, and the whole community offers to the historian the most striking example of people born tired. It is an edifying spectacle to northern eyes to see a native of Key West going on an errand or doing a piece of work. Usually he moves like a snail. If you are not particular you can live for 75 cents a week. A stick of sugarcane costs only three cents, bananas and oranges can be hooked from the auctioneers, hominy is cheap, and a string of fish can be caught from any wharf. For a shelter there is little need, save to keep off the rain, and it needs not a house to do that. What a country for a tramp! What a climate for the poor!

There is a wide-spread and serious prevalence of disorders of the kidneys; and of various diseases caused by the imperfect operation of the kidneys and liver. According to Roberts, Thompson, and other recognized authorities, kidney disorders are very common, but the obscurity of their positive symptoms is so marked that many people, ill and out of sorts generally, are really victims of kidney complaint, and they and their physician do not realize it. Rheumatic pains, irregular appetite, frequent headache, chills and fever, "blues," hot and dry skin, sour stomach, dyspepsia, irregular action of the bowels, nervous irritability, muscular soreness, cramps, languor, impairment of memory, loss of virtlity, are among the preliminary evidences of coming kidney and liver derangements. As the disease develops then follow lame back, swelling ankles, pale face, scalding sensations, the water sometimes being very light and abundant, at others scarce, dark-colored and frothy, and abounding in sediment, and, under the microscope, in albumen and tube casts. If the deranged kidneys are not promptly attended to there is danger of the terrible Bright's Disease—hitherto considered incurable, which is a consumption or destruction of the kidneys, the near approach of which alarming disorder should awaken the liveliest concern, for it soon hurries one into the grave unless promptly checked.

Disordered kidneys have the unfortunate effect also of weakening the vigor of the liver, as indicated if one has, besides the above symptoms, yellow spotted skin, fat covered eye-balls, frontal headache after eating, burning and itching skin, cold extremities, hot head, bad circulation of blood, sick headache, nausea, light colored evacuations, constipation, piles, variable appetite and feelings, dizziness, blurred eyesight, liver-cough, ague, chills, fever, wakefulness at night, drowsiness by day, etc.

These are some of the commoner symptoms as laid down by leading medical authorities, and with them in view one ought not to have much trouble in ascertaining if he is suffering from disorders of these great organs.

These observations have been called forth by a double-column article which appears in another place in this paper. Skeptical of some of the statements made therein, and at other times by the same persons, we have been led to make a little study of the matter ourselves, with the above result. These diseases prevail amongst young and old everywhere, resulting in terrible and untimely deaths; they take off more people than epidemics; physicians report death as occurring from such diseases as apoplexy, paralysis, convulsions, heart disease, pneumonia, fevers, etc., when in reality these disorders are often secondary to Bright's disease, and would seldom occur were the kidneys in healthy working condition. Hence, from personal knowledge, or from the trustworthy experience of other competent judges, we believe there is no preparation equal to the remedy that is so prominently mentioned elsewhere in this issue, for preventing and curing the dangerous disorders of which we have written. It has had an extraordinary sale, is everywhere commended, the record of its work seems indisputable, its manufacturers are reputed to be men of the highest standing. We hold, therefore, that not to use it, if needed, would be a crime against one's supremest interests, especially at this time, when, threatened by a fearful epidemic, it is of the highest importance, according to Dr. Koch, the celebrated German cholera specialist, that we keep the kidneys, liver and digestive organs in healthy action, if the scourge would be escaped.

O. I. C.
(Old Indian Cure.)

Is the best blood remedy known. It is a purely vegetable preparation, and never known to fail, though tested in thousands of cases that baffled the skill of physicians.

Dr. Joseph Palmer, Feagin, Ga., writes: "I have used it extensively in my practice twenty years, and do not hesitate to pronounce it a specific for blood diseases in any form."

Dr. F. A. Toomer, Pery, Ga., says: "It is the best blood purifier known, and to suffering woman a God-send for her peculiar ailments."

It will promptly and permanently cure Syphilis in any stage, Scrofula, Eczema, White Swelling, Catarrh, Old Sores, Rheumatism, Ulcers, Tetter and every form of blood disease or skin disease due to impure blood. $1.50 per large bottle.

THE O. I. C. Co., Perry, Ga.

Sold in Atlanta, Ga., wholesale and retail, by Hutchison & Bro., 14 Whitehall, and retail by C. O. Tyner, corner Broad and Marietta. tf.

Patterson & Bowden, undertakers, Markham house block, Atlanta, Ga. fu no

WOOD CARPET & SOLID PARQUET FLOORS
3-8 and 7-8 inch
Borders for Rugs. Wholesale & Retail.
WM. HANNAM & CO., 297 Fifth Ave., New York.
Send 2 ct. Stamp for Designs and Prices.
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MAP SELLINAS IS AS PROFITABLE AS any agenhe in the world. Price reduced one-half. Catalogue free. Address H. C. & F. TUNISON, Atlanta.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street New York

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

At DeGive's Opera House.

The Most Important Event of the Season.

Mr. A. P. Burbank

Tuesday, March 31st, 1885.

The strongest indorsement in America and Europe.
Reserved seats on sale at Phillips & Crews.
General admission, 75 cents.
Reserved seats, $1.00.

G. W. ADAIR.............Auctioneer.

On account of the rain I have postponed THE

KIMBALL HOUSE SALE

Until Saturday, March 28th, at 10 a. m., Sharp.

WHEN I WILL SELL TO THE HIGHEST BIDder several large lots mixed lumber; one lot heavy timbers for moving houses, stone, and building derricks; small lot of splendid new stoves mantels, doors, sash, blinds, iron grating, flooring fencing, cement, tiling, nearly everything used about building, and two frame offices. Contractors, builders, lumber men, stove men, sash and blind dealers, are specially invited to examine today at the Kimball house and lot corner Pryor and Wheat streets, and attend the sale. I shall begin promptly at 10 o'clock. Purchasers can have until Tuesday night to remove what they buy. Some splendid bargains will be offered and will sell quick. So don't fail to be on hand at 10 sharp, and bid lively. G. W. ADAIR.



PRIVATE
Chronic & Nervous Diseases, Quick, Sure Cures, as a written guarantee given in every case undertaken. [Established 1861] Send two stamps for Celebrated Medical Works, Free. Call or write. F. D. CLARKE, M. D., No. 256 VINE STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

REMOVAL.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

A. P. Stewart & Co.

I SHALL VACATE THE PREMISES No. 9 WHITEhall street, on 1st of March, and in the meantime offer great bargains in the line of

Cooking Stoves,
Heating Stoves,
Ranges, Furnaces,
Lard Cans,
Oil Tanks,

Oil Cans, Tubs, Brooms, Feather Dusters, Bird Cages, Toilet Sets, Buckets, Wooden and Metal, Ice Cream Freezers, Iron Pots, Kettles, Skillets Ovens, Kitchen Tin and Brass Ware, Coffee Pots, etc. Also, an extensive assortment of

PLUMBING GOODS,

Chandeliers, Bibcocks, Glone Valves, Piping of all kinds, Bath Tubs, Water-closet Fixtures. Galvanized Iron Ware, together with everything in the of House Furnishing Goods.

Don't forget the sign of the "BIG DOG," 9 Whitehall St.

5thp R. H. KNAPP, Assignee.

Wood Mantels

We carry a stock of about 1,000 Hard-Wood Mantels of about 65 patterns and sizes in price from $10 upward. Designs and estimates submitted.

The Robt. Mitchell Furniture Co., CINCINNATI

THE OPIUM HABIT
CURED IN TWO WEEKS!
And On the Most Fair and Safe Terms.

I want it distinctly and emphatically understood that you are not to pay one cent for medicine or board till you could conscientiously be qualified that you are free of the habit. Address
J. A. NELMS, M. D.
Smyrna, Cobb county, Ga.

RECEIVER'S SALE.

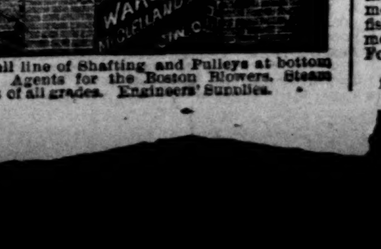
I CAN OFFER THE TRADE GREAT BARgains in

Flat Papers,
Letter Papers,
Bill and Note Heads,
Blank Books,
Writing Pads,
Pens, Inks, Pencils,

And a most complete assortment of papetric of the most beautiful designs at W. G. Robinson's old stand, corner of Pryor and Hunter streets.

R. H. KNAPP,
Receiver.

5th page



Full line of Shafting and Pulleys at bottom prices. Agents for the Boston Blowers. Steam Pumps of all grades. Engineers' Supplies.

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.

Richmond and Danville RAILWAY SYSTEM.

The Great Through Car Route —WITH— DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS AND THROUGH SLEEPING CAR SERVICE COMPLETE BETWEEN THE SOUTH AND NORTH 72 MILES SHORTER —AND— 8 HOURS QUICKER Than any other route To Washington and the East.

Richmond and Danville Railroad Time One Hour Faster Than Atlanta City Time.

Schedule in effect, Oct. 12th, 1884.	Mail and Express No. 53.	Express No. 51.
Leave Atlanta (City Time)	7 40 a m	5 00 p m
Leave Atlanta (R. & D. Time)	8 40 a m	6 00 p m
" Lula	11 04 a m	8 41 p m
" Greenville	2 50 p m	12 35 a m
" Charlotte	6 30 p m	5 30 a m
" Salisbury	7 53 p m	7 17 a m
" Greensboro	9 28 p m	9 20 a m
Arrive Danville	11 10 p m	11 20 a m
Leave Danville	11 30 p m	11 45 a m
" Lynchburg	1 55 a m	3 00 p m
" Charlottsville	3 50 a m	5 25 p m
Arrive Washington	8 00 a m	10 25 p m
Leave Washington	8 20 a m	11 15 p m
Arrive Baltimore	9 20 a m	12 30 a m
" Philadelphia	12 45 p m	3 40 a m
" New York	3 40 p m	6 40 a m
" Boston	6 25 am	8 30 p m
Leave Danville	12 40 a m	11 25 a m
" Burkville	5 20 a m	3 00 p m
Arrive Richmond	7 00 a m	4 58 p m

GAINESVILLE ACCOMMODATION—DAILY.

Leave Atlanta city time	4 30 p m
Arrive Gainesville	6 40 p m
RETURNING.	
Leave Gainesville city time	6 00 a m
Arrive Atlanta	8 20 a m

ONLY 31 HOURS TRANSIT

ATLANTA TO NEW YORK.

The Only Line Running Pullman Buffet and Sleeping Cars, without change, Atlanta to New York via Washington.

Births secured and numbers given ten days in advance in these cars. Train number 53 has Pullman Palace cars New Orleans to Washington.

Train number 51 has Pullman Buffet and Sleeping Car Atlanta to New York.

Two daily trains for Athens, Ga. EXCEPT SUNDAY.

E. BERKELY, Superintendent, Atlanta, Ga.
C. W. CHEARS, Ass. Gen. Pass. Agt. Atlanta, Ga.
M. SLAUGHTER, Gen. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.
C. E. SERGEANT, City Pass. Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

KENNESAW ROUTE.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

The following time card in effect Sunday, January 18th, 1885.

NORTHBOUND.

NO. 3 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leaves Atlanta .... 8 00 a m
Arrive Dalton .... 11 50 n'n
" Chattanooga .... 1 15 p m
Stops at all important stations.

NO. 1 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leaves Atlanta .... 2 40 p m
Arrive Dalton .... 6 38 p m
" Chattanooga .... 8 02 p m

NO. 14, ROME EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.
Leaves Atlanta .... 3 55 p m
Arrive Rome .... 7 05 p m
Stops at all way stations and by signals.

No. 17, MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays
Leaves Atlanta .... 4:40 p m
Arrives Marietta .... 5:30 p m
Stops at all way stations, and by signals.

NO. 11, EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leaves Atlanta .... 11 40 p m
Arrives Chattanooga .... 5 15 a m

NO. 19. KENNESAW EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leaves Atlanta .... 5 00 p m
Arrive Dalton .... 8 57 p m
Arrives Chattanooga .... 10 15 p m
Stop at all important stations when signalled.

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS

No. 1 has Pullman Palace cars Jacksonville to Cincinnati, without change.
No. 14 runs solid to Rome.
No. 11 has Pullman car Jacksonville, Fla., to St. Louis without change.
No. 19 has through first-class coaches Atlanta to Little Rock without change, via McKenzie

SOUTHBOUND.

NO. 4 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leave Chattanooga .... 8 00 a m
Leave Dalton .... 9 32 a m
Arrive Atlanta .... 1 25 p m
Stops at all important way stations

NO. 2 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leave Chattanooga .... 2 45 p m
Arrive Atlanta .... 8 07 p m

NO 12, EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leaves Chattanooga .... 10 25 p m
Arrive Atlanta .... 8 40 a m
Stops at all important way stations.

NO. 14, ROME EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.
Leaves Rome .... 8 00 a m
Arrive Atlanta .... 11 15 a m
Stops at all way stations and by signals.

No. 17, MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.
Leaves Marietta .... 7 35 a m
Arrive Atlanta .... 8 40 a m

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.

No. 4 has Pullman Palace cars Cincinnati to Jacksonville, without change.
No. 12 has Pullman car St. Louis to Jacksonville without change.

JOS. M. BROWN, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent.
ALTON ANGIER, Assistant Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent.
B. A. ANDERSON, General Superintendent.

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE —VIA— Atlanta & West Point R.R.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., March 8th, 1885.

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST LINE Between Georgia, South Carolina and the North to NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS and all points in the Southwest. Three daily PULLMAN SLEEPERS Between Washington, Atlanta and Mobile and New Orleans.

TAKING EFFECT SUNDAY, MARCH 8TH, 1885.

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 50.	No. 52.
Lv. Atlanta	1 30 pm	11 40 pm
Ar Fairburn	2 15 pm	12 28 am
" Palmetto	2 28 pm	1 43 am
" Newnan	2 57 pm	1 14 am
" Grantville	3 26 pm	2 45 am
" Hogansville	3 39 pm	2 01 am
" LaGrange	4 07 pm	3 33 am
" West Point	4 40 pm	3 09 am
" Opelika	5 28 pm	3 58 am
" Columbus	7 22 pm	5 46 am
" Montgom'y	7 45 pm	6 30 am
" Pensacola	5 03 am	6 25 pm
" Mobile	2 40 am	2 00 pm
Ar. N. Orleans	7 45 am	7 30 pm

NORTH BOUND TRAINS.

	No. 51.	No. 53.
Lv. N. Orleans	8 20 pm	8 00 am
" Mobile	1 15 am	1 35 pm
" Montgom'y	9 00 am	9 00 pm
" Columbus	8 45 am	9 05 pm
" Opelika	11 30 am	11 35 pm
" West Point	12 22 pm	12 29 am
" LaGrange	12 52 pm	1 03 am
" Hogansville	1 19 pm	1 33 am
" Grantville	1 32 pm	1 48 am
" Newnan	2 00 pm	2 18 am
" Palmetto	2 30 pm	2 48 am
" Fairburn	2 48 pm	3 02 am
Ar. Atlanta	3 30 pm	3 45 am

Pullman sleepers between Atlanta and New Orleans on all trains.

Western railroad sleepers on trains 52 and 53 between Atlanta and Montgomery.

Train 52 connects at Montgomery with trains for Selma and Eufaula.

CECIL GABBETT, Gen'l Manager, } Montgomery,
CHAS. H. CROMWELL, G. P. A., } Ala.
A. J. ORME, General Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

HOTEL OCEANIC!
BARNEGAT CITY, Ocean Co., N. J.

Opens June 9th. On the Island of Long Beach, five miles at sea. Temperature seldom above 75°. Immediate relief from Hay Fever and Asthma. Best fishing and bathing on the Jersey coast. Accommodation for 200 guests, first class in every respect For terms and circulars, address

M. H. BUZBY, Proprietor, Masonville, N. J.
feb28—d39t sat mon wed

SPRING.
NEW GOODS!

For the past ten days we have been receiving new and artistic designs in Jewelry, Silverware, Art Goods, etc. We are offering

WATCHES

at prices NEVER BEFORE QUOTED in this city. Call and investigate for yourself.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,
Jewelers,
31 WHITEHALL STREET

FOR SALE

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

WE ARE OFFERING THREE VERY ELIGIBLE sites for factories of any description, on Shipyard creek, Cooper river, Charleston, S. C., between the Edisto Phosphate Company's works and the Charleston Oil Campany's mill; nineteen feet of water, bluff landing. Each site has a frontage of about 250 feet.

Land surveyed and plat may be seen at our office.

Will be sold separately or as a whole.

Terms easy.

thu sat tues 6m E. COFFIN & CO. Charleston, S. C.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, lost manhood, etc. I will send you a valuable treatise upon the above diseases, also directions for self-cure, free of charge. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $75,000.
Tickets Only $5. Shares in Proportion.

L.S.L.
Louisiana State Lottery Com'y

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty fairness and good faith toward all parties and we authorise the Company to use this certificate with fac-similes of our signatures attached in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early
Commissioners.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of one million dollars—to which a reserve fund of over five hundred and fifty thousand dollars has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D. 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place Monthly.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. FOURTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS D, IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, April 14, 1885—179th Monthly Drawing.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $75,000.
100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each. Fractions, in Fifths, in proportion.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1	CAPITAL PRIZE		$75,000
1	do	do	25,000
1	do	do	10,000
2	PRIZES OF $6000		12,000
5	do	2000	10,000
10	do	1000	10,000
20	do	500	10,000
100	do	200	20,000
300	do	100	30,000
500	do	50	25,000
1000	do	25	25,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9	Approximation Prizes of $750		6,750
9	do	do 500	4,500
9	do	do 250	2,250

1967 Prizes, amounting to $265,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. POSTAL NOTES, Express Money Orders or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by express (all sums of five dollars and upwards by express at our expense) to

M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La.
or M. A. DAUPHIN, 607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered Letters to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

Louisiana State Lottery

For Tickets or further information of the above Lottery, address

Dave C. Johnston, Covington, Ky.

Amounts of $5.00 and over, by Express at my expense

I AM SELLING OUT

—The Stock of—

CLOTHING

—Saved from My Store in the—

JAMES' BANK FIRE

At ridiculously Low Prices, for Cash only. Don't forget—CASH ONLY, but DIRT CHEAP. The entire stock

MUST BE SOLD THIS WEEK!

—SO COME EARLY—

STOREROOM

On Cor. Whitehall and Hunter Sts., Will be Opened to the Trade

At 8:30 O'Clock This Morning.

A. B. ANDREWS.

DIAMONDS
FINE JEWELRY,
SOLID SILVER
BRIDAL PRESENTS.
LARGEST STOCK, NEWEST STYLES and Lowest Prices.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue.
J. P. STEVENS & CO.,
FACTORY & SALESROOM,
ATLANTA, GA.

W. H. PATTERSON,
BOND AND STOCK BROKER,
24 Pryor Street.

WANTED.—Central R. R. stock and Debentures.
Georgia State bonds.
Atlanta 7s due 1904.
Columbus city Bonds.
FOR SALE—Southwestern R. R. Stock.
A. & W. Pt. R R. Stock and Debentures.
Rome, Ga., 6s, due 1910.
Georgia Pacific 1st, 6s.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
With Interest on Deposits.

TO ENCOURAGE AND STIMULATE THE DISposition to economize and save by our laboring population

The Gate City National Bank

Has instituted a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, and on and after the first day of January 1885, it will issue TIME CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, bearing FOUR PER CENT INTEREST for any amount not less than $5.
L. J. HILL,
President Gate City National Bank.
E. S. McCANDLESS, Cashier. 1st col 6p

WE TRANSACT A GENERAL BANKING BUSIness, buy and sell Exchange, discount approved paper. Allow interest at rate of five per cent per annum on time deposits.

MADDOX, RUCKER & CO.
BANKERS.

JAMES' BANK.
Established 1860.

DOES AN EXCHANGE AND BANKING BUSIness of all kinds, the same as other banks. Accounts of banks, merchants and others thankfully received. Allows interest on time deposits. City collections made free. Open 8 to 4.
1y JOHN H. JAMES, Banker.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, March 27, 1885.

Money continues in good supply at 8 per cent.

New York exchange buying at par to ⅛ premium; selling at ¼ premium.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked
Ga. 6s	105	107	R. R. Bonds con. Ga. R. 6s, 1910	105	107½
Ga. 7, 1886	101	106	Ga. R. 6s, 1922	105	108
Ga. 7s, gold	111	113	Cen. R. 7s, 1893	111	113
Ga. 7s, 1896	122	125	C. C. & A. 1st	106	108
S. C., Brown	104	107	A. & C. 1st	109	112
Savannah 5s	88	90	A. & C. inc	70	75
Atl'ta 8s, 1902	118	120	M. & A. ind	98	100
Atl'ta 8s, 1892	107	110	W. of Ala. 1st	108	110
Atl'ta 7s, 1904	111	114	do. 2d	110	113
Atl'ta 7s, 1899	109	112	Ga. Pac. ind	96	98
Atl'ta 6s, L.D.	103	105	E. T. V. & G. 1st		
Atl'ta 6s, S.D.	100	103	consol. 5s	47	49
Atl'ta 5s	95	96	RAILROAD STOCKS.		
Augusta 7s	105	107	Georgia	150	153
Macon 6s	103	106	At. & Char	65	70
Columbus 5s	86	88	Southwest'n	115	117
ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.			S. Carolina	5	10
Atl'ta Nat'l	200	—	Central	74	77
M'ch'ts B'k	103	110	Central deb	91	93
B'k State Ga	120	150	Aug. & Sav	116	118
Gate City Nat	100	105	A. & W. Pt	95	97
RAILROAD BONDS.			do. deb	95	97
Ga. R. 6s, 1897	104	106	C. C. & A	15	18

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported in the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The stock market, like yesterday, was chiefly affected by the Russo-English war rumors. Many speculators have sent orders to the commission houses to buy on opening declaration of war, although conservative operatives, including leading financiers, assert that the first effect will be a reduction in prices, and cite the effect of the Prussian war in support of their assertion. The declaration of two per cent. quarterly dividend by Lackawanna and passing of dividend by Lake Shore also influenced prices. The opening was irregular but considerable strength was soon developed and prices advanced, but the advance was quickly followed by reaction to the lowest. After midday the market, although irregular and feverish, made decided gains and many stocks closed at the highest of the day. Lackawanna closed 1⅞ per cent. higher, St. Paul, preferred, 1⅛, common ⅜ lower, Pacific Mail 1 higher, Lake Shore 1⅞ lower. The other stocks less than ⅛ either way. Sales 241,000 shares.

Exchange 484¼. Money 1. Sub-treasury balances: Coin $115,160,000; currency $24,689,000. Governments quiet; 4s 122½; 3s 101¼ bid. State bonds dull.

Ala Class A 2 to 5	88	Mobile & Ohio	8
do. Class B 5s	103	N. & C.	33
Ga. 6s	100½	N. O. Pac firsts	60
Ga. 7s mortgage	104	N. Y. Central	93¼
North Carolinas	30	Norfolk & W'n pre	21
do. new	18	Northern Pac	17⅛
do. funding	10	do. preferred	41
S. C. con. Brown	107	Pacific Mail	51⅝
Tennessee 6s	47⅛	Reading	15
Virginia 6s	39	Rich. & Allegheny	1½
Virginia consols	42½	Richmond & Dan	49
Chesap'ke & Ohio	5⅛	Rich. & W. P. Ter'l	22¼
Chicago & N. W.	94	Rock Island	115¾
do. preferred	130½	St. Paul	69¾
Den & Rio Grande	7⅝	do. preferred	108
Erie	12⅝	Texas Pacific	11¼
East Tenn. R. R.	3¼	Union Pacific	44¼
Lake Shore	62⅜	Wab. St. L. & Pac	4
L. & N.	31¼	do. preferred	11¼
Memphis & Char	37	Western Union	57½
*Bid †Ex-dividend		*Offered ‡Asked	

LONDON, March 21—2 p. m.—The stock market and but, although an uneasy feeling prevails are slight little business is being done. Home funds weaken [illegible] better. Foreign funds continue to are better. [illegible] American railway securities

THE COTTON MARKET.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, March 27, 1885.

New York—Cotton closed dull but steady for futures with no quotations change in prices. Spots, middling 11 3-16c.

Net receipts for the week ending to-day 28,797 bales, against 32,074 bales last week and against 52,836 bales for the corresponding week last year; exports for the week 33,093 bales; same time last 73,859 bales; stock 701,766 bales; same time last year 745,458 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York to-day:

OPENED.		CLOSED.	
March	11.11@11.15	March	11.14@11.15
April	11.08@	April	11.10@11.11
May	11.20@11.22	May	11.22@11.24
June	11.33@	June	11.36@11.37
July	11.38@11.40	July	11.42@11.43
August	11.47@	August	11.49@11.50
September	11.10@	September	11.14@11.15
October	10.63@10.65	October	10.65@10.66

Closed dull but steady; sales 44,400 bales.

Liverpool—Futures closed barely steady. Spots—Uplands 6d; Orleans 6 1-16d; sales 7,000 bales, of which 5,100 bales were American; receipts 12,000; American 9,900.

Local—Cotton quiet; nothing doing. We quote: **Strict good middling 10¾c; good middling 10 11-16c; middling 10⅝c; strict low middling 10 9-16c; low middling 10½c; tinges 9 15-16c; middling stains** [illegible]**@10 5-16c.**

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for to-day:

RECEIPTS.	
By wagon	8
Air-Line Railroad	2
Georgia Railroad	1
Central Railroad	—
Western and Atlantic Railroad	—
West Point Railroad	17
E. Tenn., Va. and Ga. Railroad	2
Georgia Pacific Railroad	—
Total	25
Receipts previously	168,297
Total	168,322
Stock September 1	997
Grand total	169,319
SHIPMENTS.	
Shipments to-day	249
Shipments previously	146,604
By local spinners	2,889
Consumption since September 1	6,243
Total	155,983
In fact stock on hand	13,334

The following is our comparative statement:

Receipts to-day	25
Same day last year	153
Showing a decrease of	128
Receipts since September 1	168,322
Same time last year	143,660
Showing an increase of	24,662

NEW YORK, March 27—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending to-day:

Net receipts at all United States ports	28,797
Same time last year	52,836
Showing a decrease	24,039
Total receipts	4,525,948
Same time last year	4,554,069
Showing a decrease	28,121
Exports for the week	33,093
Same time last year	73,859
Showing a decrease	39,766
Total exports to date	3,304,057
Same time last year	3,241,829
Showing an increase	62,228
Stock at all United States ports	701,766
Same time last year	745,458
Showing a decrease	43,692
Stock at interior towns	80,896
Same time last year	73,082
Showing an increase	7,814
Stock at Liverpool	1,005,000
Same time last year	1,066,000
Showing a decrease	61,000
American cotton afloat for Great Britain	140,000
Same time last year	173,000
Showing a decrease	33,000

NEW YORK, March 27—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all United States ports since September 1, 1884.

Galveston	449,072
New Orleans	1,456,188
Mobile	225,875
Savannah	697,784
Charleston	506,111
Wilmington	91,235
Norfolk	535,135
Baltimore	53,146
New York	81,540
Boston	77,973
Newport News	55,774
Philadelphia	39,453
West Point	209,110
Brunswick	9,703
Port Royal	4,665
Pensacola	22,868
City Point	400
Indianola	10,385
Total	4,525,948

NEW YORK, March 27—The Post's cotton market report says: Future deliveries are in moderate demand, and advanced, March to August inclusive 4@5-100; then the market became dull and weak. At the third call only 100 bales March sold at 11.16; bids were refused of 11.10 for April, 11.23 for May, 11.36 for June, 10.65 for October and 10.49 for November and December. Futures closed quiet, April to August inclusive 2-100 higher than yesterday.

MANCHESTER, March 27—Cloth steady and somewhat inactive. Yarn dull and somewhat irregular.

The Guardian, in its commercial article says: There is little change in the market. Producers hold firmly to the improved quotations. There has been some business for China and India, but the inquiry has been small and buying cautious.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, March 27—Noon—Cotton dull and somewhat irregular; middling uplands 6; middling Orleans 6 1-16; sales 7,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 12,000; American 9,900; uplands low middling clause April and May delivery 5 60-64, 5 61-64; May and June delivery 6 1-64, 6 2-64; June and July delivery 6 5-64, 6 6-64; July and August delivery 6 8-64, 6 9-64; August and September delivery 6 12-64, 6 13-64; September and October delivery 6 7-64, 6 8 64; October and November delivery 5 59-64, 5 60-64; futures opened quiet and steady.

Weekly—Sales 45,000; American 31,000; speculation 1,700; export 3,500; actual export 4,600; import 62,000; American 53,000; stock 1,005,000; American 781,000; afloat 192,000; American 140,000.

LIVERPOOL, March 27—2:00 p. m.—Sales of American 5,100 bales; uplands low middling clause March delivery 5 60-64, buyers; March and April delivery 5 60 64, buyers; April and May delivery 5 61-64, buyers; May and June delivery 6 1-64, buyers; June and July delivery 6 5-64, buyers; July and August delivery 6 [illegible]-64, sellers; August and September delivery 6 13-64, sellers; September and October delivery 6 8-64, sellers; October and November delivery 5 60-64, buyers; futures quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL, March 27—5:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause March delivery 5 61-64, value; March and April delivery 5 61-64, value; April and May delivery 5 62-64, sellers; May and June delivery 6 2-64, buyers; June and July delivery 6 6-64, buyers; July and August delivery 6 10-64, sellers; August and September 6 13-64, buyers; September and October delivery 6 8-64, buyers; October and November delivery 5 61-64, sellers; futures closed steady.

NEW YORK, March 27—Cotton quiet and steady; sales 151 bales; middling uplands 11 3-16; middling Orleans 11 7-16; net receipts 61; gross 2,112; consolidated net receipts to-day 4,279; exports to Great Britain 2,508.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,762; gross 25,848; exports to Great Britain 7,557; to France 150; to continent 700; sales 484; stock 352,070.

GALVESTON, March 27—Cotton dull; middling 10 11-16; net receipts 212 bales; gross 212; sales none; stock 19,181.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,300; gross 1,356; sales 555; exports coastwise 1,037.

NORFOLK, March 27—Cotton quiet; middling 10⅞; net receipts 733 bales; gross 733; stock 16,345; sales —.

Weekly—Net receipts 3,125; gross 3,125; sales 1,199; exports to Great Britain 1,931; coastwise 2,440.

WILMINGTON, March 27—Cotton quiet; middling 10⅝; net receipts 38 bales; gross 38; sales none; stock 1,320.

Weekly—Net receipts 287; gross 287; sales none; exports coastwise 262.

SAVANNAH, March 27—Cotton steady; middling 10⅝; net receipts 264 bales; gross 564; sales 2,800; stock 20,358.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,896; gross 1,905; sales 3,730; exports coastwise 2,866.

NEW ORLEANS, March 27—Cotton steady; middling 10 9-16; net receipts 1,683 bales; gross 1,728; sales 2,000; stock 223,729.

Weekly—Net receipts 12,037; gross 12,738; sales 15,000; exports to Great Britain 10,985; to France 3,217; to continent 2,051; coastwise 7,131.

MOBILE, March 27—Cotton quiet; middling 10 7-16; net receipts 291 bales; gross 291; sales 200; stock 28,502.

Weekly—Net receipts 684; gross 686; sales 1,800; exports coastwise 805.

MEMPHIS, March 27—Cotton quiet; middling 10½; net receipts 524 bales; shipments 3,662; sales 800; stock 53,948.

Weekly—Net receipts 2,447; shipments 9,071; sales 8,700; sales to spinners —.

AUGUSTA, March 27—Cotton [illegible]; middling 10⅜; net receipts 74 bales; shipments —; sales 1,641; stock [illegible] Net receipts 618; shipments 1,507; sales [illegible], to spinners none.

CHARLESTON, March 27—Cotton quiet; middling 10¾; net receipts 524 bales; gross 524; sales none; stock 13,829.

Weekly—Net receipts 2,806; gross 2,806; sales 1,700; exports to Great Britain 1,945; coastwise 2,699.

MONTGOMERY, March 27—Cotton quiet; middling 10⅝; net receipts of the week 447 bales; shipments 1,041; stock of 1885, 3,440; 1884, 4,220; sales 1,041.

MACON, March 27—Cotton firm; middling 10⅛; net receipts of the week 16 bales; sales 29; stock of 1885, 1,479; 1884, 1,522; shipments 18.

COLUMBUS, March 27—Cotton quiet; middling 10¾; net receipts of the week 153 bales; shipments 140; sales 1,106; to spinners—; stock 3,684.

NASHVILLE, March 27—Cotton weak; middling 10½; net receipts of the week 174 bales; shipments none; sales 52; to spinners 47; stock of 1885, 3,461; 1884, 4,793.

SELMA, March 27—Cotton dull; middling 10⅜; net receipts of the week 115 bales; shipments 182; stock 1885, 3,202.

ROME, March 27—Cotton quiet; middling 10⅜; low middling 10⅛; good ordinary 10⅛; net receipts of the week 50 bales; sales to spinners 310; stock 1,880.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movements in Grain and Produce.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, March 27—On 'change to-day values were unsettled with extraordinary activity at the opening, with numerous buying orders and the highest prices of the day were current. At the opening speculative trading was about an average, outsiders entering quite as well. As yesterday, little was talked of but consols and war. Wheat was nervous and unsettled early in the day, opening anywhere around 83c for May. June was steadier at 84⅝c This quickly declined on the absence of violent war news ⅝c, but subsequently strengthened and advanced ⅝c.

Corn held quite steady with fluctuations confined to narrow limits. Towards the close there was not much attention paid to it. No. 2 cash sold at 40⅝c.

Oats were very lightly traded in, and moved but slightly one way or the other.

Provisions opened firm and active at an advance of 7½c in pork and 2½c in lard, but after a further slight advance the market became heavy, under free offerings and bearish efforts of leading houses, breaking off in an irregular way 15c from the top price in pork, but later recovering and closing at outside figures.

Special to S. H. Phelan.

CHICAGO, March 27—Wheat ruled irregular, and the advance was well sustained. The foreign news was rather more pacific. It is understood that an extension of time until Monday has been granted by England for Russia to accede to the terms of the former's ultimatum. This looks more like a peaceful solution of the difficulty. The market was steady at the close and is not so feverish. Crop reports are unchanged, except that the weather is reported as more favorable.

Corn steady, without much business in a speculative way.

Provisions closed firmer at about outside prices. The export trade in lard has shown an improvement in the last three days.

Estimates for to-morrow: 10,000 hogs, 47 cars wheat, 385 cars corn, 142 cars oats. New York exports 15 boats wheat, 20 boats corn. On the curb May wheat brought 82½c.

CHARLES C. COUNSELMAN & Co.

Special to S. H. Phelan.

CHICAGO, March 27—We have plenty of exciting news, but there are too many unbelievers. The closing was rather steady, with sellers at 81¼ for May. The position taken now is that Russia will back down when she sees England's determination, chiefly from lack of money, but all the news indicates war. To-morrow will be a day of more or less suspense, waiting for news from Russia, and the bears will probably improve it in getting the market down and buy at the decline.

Provisions generally firm independently of wheat, but trade was light, closing at $12 37½ for pork, $6.25 for ribs, $6.97½ for lard. We should buy May wheat at 80½c. McDERMID & Co.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, March 27, 1884.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
WHEAT.				
March	77¼	77¼	77⅛	77⅛
PORK.				
March	12 25	12 25	12 25	12 25
CLEAR RIB SIDES.				
March	6 10	6 12½	6 10	6 12½

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, March 27—Flour—Best patent $5.50@$6.25; extra fancy $5.00@$5.25; fancy $4.75@$5.00; choice family $4.25@$4.50; family $3.75@$4.00; extra $3.00@$3.75. Wheat—No. 2 red $1.01. Bran—Large sacks $1.00; small $1.05. Corn Meal—64@66c. Grits—$3.75@4.00. Corn—No. 2 white mixed 62c; St. Charles white 65c; No. 2 white 63c; No. 2 white mixed 58c; No. 2 mixed 56c. Oats—White 47½c; No. 2 mixed 45c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, $1.00; small bales $1.00; No. 2, large bales, 95c; small bales 95c; Tennessee mixed 85c; clover 85c. Peas—Red $1.15; clay $1.20; mixed $1.05@$1.10.

BALTIMORE, March 27—Flour higher for family and active for the lower grades; Howard street and western superfine $2.75@$3.00; extra $3.20@$3.65; family $3.85@4.75; city mills superfine $2.75@$3.00; extra $3.25@$3.65; Rio brands $4.52@$4.75. Wheat, southern higher; western higher and dull; southern red 92@93; amber 98½@$1.00; No. 1 Maryland 93 asked; No. 2 western winter red spot 88@88¼. Corn, southern higher and firm; western higher and inactive; southern white 54@54½; yellow 51@52.

CHICAGO, March 27—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat unsettled; prices opened higher but quickly declined 1¼c amid considerable excitement and closed very nearly the same as yesterday; No. 2 March 76¾@78; April 77@78⅛; May 81¾@83; No. 2 red 80¾@81. Corn more quiet and steady and closed about the same as yesterday; cash 38⅞; March and April 38⅝@38¾; May 42⅝@42⅝. Oats steady, prices showing very little change; cash 28@30⅛; March and April 28; May 31½@31⅝.

NEW YORK, March 27—Flour, southern firm; common to fair extra $3.20@$4.25; good to choice $4.30@$5.40. Wheat, spot ½@1½c, higher; ungraded white 92; No. 2 red April 90⅝@91⅜; May 92¼@93. Corn, spot opened a shade stronger; ungraded 49@50; ungraded white 53½; No. 2 March 50@[illegible]. Oats ½@¼c lower and fairly active; No. 2 37⅛. Hops dull and unchanged; common to choice 10@17.

ST. LOUIS, March 27—Flour firmer. Wheat very unsettled; cash higher; No. 2 red fall 86¼ cash; May 88⅝@90. Corn higher; No. 2 mixed cash 39¼; April 39⅝@39⅝. Oats nominally firm, nothing done; 33 cash.

CINCINNATI, March 27—Flour a shade higher; family $3.60@$4.00; fancy $4.10@$4.40. Wheat stronger; No. 2 red winter 86@87. Corn in good demand; No. 2 mixed 45. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 34.

LOUISVILLE, March 27—Wheat, steady and unchanged; No. 2 red winter 85. Corn, No. 2 white 46½. Oats, No. 2 mixed 35.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, March 27—Coffee—Fancy Rio 11½@12½c; choice 11c; prime 10½c; fair 10@10½c; ordinary 9@10c. Sugar—Cut loaf 8c; powdered 7½c; standard granulated 6⅝@7c; standard A 6½c; off A 6¼c; white extra C 6c; yellow C 5½@5⅞c; New Orleans plantation granulated 6½c; choice white clarified 6⅛c; prime white clarified 6⅛c; choice yellow 6⅛c; prime choice seconds 5⅞@6c. Syrups—New Orleans fancy kettle 60c; choice kettle 55c; prime kettle 50c; choice centrifugal 45c; prime cut 35@37c; fair do. 27@33c; fancy sugar syrup 50c; do. choice 45c; do. prime 30@35. Teas—Black 40@60; green 40@60. Nutmegs 80c. Cloves 25c. Allspice 12c. Cinnamon 25c. Sago 50c. African ginger 18c. Mace 80c. Pepper 20c. Crackers—Milk 7½c; Boston butter 8c; pearl oyster 6½c; X soda 5½c; XXX do. 6c. Candy—Assorted stick 9c. Mackerel—No. 3 bbls $5.50; 15, ½ bbls $3.50; do. ¼ bbls $2.00; kits 45. Soap $2.00@$5.00 ⅌ 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 14c. Matches—Round wood, ⅌ gross $1.20; ⅌ 200 $1.74; ⅌ 300 $3.75; ⅌ 400 $4.50. Soda, in kegs 4½c; in boxes 5½c. Rice—Choice 7c; prime 6¼c. Salt—Liverpool $1.25; Virginia 80c. Cheese—Fall cream 13½@14c; factory 11@13c; ¾ cream 10c.

NEW YORK, March 27—Coffee, spot fair Rio quiet at 8¾; No. 7 Rio spot and April 7.25. Sugar unchanged and quiet; fair to good refining 4 11-16@4 13-16; refined quiet; C 4¾@4⅞; extra C 5@5⅛; white extra C 5¼@5⅜; yellow 4⅛@4⅝; off A 5 1-16; mould A 6; standard A 5⅝; confectioners A 5 13-16@5⅞; cut loaf and crushed 6 7-16@6½; powdered 6@6⅛; granulated 6; Cubes 6 7-16; Molasses steady; refining 18. Rice firm; domestic 4¾@6⅛; rangoon 4¼@4⅞.

NEW ORLEANS, March 27—Coffee dull; Rio cargoes, ordinary to prime [illegible]; common to [illegible] common 4⅞@4⅛; yellow clarified 5⅛[illegible]. Molasses, centrifugal steady; common to good common 17@22; prime to strictly prime 26@33. Rice steady; Louisiana 4⅞@5⅛.

CINCINNATI, March 27—Sugar quiet; hards refined 6⅝@7⅛; New Orleans 4¾@5¾.

CHICAGO, March 27—Sugar firm; standard A 6; cut loaf 7@7½; granulated 6⅝.

Provisions.

CHICAGO, March 27—Pork active and advanced 25@40c early, declined 10@15c, and closed steady; cash and April $12.25@$12.30; May $12.25@$12.40. Lard firm, closing 2½@5c higher; cash and April 6.85@6.87½; May 6.92½@6.97½. Boxed meats firm; dry salted shoulders 4.50@4.60; short ribs 6.15@6.20; short clear 6.55@6.60.

ST. LOUIS, March 27—Provisions firm and better. Pork active; $12.25@$12.30 cash; $12 25 April. Bulk meats, long clear 6.10; short ribs 6.20; short clear 6.45. Bacon, long clear 6.45@6.50; short ribs 6.65@6.70; short clear 6.75@6.80. Lard, 6.75@6.80.

LOUISVILLE, March 27—Provisions higher. Mess pork $12.87½. Bulk meats, shoulders 4¾; clear rib 6.20; clear sides 6⅝. Bacon, shoulders 5¼; clear ribs 6⅞; clear sides 7⅛; hams, sugar-cured 10@10⅝. Lard, prime leaf 8⅛.

CINCINNATI, March 27—Pork quiet at $12.25@$12.50. Lard firmer at 6.90. Bulk meats firm; shoulders 4.70; short ribs 6.20@6.25. Bacon firmer; shoulders 5⅝; short ribs 7⅛; short clear 7⅜.

NEW YORK, March 27—Pork firmly held; mess spot $13.25. Middles dull; long clear 6⅞. Lard opened a shade stronger and closed weak; contract grade spot 7.17½; April 7.17@7.18.

ATLANTA, March 27—Clear rib sides 7c; shoulders 5½c. Bacon—Sugar-cured hams, large average, 11½@12c; small do. 12½@13c. Lard—Tierces, refined 7¾@8c; leaf 9⅛@9½c.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, March 27—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.60; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum, rectified, $1.25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jamaica $3.50@$4.50; gin, domestic, $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic, $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $1.50@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

CINCINNATI, March 27—Whisky firm at $1.13.

ST. LOUIS, March 27—Whisky steady at $1.14.

CHICAGO, March 27—Whisky firm at $1.15.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, March 27—Apples—$4.00@$4.50. Lemons—$3.00@$3.50 ⅌ box. Oranges—$2.50@$3.00 ⅌ box. Cocoanuts—3½@4c. Pineapples—None. Bananas—$1.25@$2.50. Figs—16@18c. Raisins—⅌ box $2.75; new London $3.75; ½ box $1.75; ¼ box 90c. Currants—7½@8c. Cranberries—60c ⅌ gal; $14.00 ⅌ bbl. California Pears—$5.00 ⅌ box. Citron—25@30c. Almonds—20. Pecans—12. Brazils—10. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Dried Fruit—Scarce and in good demand; rough dried peaches 4½@5c; pealed peaches 6@10c; rough dried apples 3@4c; good demand; evaporated 7@10c, owing to quality. Peanuts—Firm; Tennessee 6c; North Carolina 6c; Virginia 6⅜; roasted 1½c ⅌ lb extra. Cider—Apple barrels $7.50; ½ barrels $4.00; crab, barrels $8.50; ½ barrels $4.50. In good demand.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, March 27—Turpentine firm at 29½; rosin firm; strained 90; good strained 95; tar firm at $1.20; crude turpentine steady; hards $1.10; yellow dip and virgin $1.75.

SAVANNAH, March 27—Turpentine steady at 29½; sales nominal; rosin firm; strained and good strained $1.00@$1.10; sales 109 barrels.

CHARLESTON, March 27—Turpentine firm at 29; rosin higher and in demand; strained 95; good strained $1.00.

NEW YORK, March 27—Rosin dull at $1.20@$1.21½; turpentine dull at 32½.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, March 27—Market steady. Horse shoes $4.00; mule shoes $5.00; horse-shoe nails 12½@20. Iron-bound hames $4.00. Trace-chains 30@70. Ames' shovels $9.50. Spades $9.50@$13.00. Axes $7.00@10.00 ⅌ doz. Cotton cards $4.00@$5.00. Well buckets $4.00. Cotton rope 16. Swede iron 5c; rolled (or merchant bar) 2½ rate. Cast-steel 15c. Nails $2.50. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, 6 ⅌ 7c; painted 6c. Powder, rifle $4.00; blasting $2.70. Bar-lead 7c; shot $1.85.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, March 27—Eggs—13@13½c. Butter—Strictly choice Jersey 30c; strictly choice Tennessee 22½c; other grades 12½@18c. Poultry—Young chickens 18@22c; hens 27@28c; cocks 20c; ducks 23@25c; live turkeys 12½c ⅌ lb. Dressed Poultry—Chickens 12½@13c; turkeys 17@18c. Irish Potatoes—$2.50@$2.75 ⅌ bbl. Sweet Potatoes—80@90c. Honey—Strained 9@12½c; in the comb 13@15c. Onions—Choice eastern seed $5.00@$5.50. Cabbage—3@3½c. Cheese—Skims 11.

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTA, March 27—Leather—Market steady with a good trade reported; G. D. 24@26; P. D. 21@24c; best 25@28c; whiteoak sole 40c; harness leather 30@33c; black upper 35@40c.

ATLANTA, March 27—Bagging—1¾ lbs 10@10½c; 1½ lbs 10¼@10¾c. Iron ties—Arrow $1.40@$1.45 ⅌ bundle

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, March 27—Mules strong and firm with demand active. Plug horses in good request; harness horses dull with no demand and few offering. We quote: Horses, plug, round lots, $90@$125. Mules, car lots, $120@$150, owing to grade.

CINCINNATI, March 27—Hogs firm; common and light $3.65@$4.55; packing and butchers $4.25@$4.85.

LEAK & LYLE.......... AUCTIONEERS.

Executor's Sale.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—BY VIRTUE OF an order of the court of ordinary of said county granted at February term, 1885, will be sold before the courthouse door in said county, on the first Tuesday in April next (the same being April 7th. 1885), between the usual hours of sale, at public auction, the undivided one half part of parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, known in the plan of said city as part of lot No. ten (10) block No. four (4) of land lot No. 77, fronting forty-three (43) feet on Whitehall street and running back of same width along the south side of Alabama street eighty-one (81) feet and being on the southeast corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets, on which a three-story brick building is erected, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia. Also a certificate of stock in the Central Bank Block Association No. 276 for sixteen shares and fifty-three dollars ($1,653) dated August 15th, 1884, the same to be sold as the property of Thomas W. Connally, late of said county, deceased, for distribution. Terms of sale of said real estate, one-half cash, the other half at six months from date of sale with note bearing 8 per cent interest per annum from date of sale, bond for titles to be given and deed to be made on payment of last half of purchase money. Said certificate of stock will be sold for cash.

E. L. CONNALLY, Executor.

Mar 7 14 21 28 April 4

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—THE petition of John A. Colvin, James F. Dyar, James W. English, R. H. Knapp, Jacob Haas, Jack W. Johnson, W. H. Clayton, Frank T. Ryan, Jacob Elsas, James Ormond and William A. Hemphill, of said county, respectfully shows that they have associated themselves together for the purpose of engaging in the manufacture and sale of the Dyer Double Acting Treadle and other machinery under the name of "The Atlanta Machine and Iron Company." The principal office of said company and the place of doing business to be in said county. They propose to employ a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars to be divided into shares of fifty dollars each, twenty-five per cent of which has been paid in; the capital stock to be increased to one hundred thousand dollars should it be deemed advisable by said company. They desire corporate authority under said name to purchase, hold and enjoy all property both personal and real, and to make all contracts necessary to carry out the objects of said company, and that authority may be conferred on them to make such by-laws for the government of said company as they may see proper.

Wherefore they pray that they, their associates and successors may be incorporated under the name aforesaid for the full term of twenty years with the privilege of renewal with all the powers herein before named and such other powers as are incident to corporations under the laws of said state

WALTER R. BROWN, Petitioners' Attorney.

Filed in office December 31, 1884.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

A true extract from the minutes of Fulton superior court, of Fulton county.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C

sat

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office March 6th, 1885.—Marcus L. Tolbert has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Joseph H. Edmonds, deceased.

This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

mar 7, 14, 21, 28, apr 4. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, ORDINARY'S Office, March 6th, 1885. Caroline C. Lumpkin has applied for letters of guardianship of the person and property of Lula, William and James Morgan, minors, under the age of fourteen years. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

March 7,14,21,28-April 4.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, March 6th, 1885.—Ophelia J. Smith has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Charles A. Smith, deceased.

This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

1aw4wmc! 7,14,21,28 apr4

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, March 6th, 1885. Richard O. Campbell, has applied for letters of administration on the estate of John Bulow Campbell deceased:

This is, therefore, to notify all conncerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN,

March 7, 14, 21, 28, Apr. 4. Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, ORDINARY'S office, March 6th 1885. John R. Crane has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Benjamin E. Crane, deceased:

This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

mar 7, 14, 21, 28, apr 4.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, March 6th, 1885. Hun G. Wadley, as administrator on the estate of David R. Wadley, has applied for leave to sell the stocks and certificates of said David R. Wadley.

This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

March 7,14, 21, 28, ap 4

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, March 6th, 1885, Ann E. Brumby, guardian of L. R. Brumby, has applied for leave to sell the land of said L. R. Brumby.

This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

mar7-14 21-28 ap-4 W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, ORDINARY'S office, March 6th, 1885. Amanda I. Tuttle, administratrix of Joel A. Tuttle, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased.

This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else leave will be granted said applicant, as applied for.

mar 7-14 21-28 ap-4 W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Administrator's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER GRANTED BY THE court of Ordinary of Fulton county, to A. G. Chisolm, administrator of the estate of Sarah Harrison, deceased, the following described property will be sold on the first Tuesday in April next, between the legal hours of sale, twelve (12) shares of stock of the Central Bank Block association.

A. G. CHISOLM, Administrator.

sat 1aw k 4 wks

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, ORDINARY'S office, January 2d, 1885—James W. Harle, administrator in estate of J. W. K. Jenkins, represented that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in April next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

1aw3m oe

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, March 6th, 1885. John C. Kimball, guardian of Rudolph C. Salter, has applied for leave to sell the land of said ward. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

March 7,14,21,28-April 4.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, March 6th, 1885. Benjamin F. Moore, guardian of Ellen G. Moore, has applied for leave to sell the land of said ward. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

March 7,14,21,28-April 4.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Court of Ordinary at Chambers, March 6th, 1885—To Mrs. Lydia Nichols, Mrs. Electa Rigdon, Mrs. Louisa Chandler, John Nichols and Genevieve Nichols residing near Vaudalia, Illinois, Mrs. Julia Ann Robertson, residing near St. Mary's postoffice, Pennsylvania, and Calvin Nichols, residing near Willink postoffice, Erie county, New York, heirs at law of Betsey Davis, late of Fulton county, Georgia, deceased.

Take notice that F. Hiram Nichols having, as executor, applied for protate in solemn form of the last will of Betsey Davis, and having made known to the court that you are heirs at law of said Betsey Davis, you are hereby cited to be and appear at the next April term of the court of ordinary of said county to be held on the first Monday in April, 1885, as the will of said Betsey Davis will then be offered for probate in solemn form.

sat W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, ORDINARY'S office, March 6, 1885. Martha A. Hardwick and Thomas A. Ward, administrators of J. W. Hardwick, have applied for leave to sell part of the land of said J. W. Hardwick.

This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

mar 7-14-21-28, ap-4 W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Georgia Bonds.

FIVE PER CENT---THIRTY YEARS.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE, Atlanta, Ga., March 10, 1885

UNDER AUTHORITY OF AN ACT, APPROVED December 23, 1884, authorizing the Governor to issue bonds for payment of principal of bonds maturing in 1885 and 1886, SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Treasurer of Georgia up to TWELVE O'CLOCK M. ON APRIL 15, 1885, for three million four hundred and fifty-five thousand dollars ($3,455,000) FIVE per cent (five per cent) thirty year coupon bonds, as hereinafter set forth, bearing date July 1, 1885. Principal and interest payable in the city of New York, at the fiscal agency of Georgia; and at the office of the Treasurer of Georgia in the city of Atlanta. Interest payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 respectively.

Bids will be received for two hundred thousand dollars of the amount ($200,000) to be delivered July 1, 1885. And for two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars ($225,000) to be delivered January 1, 1886, the accrued interest being withheld by the state. And for the remainder of the amount of three million four hundred and fifty-five thousand dollars ($3,455,000), (or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose aforesaid), on June 1, 1886, the accrued interest withheld as aforesaid. As to last delivery, however, successful bidders will have the option of tendering any Georgia bonds maturing as aforesaid, at their PAR value, in payment therefor, at any time after July 1, 1885, and receiving new bonds.

Bids must specify amount of bonds desired in multiples of one thousand dollars ($1,000), accompanied by certified check, or certificates of deposit of some solvent bank for five per cent (5 per cent) of the amount of such bid, payable to the order of the Treasurer of Georgia, or by a deposit of bonds of the State of Georgia.

Bids will be opened and declared by the Governor and Treasurer, the state reserving the right to reject any one or all of the bids.

The state will issue registered bonds in lieu of any of the above named five per cent bonds as provided in said act at any time on demand of the owner. Copies of the act of the Legislature and information touching the proposed issue of bonds will be furnished on application to the Treasurer. By the Governor.

HENRY D. McDANIEL, Governor.
R. U. HARDEMAN, Treasurer. sat 4w

Ocean Steamers.

EUROPE

Cook's Excursion Parties sail from New York in April, May, June and July by first-class steamships.

Special Tourist Tickets for Individual Travelers at reduced rates, by the best routes for pleasure travel.

Cook's Excursionist, with maps, contains full particulars; by mail for ten cents

THOS. COOK & SON, 261 Broadway, N.Y.
feb21—d16w wed sat

FUSSELL'S WHITE LETTERS

(Enameled on Copper.) For window signs. Warranted 5 yrs. Send for price-list.
R. T. FUSSELL, 210 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

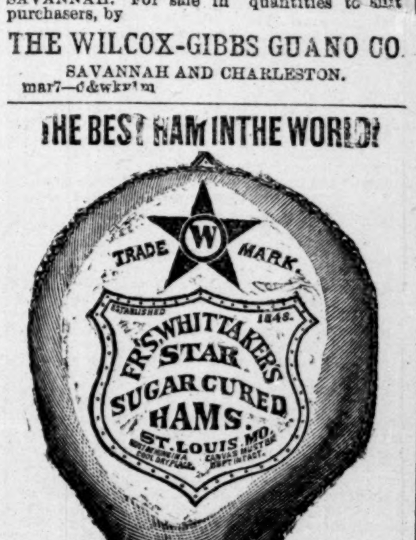
WANTED--THE PEOPLE'S MUTUAL LIVE Stock Insurance company, of Baltimore, Maryland, want first class general agents. The company is nearly three years old, stands second to none, and proposes extending its business into the state of Georgia. We refer to the Maryland insurance commissioner or any banker, merchant or insurance firm in the city of Baltimore. Address with reference. E. W. FREE, Sec'y. Corner Sauth and Water srteets, Baltimore, Md.
tu th sat

ENGLISH ACID PHOSPHATE.

PURE AND OF HIGH GRADE, AND IN EXcellent dry fine condition. A cargo now Landing in CHARLESTON, and one fully due in SAVANNAH. For sale in quantities to suit purchasers, by

THE WILCOX-GIBBS GUANO CO.
SAVANNAH AND CHARLESTON.
mar7—d&wkr1m

THE BEST HAM IN THE WORLD!



WHITTAKER'S STAR BRAND, SUGAR CURED HAMS.

Are the most tender, delicious and appetizing. Warranted sweet, juicy and not salty.

Sold by Messrs. PARK & TILFORD and ACKER, MERRALL & CONDIT, New York. E. J. CRIPPEN & CO., Philadelphia. A. M. & J. SOLARI and CLARK & MEADER, New Orleans. JAMES HICKSON, Chicago. BREEZE & LOUGHRAN, San Francisco, Cal. And leading grocers in all parts of the United States, China, Japan, Australia, and the principal countries of Europe.

Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Lard, Family Pork shipped all over the world. If your storekeepers do not keep our goods send orders direct to

FRANCIS WHITTAKER & SONS,
ST. LOUIS, MO.
Established 1848.

P. S.—All our Hams and Bacon are Branded on the skin side with a W in a five pointed Star, which is our trade mark. (See cut above)
Beware of Imitations.

Central, Southwestern & Montgomery & Eufaula Railroads

All trains of this system are run by Central or (90th Meridian time.)

SAVANNAH, GA., March 1, 1885.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, MAR. 1, 1885, PASsenger trains on these roads will run as follows:

READ DOWN.

C. R. R.—Main Line Savannah and Atlanta Divisions.	No. 15† Acc.	No. 53* Pass'ger.	No. 51* Pass'ger.
Savannah......Lv	5 40 pm	8 45 pm	10 00 am
Oliver......Ar	7 27 pm	10 23 pm	11 50 am
Millen......Ar		11 34 pm	1 08 pm
Millen......Lv		11 46 pm	1 35 pm
Toomsboro......Lv		1 47 am	3 43 pm
Gordon......Ar	No. 1*	2 59 am	4 57 pm
Macon......Ar	Pass'ger.	3 45 am	5 55 pm
Macon......Lv	8 20 am	3 57 am	7 30 pm
Barnesville......Ar	10 03 am	5 30 am	9 08 pm
Barnesville......Lv	10 03 am	5 30 am	9 08 pm
Griffin......Ar	10 40 am	6 05 am	9 45 pm
Atlanta......Ar	12 25 am	7 30 am	11 25 pm

C. R. R.—Augusta Branch.	No. 21† Acc.	No. 19* Pass'ger.	No. 17* Pass'ger.
Millen......Lv	8 55 am	2 30 am	1 30 pm
Augusta......Ar	7 30 am	5 50 am	3 45 pm

Milledgeville and Eatonton Branch.			No. 25† Pass'ger.
Gordon......Lv			9 00 am
Milledgeville......Ar			10 19 am
Eatonton......Ar			12 20 pm

UPSON COUNTY RAILROAD.		No. 35.† Pas'enger	No. 33† Pas'enger
Barnesville......Lv		5 00 pm	10 15 am
Thomaston......Ar		6 05 pm	12 20 am

S. G. & N. A. RAILROAD			No. 2† Ps'enger
Griffin......Lv			12 30 pm
Newnan......Ar			3 15 pm
Carrollton......Ar			5 10 pm

S. W. & M. & E. RY—MAIN LINE.		No. 9.* Acc.	No. 1.* Pas'enger
Macon......Lv			7 50 am
Fort Valley......Ar			8 55 am
Smithville......Ar			11 11 am
Smithville......Lv			12 20 pm
Cuthbert......Ar			2 04 pm
Eufaula......Ar			3 16 pm
Eufaula......Lv		4 35 am	3 21 pm
Union Springs......Ar		6 57 am	5 01 pm
Union Springs......Lv		6 57 am	5 01 pm
Montgomery......Ar		9 22 am	6 50 pm

S W R.R. ALBANY LINE.	No. 37* Pas'enger	No. 25* Pas'enger	No. 3* Pas enger
Macon......Lv			6 20 pm
Fort Valley......Lv			7 38 pm
Fort Valley......Ar			7 38 pm
Smithville......Ar			9 35 pm
Smithville......Lv	11 21 am	8 12 pm	9 35 pm
Albany......Ar	12 20 pm	4 15 pm	10 30 pm

S W.R. R—PERRY BRANCH.		No. 23† Pas'enger	No. 21† Pas'enger
Fort Valley......Lv		7 50 pm	9 50 am
Perry......Ar		8 35 pm	10 40 am

S.W.R R—BLAK'LY EXTENSION.			No. 29† Pas'enger
Albany......Lv			4 25 pm
Blakely......Ar			7 55 pm

S. W. R.R.—FORT GAINES BRANCH			No. 31† Pass'ger.
Cutbert......Lv			2 25 pm
Fort Gaines......Ar			3 48 pm

EUFAULA & CLAYTON RAILROAD.			No. 33† Pass'ger.
Eufaula......Lv			5 15 pm
Clayton......Ar			6 37 pm

S.W. RR.—COLUMBUS MAIN LINE.		No. 19.* Acc.	No. 5.* Pass'ger
Macon......Lv		7 35 pm	8 23 am
Fort Valley......Ar		10 17 pm	9 44 am
Columbus......Ar		4 10 am	1 05 pm

READ UP.

	No. 52* Pass'ger.	No. 54* Pass'ger.	No. 15† Acc.
Savannah......Ar	3 30 pm	6 30 am	8 05 am
Oliver......Lv	1 52 pm	4 59 am	6 30 am
Millen......Ar	12 40 pm	3 56 am	
Millen......Lv	12 15 pm	3 46 am	
Toomsboro......Lv	10 12 am	1 49 am	
Gordon......Ar	8 51 am	12 40 am	No. 2*
Macon......Ar	8 05 am	12 00 ngt	Pass'ger.
Macon......Lv	7 35 am	11 45 pm	5 50 pm
Barnesville......Lv	5 57 am	10 17 pm	4 12 pm
Barnesville......Ar	5 57 am	10 17 pm	4 12 pm
Griffin......Ar	5 24 am	9 43 pm	3 35 pm
Atlanta......Lv	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

C. R. R.—Augusta Branch.	No. 18* Pass'ger.	No. 20* Pass'ger.	No. 22† Acc.
Millen......Ar	12 00 m	12 30 am	10 14 pm
Augusta......Lv	9 45 am	9 00 pm	6 20 pm

Milledgeville and Eatonton Branch.	No. 26† Pass'ger.		
Gordon......Ar	4 40 pm		
Milledgeville......Ar	3 00 pm		
Eatonton......Lv	1 45 pm		

UPSON COUNTY RAILROAD.	Pas'enger No. 34.†	Pas'enger No. 36.†	
Barnesville......Ar	9 20 am	4 00 pm	
Thomaston......Lv	8 15 am	3 00 pm	

S. G. & N. A. RAILROAD.	No. 1† Pas'enger		
Griffin......Ar	9 40 am		
Newnan......Lv	6 58 am		
Carrollton......Lv	5 30 am		

S. W. & M. & E. RY. MAIN LINE	No. 2.* Pas'enger	No. 10.* Acc.	
Macon......Ar	7 15 pm		
Fort Valley......Ar	6 04 pm		
Smithville......Ar	3 55 pm		
Smithville......Lv	2 52 pm		
Cuthbert......Ar	1 11 pm		
Eufaula......Ar	12 01 am		
Eufaula......Lv	11 56 om	7 33 pm	
Union Springs......Ar	10 11 am	5 05 pm	
Union Springs......Lv	10 11 am	4 50 pm	
Montgomery......Lv	8 20 am	2 20 pm	

S.W.R.R—ALBANY LINE.	No. 4* Pas'enger	No. 26* Pas'enger	No. 38* Pas'enger
Macon......Ar	7 25 am		
Fort Valley......Lv	6 08 am		
Fort Valley......Ar	6 08 am		
Smithville......Lv	4 06 am		
Smithville......Ar	4 06 am	11 56 am	3 45 pm
Albany......Lv	3 10 am	10 45 am	2 50 pm

S. W. R. R—PERRY BRANCH.	No. 22† Pas'enger	No. 24† Pas'enger	
Fort Valley......Ar	4 40 pm	5 55 am	
Perry......Lv	3 50 pm	6 10 am	

S.W.R R—BLAK'LY EXTENSION.	No. 30† Pas'enger		
Albany......Ar	10 30 am		
Blakely......Lv	7 00 am		

S. W. R.—FORT GAINES BRANCH.	No. 32† Pass'ger.		
Cuthbert......Ar	12 36 pm		
Fort Gaines......Lv	11 13 am		

EUFAULA & CLAYTON RAILROAD	No. 34† Pass'ger.		
Eufaula......Ar	9 27 am		
Clayton......Lv	8 00 am		

S. W. RR.—COLUMBUS MAINE LINE.	No. 6.* Pass'ger	No. 20* Acc.	
Macon......Ar	6 12 pm	5 55 am	
Fort Valley......Ar	4 53 pm	3 32 am	
Columbus......Lv	1 20 pm	9 35 pm	

Elegant local Sleeping Cars on night trains as follows: Between Savannah and Augusta, trains Nos 53 and 54; between Savannah and Macon, trains Nos. 53 and 54; between Savannah and Macon, trains Nos. 53 and 54; between Savannah and Atlanta, trains Nos. 53 and 54.

Pullman Buffet Cars between Cincinnati and Jacksonville and through Sitting Car between Chattanooga and Jacksonville via Atlanta, Albany and Waycross. Through Palace Sleeping Car between Montgomery and Waycross.

Trains marked thus * run daily; trains marked thus † run daily except Sunday; trains marked thus ‡ run daily except Monday.

Tickets for all points and Sleeping Car Berths on sale Union Depot 30 minutes prior to the leaving of all trains.

WILLIAM ROGERS, Gen'l Supt., Savannah.
T. D. KLINE, Sup't S. W. R. R. Macon.
W. F. SHELLMAN, Traffic M'g'r., Savannah.
G. A. WHITEHEAD, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
E. SCHMIDT, Agent, Atlanta.

NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD OF GEORGIA

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATHENS, GA., October 12th, 1884.

On and after Oct. 12th, 1884, trains on this road will run as follows:

Time given here is 90 meridien, Atlanta city time.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.	No. 51.	No. 53.
Leave Athens, 90 meridian	5:00 p m	6:50 a m
Arrive at Lula	6:30 p m	8:54 a m
Arrive at Atlanta	10:30 p m	12:00 n'n
Arrive at Tallulah Falls		12:56 a m

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.	No. 50.	No. 52.
Leave Tallulah Falls	6:30 a m	
Leave Atlanta	7:40 a m	5:00 p m
Arrive at Lula	10:54 a m	8:41 p m
Arrive at Athens	12:30 p m	9:40 p m

Connections made at Lula with passenger trains on Richmond and Danville railroad, both east and west

H. R. BERNARD, Superintendent.
MERCER SLAUGHTER, G. P. A.

THE D.D.'S ON DANCING.

OPINIONS PRO AND CON ON THE CHARITY BALL.

The Preachers Create a Sensation by Opposing the Charity Ball—What They Have to Say on the Subject—Short Talks on Dancing—Some of the Pastors Uphold the Ball.

The Atlanta ladies in their laudable desire to help the poor by the proposed charity ball have stirred up a big sensation in church and society circles. The action of the Methodist ministers day before yesterday in formally protesting against the ball was like a thunderbolt in the social sky. So strong has the pressure from the pastors become that the propriety of abandoning the ball is freely discussed.

The ladies who inaugurated the movement were actuated by an earnest desire to raise money for the relief of the actual suffering which had come under their observation in this city. Charity balls are given every year in all the large cities of the country, and in many of them are the most attractive events of the social season. While the idea of having a charity ball in Atlanta originated with three or four ladies who have been prominent in charitable work, they readily found sympathy and active co-operation among the ladies of the city generally. They had their

PLANS ALL ABOUT MADE

for the ball on the night of the 9th of April at DeGive's opera house, and had sold a considerable number of tickets for it when the ministers took their concerted and decided action against the proposed ball. Yesterday the matter was discussed very freely all over Atlanta and of course by the scores of well known ladies who had taken the lead in this enterprise. There was among them a unanimous feeling of regret that their plans had elicited the condemnation of the ministers for whose opinion they have such a high respect. As to what course they should pursue after the formal declaration that the ball was disapproved by the ministers of two or three large denominations, there was

A DIFFERENCE OF OPINION

among the ladies. They had no meeting or consultation to determine what course they should adopt, but the ball and the difficulties in the way of it formed the topic in all the parlors of the city as well as on the streets.

This morning at 11 o'clock all ladies and gentlemen interested in the proposed ball and all who have been consulted relative to it are earnestly requested to meet at the hall of the Young Men's library. It is desired that there shall be a full attendance, as the proposed

BALL WILL BE FULLY DISCUSSED.

Many of the ladies think it will be a good plan to have the ball and to allow all who feel so disposed to assist in getting it up and participating in it. The meeting this morning will be a very interesting one.

Under the circumstances, the views of the prominent pastors of the city would be read with interest. Therefore, THE CONSTITUTION sent its reporters to representative pastors of the different churches yesterday, and their views are presented below. Some favor the ball and others disapprove it. Both sides are freely and, it is believed, pretty fully presented:

DR. HAWTHORNE'S VIEWS.

The first men approached by the reporter was Rev. Dr. J. B. Hawthorne, pastor of the First Baptist church. In reply to the question as to what position he took in regard to the proposed charity ball, he said:

"I don't approve of the charity ball. I think the money might have been raised without connecting it with a ball. If the object the people have in view is charity, why not give the ten dollars, the price of admission, without the ball? In this way it would all be dispensed for charity, whereas only about half of it would go in that direction, as the other half would go towards defraying the expenses of the ball."

"What are your general views on dancing?"

"I believe that such forms of dancing as are referred to in the Bible and the modern square dances, when not indulged in immoderately, and when not connected with vice, are innocent recreations, but the german and all the round dances I believe to be indelicate, suggestive of sensuality and incompatible with true feminine modesty. I am opposed to all public balls. I have never known of one that was not connected with some form of immorality. Just at this time, all over our country, ministers and churches are making special efforts to turn the thoughts of the people into religious channels. Nothing could occur in our community that would do more to defeat these efforts than such an occasion as the charity ball promises to be."

REV. JAMES G. ARMSTRONG'S IDEAS.

Dr. James G. Armstrong, rector of St. Philip's Episcopal church, was next approached. He said:

"I want it distinctly understood that the proposed ball being for a charitable purpose does not effect my view of the merits of the question of the right or wrong of dancing. If wrong in itself the charity of the object would not make it right."

"Then you think dancing wrong?"

"No, I cannot commit myself to the position that dancing is wrong. Humanity needs amusements, and dancing is one form of amusement in which the most refined and cultivated members of both sexes do now participate, as they have always done. In view of this fact and of the character of the ladies who, without respect to religious or ecclesiastical affiliations, have made the move towards this charity ball, I should shrink back with horror from regarding it as, in itself, sensual or tending to sensuality. So long, therefore, as the matter is in the hands of those ladies whose names have heretofore appeared in the public print as having it in charge, I can fully give it my sympathy. And I should like to see religion entering more thoroughly, into the every day life of humanity, and this including its amusements, and thus becoming a determining, practical power, instead of, as it has been too frequently represented, a mere Sunday garment, or as something to be boxed up and labelled 'Religion.' A mother must show some sympathy with her children in their amusements, and in the gratification of all their legitimate instincts if she would draw them to her and save them from meanness and wrong."

DR. M'DONALD DON'T LIKE IT.

Dr. McDonald, pastor of the Second Baptist church, was asked to define his position as to the charity ball. He replied:

"I sincerely regret that an enterprise which is intended to help deserving people should have been launched with the dead weight of dancing. It looks very much as if it was meant more for the enjoyment and fun of the dance than for charity."

"You do not approve of the means employed?"

"No. Why did not the public-spirited people who inaugurated the measure make a confident appeal to the generous people of Atlanta, with the conviction that if their cause deserved success it would surely have it? A majority of thoughtful Christians in all churches are opposed to dancing. Why, then, introduce a benevolent enterprise which violates the convictions of so many Christian people?"

"Again," continued the doctor, "why tempt people to believe that their tickets and other costs are for charity's sake? A man pays $10 for the privilege and honor of waltzing. Is he not laboring under a strange delusion when he thinks his contributions are for the sake of charity? You may have charity balls and charity raffles and charity wine or oyster suppers, but there is no charity in all these things. Let not the sacred, divine grace of charity be degraded by association with such things. If the object is worthy, the same zeal which labors for the success of the ball could arouse popular support and favor for it without any such resort."

"Do you countenance any of the forms of dancing?"

"I am not sufficiently acquainted with all the forms of the modern dance to discriminate among them, but this much I have observed that dancing has never proved itself to be the friend of any man or woman who seriously

...ntral, Southwestern & Montgomery & Eufaula Railroads

...l trains of this system are run by Central st... Meridian time.)

SAVANNAH, GA., March 1, 1885.

...N AND AFTER SUNDAY, MAR. 1, 1885, PAS...enger trains on these roads will run as follows:

READ DOWN.

...R. R.—Main Line ...annah and At...a Divisions.	No. 15† Acc.	No. 53* Pass'ger.	No. 51* Pass'ger.
...annah.......Lv	5 40 pm	8 45 pm	10 00 am
...er.......Ar	7 27 pm	10 23 pm	11 50 am
...en.......Ar		11 34 pm	1 08 pm
...en.......Lv		11 46 pm	1 35 pm
...msboro.......Lv		1 47 am	3 43 pm
...don.......Ar	No. 1*	2 59 am	4 57 pm
...on.......Ar	Pass'ger.	3 45 am	5 55 pm
...on.......Lv	8 20 am	3 57 am	7 30 pm
...nesville.......Ar	10 03 am	5 30 am	9 08 pm
...nesville.......Lv	10 03 am	5 30 am	9 08 pm
...ffin.......Ar	10 40 am	6 05 am	9 45 pm
...nta.......Ar	12 25 am	7 30 am	11 25 pm
...R. R.—Augusta Branch.	No. 21† Acc.	No. 19* Pass'ger.	No. 17* Pass'ger.
...en.......Lv	8 55 am	2 30 am	1 30 pm
...usta.......Ar	7 30 am	5 50 am	8 45 pm
...lledgeville and ...atonton Branch.			No. 25‡ Pass'ger.
...don.......Lv	....	....	9 00 am
...edgeville.......Ar	....	....	10 19 am
...onton.......Ar	....	....	12 20 pm
...PSON COUNTY RAILROAD.		No. 35.† Pas'enger	No. 33.† Pas'enger
...nesville.......Lv	....	5 00 pm	10 15 am
...maston.......Ar	....	6 05 pm	12 20 am
...G. & N. A. RAILROAD			No. 2† Ps'enger
...ffin.......Lv	....	....	12 30 pm
...wnan.......Ar	....	....	3 15 pm
...rollton.......Ar	....	....	5 10 pm
...W. & M. & E. RY MAIN LINE.	....	No. 9.* Acc.	No. 1.* Pas'enger
...con.......Lv	....	....	7 50 am
...t Valley.......Ar	....	....	8 55 am
...ithville.......Ar	....	....	11 11 am
...ithville.......Lv	....	....	12 20 pm
...hbert.......Ar	....	....	2 04 pm
...faula.......Ar	....	....	3 16 pm
...faula.......Lv	....	4 35 am	3 21 pm
...ion Springs.......Ar	....	6 57 am	5 01 pm
...ion Springs.......Lv	....	6 57 am	5 01 pm
...ntgomery.......Ar	....	9 22 am	6 50 pm
...W. R.R. ALBANY LINE.	No. 37* Pas'enger	No. 25* Pas'enger	No. 3* Pas enger
...con.......Lv	....	....	6 20 pm
...t Valley.......Lv	....	....	7 38 pm
...t Valley.......Ar	....	....	7 38 pm
...thville.......Ar	....	....	9 35 pm
...thville.......Lv	11 21 am	3 12 pm	9 35 pm
...any.......Ar	12 20 pm	4 15 pm	10 30 pm
...W. R. R.—PERRY BRANCH.		No. 23† Pas'enger	No. 21† Pas'enger
...t Valley.......Lv	....	7 50 pm	9 50 am
...y.......Ar	....	8 35 pm	10 40 am
...R. R.—BLAK'LY EXTENSION.			No. 29† Pas'enger
...any.......Lv	....	....	4 25 pm
...kely.......Ar	....	....	7 55 pm
...W. R.R.—FORT ...INES BRANCH			No. 31† Pass'ger.
...bert.......Lv	....	....	2 25 pm
...t Gaines.......Ar	....	....	3 48 pm
...FAULA & CLAY...ON RAILROAD.			No. 33† Pass'ger.
...aula.......Lv	....	....	5 15 pm
...yton.......Ar	....	....	6 37 pm
...RR.—COLUM...S MAIN LINE.		No. 19.* Acc.	No. 5.* Pass'ger
...con.......Lv	....	7 35 pm	8 23 am
...t Valley.......Ar	....	10 17 pm	9 44 am
...umbus.......Ar	....	4 10 am	1 05 pm

READ UP.

	No. 52* Pass'ger.	No. 54* Pass'ger.	No. 15† Acc.
...annah.......Ar	3 30 pm	6 30 am	8 05 am
...ver.......Lv	1 52 pm	4 59 am	6 30 am
...len.......Lv	12 40 pm	3 56 am	
...len.......Ar	12 15 pm	3 46 am	
...msboro.......Ar	10 12 am	1 49 am	
...rdon.......Ar	8 51 am	12 40 am	No. 2*
Macon.......Lv	8 05 am	12 00 ngt	Pass'ger.
Macon.......Ar	7 35 am	11 45 pm	5 50 pm
Barnesville.......Lv	5 57 am	10 17 pm	4 12 pm
Barnesville.......Ar	5 57 am	10 17 pm	4 12 pm
Griffin.......Ar	5 24 am	9 43 pm	3 35 pm
...C. R. R.—Augusta Branch.	No. 18* Pass'ger.	No. 20* Pass'ger.	No. 22† Acc.
...en.......Ar	12 00 m	12 30 am	10 14 pm
...usta.......Lv	9 45 am	9 00 pm	6 20 pm
...lledgeville and ...atonton Branch.	No. 26† Pass'ger.		
...don.......Ar	4 40 pm	....	....
...edgeville.......Ar	3 00 pm	....	....
...onton.......Lv	1 45 pm	....	....
...SON COUNTY RAILROAD.	Pas'enger No. 34.†	Pas'enger No. 36.†	
...nesville.......Ar	9 20 am	4 00 pm	....
...maston.......Lv	8 15 am	3 00 pm	....
...G. & N. A. RAILROAD.	No. 1† Pas'enger		
...ffin.......Ar	9 40 am	....	....
...wnan.......Lv	6 58 am	....	....
...rollton.......Lv	5 30 am	....	....
...W. & M. & E. RY. MAIN LINE	No. 2.* Pas'enger	No. 10.* Acc.	
...con.......Ar	7 15 pm	....	....
...t Valley.......Ar	6 04 pm	....	....
...thville.......Lv	3 55 pm	....	....
...thville.......Ar	2 52 pm	....	....
...hbert.......Ar	1 11 pm	....	....
...faula.......Lv	12 01 am	....	....
...faula.......Ar	11 56 am	7 33 pm	....
...ion Springs.......Lv	10 11 am	5 05 pm	....
...ion Springs.......Ar	10 11 am	4 50 pm	....
...ntgomery.......Lv	8 20 am	2 20 pm	....
...W. R.R—ALBANY LINE.	No. 4* Pas'enger	No. 26* Pas'enger	No. 38* Pas'enger
...con.......Ar	7 25 am	....	....
...t Valley.......Lv	6 08 am	....	....
...t Valley.......Ar	6 08 am	....	....
...thville.......Lv	4 06 am	....	....
...thville.......Ar	4 06 am	11 56 am	3 45pm
...any.......Lv	3 10 am	10 45 am	2 50 pm
...W. R. R.—PERRY BRANCH.	No. 22† Pas'enger	No. 24† Pas'enger	
...t Valley.......Ar	4 40 pm	5 55 am	....
...y.......Lv	3 50 pm	5 10 am	....
...R. R—BLAK'LY EXTENSION.	No. 30† Pas'enger		
...any.......Ar	10 30 am	....	....
...kely.......Lv	7 00 am	....	....
...W. R.—FORT ...INES BRANCH.	No. 32† Pass'ger.		
...hbert.......Ar	12 36 pm	....	....
...t Gaines.......Lv	11 13 am	....	....
...FAULA & CLAY...ON RAILROAD	No. 34† Pass'ger.		
...faula.......Ar	9 27 am	....	....
...yton.......Lv	8 00 am	....	....
...W. RR.—COLUM...S MAINE LINE.	No. 6.* Pass'ger	No. 20* Acc.	
...con.......Ar	6 12 pm	5 55 am	....
...t Valley.......Ar	4 53 pm	3 32 am	....
...umbus.......Lv	1 20 pm	9 35 pm	....

Elegant local Sleeping Cars on night trains as ...lows: Between Savannah and Augusta, trains ...s 53 and 54; between Savannah and Macon, ...ains Nos. 53 and 54; between Savannah and Ma...n, trains Nos. 53 and 54; between Savannah and ...lanta, trains Nos. 53 and 54.

Pullman Buffet Cars between Cincinnati and ...cksonville and through Sitting Car between ...attanooga and Jacksonville via Atlanta, Al...ny and Waycross. Through Palace Sleeping Car ...tween Montgomery and Waycross.

Trains marked thus * run daily; trains marked ...us † run daily except Sunday; trains marked ...us ‡ run daily except Monday.

Tickets for all points and Sleeping Car Berths ...sale Union Depot 30 minutes prior to the ...aving of all trains.

...ILLIAM ROGERS, Gen'l Supt., Savannah.
T. D. KLINE, Sup't S. W. R. R. Macon.
...F. SHELLMAN, Traffic M'g'r., Savannah.
G. A. WHITEHEAD, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
R. SCHMIDT, Agent, Atlanta.

...ORTHEASTERN RAILROAD OF GEORGIA

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATHENS, GA., October 12th, 1884.

On and after Oct. 12th, 1884, trains on this road ...ill run as follows:
Time given here is 90 meridien, Atlanta cit...me.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.	No. 51.	No. 53.
...eave Athens, 90 meridian.......	5:00 p m	6:50 a m
...rrive at Lula.......	6:30 p m	8:54 a m
...rrive at Atlanta.......	10:30 p m	12:00 n'n
...rrive at Tallulah Falls.......		12:56 a m
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.	No. 50.	No. 52.
...eave Tallulah Falls.......	6:30 a m	
...eave Atlanta.......	7:40 a m	5:00 p m
...rrive at Lula.......	10:54 a m	8:41 p m
...rrive at Athens.......	12:30 p m	9:40 p m

Connections made at Lula with passenger train ...n Richmond and Danville railroad, both east ...nd west

H. R. BERNARD, Superintendent.
...MERCER SLAUGHTER, G. P. A.

THE D.D.'S ON DANCING.

OPINIONS PRO AND CON ON THE CHARITY BALL.

The Preachers Create a Sensation by Opposing the Charity Ball—What They Have to Say on the Subject—Short Talks on Dancing—Some of the Pastors Uphold the Ball.

The Atlanta ladies in their laudable desire to help the poor by the proposed charity ball have stirred up a big sensation in church and society circles. The action of the Methodist ministers day before yesterday in formally protesting against the ball was like a thunderbolt in the social sky. So strong has the pressure from the pastors become that the propriety of abandoning the ball is freely discussed.

The ladies who inaugurated the movement were actuated by an earnest desire to raise money for the relief of the actual suffering which had come under their observation in this city. Charity balls are given every year in all the large cities of the country, and in many of them are the most attractive events of the social season. While the idea of having a charity ball in Atlanta originated with three or four ladies who have been prominent in charitable work, they readily found sympathy and active co-operation among the ladies of the city generally. They had their

PLANS ALL ABOUT MADE

for the ball on the night of the 9th of April at DeGive's opera house, and had sold a considerable number of tickets for it when the ministers took their concerted and decided action against the proposed ball. Yesterday the matter was discussed very freely all over Atlanta and of course by the scores of well known ladies who had taken the lead in this enterprise. There was among them a unanimous feeling of regret that their plans had elicited the condemnation of the ministers for whose opinion they have such a high respect. As to what course they should pursue after the formal declaration that the ball was disapproved by the ministers of two or three large denominations, there was

A DIFFERENCE OF OPINION

among the ladies. They had no meeting or consultation to determine what course they should adopt, but the ball and the difficulties in the way of it formed the topic in all the parlors of the city as well as on the streets.

This morning at 11 o'clock all ladies and gentlemen interested in the proposed ball and all who have been consulted relative to it are earnestly requested to meet at the hall of the Young Men's library. It is desired that there shall be a full attendance, as the proposed

BALL WILL BE FULLY DISCUSSED.

Many of the ladies think it will be a good plan to have the ball and to allow all who feel so disposed to assist in getting it up and participating in it. The meeting this morning will be a very interesting one.

Under the circumstances, the views of the prominent pastors of the city would be read with interest. Therefore, THE CONSTITUTION sent its reporters to representative pastors of the different churches yesterday, and their views are presented below. Some favor the ball and others disapprove it. Both sides are freely and, it is believed, pretty fully presented.

DR. HAWTHORNE'S VIEWS.

The first men approached by the reporter was Rev. Dr. J. B. Hawthorne, pastor of the First Baptist church. In reply to the question as to what position he took in regard to the proposed charity ball, he said:

"I don't approve of the charity ball. I think the money might have been raised without connecting it with a ball. If the object the people have in view is charity, why not give the ten dollars, the price of admission, without the ball? In this way it would all be dispensed for charity, whereas only about half of it would go in that direction, as the other half would go towards defraying the expenses of the ball."

"What are your general views on dancing?"

"I believe that such forms of dancing as are referred to in the Bible and the modern square dances, when not indulged in immoderately, and when not connected with vice, are innocent recreations, but the german and all the round dances I believe to be indelicate, suggestive of sensuality and incompatible with true feminine modesty. I am opposed to all public balls. I have never known of one that was not connected with some form of immorality. Just at this time, all over our country, ministers and churches are making special efforts to turn the thoughts of the people into religious channels. Nothing could occur in our community that would do more to defeat these efforts than such an occasion as the charity ball promises to be."

REV. JAMES G. ARMSTRONG'S IDEAS.

Dr. James G. Armstrong, rector of St. Philip's Episcopal church, was next approached. He said:

"I want it distinctly understood that the proposed ball being for a charitable purpose does not effect my view of the merits of the question of the right or wrong of dancing. If wrong in itself the charity of the object would not make it right."

"Then you think dancing wrong?"

"No, I cannot commit myself to the position that dancing is wrong. Humanity needs amusements, and dancing is one form of amusement in which the most refined and cultivated members of both sexes do now participate, as they have always done. In view of this fact and of the character of the ladies who, without respect to religious or ecclesiastical affiliations, have made the move towards this charity ball, I should shrink back with horror from regarding it as, in itself, sensual or tending to sensuality. So long, therefore, as the matter is in the hands of those ladies whose names have heretofore appeared in the public print as having it in charge, I can fully give it my sympathy. And I should like to see religion entering more thoroughly, into the every day life of humanity, and this including its amusements, and thus becoming a determining, practical power, instead of, as it has been too frequently represented, a mere Sunday garment, or as something to be boxed up and labelled 'Religion.' A mother must show some sympathy with her children in their amusements, and in the gratification of all their legitimate instincts if she would draw them to her and save them from meanness and wrong."

DR. M'DONALD DON'T LIKE IT.

Dr. McDonald, pastor of the Second Baptist church, was asked to define his position as to the charity ball. He replied:

"I sincerely regret that an enterprise which is intended to help deserving people should have been launched with the dead weight of dancing. It looks very much as if it was meant more for the enjoyment and fun of the dance than for charity."

"You do not approve of the means employed?"

"No. Why did not the public-spirited people who inaugurated the measure make a confident appeal to the generous people of Atlanta, with the conviction that if their cause deserved success it would surely have it? A majority of thoughtful Christians in all churches are opposed to dancing. Why, then, introduce a benevolent enterprise which violates the convictions of so many Christian people?"

"Again," continued the doctor, "why tempt people to believe that their tickets and other costs are for charity's sake? A man pays $10 for the privilege and honor of waltzing. Is he not laboring under a strange delusion when he thinks his contributions are for the sake of charity? You may have charity balls and charity raffles and charity wine or oyster suppers, but there is no charity in all these things. Let not the sacred, divine grace of charity be degraded by association with such things. If the object is worthy, the same zeal which labors for the success of the ball could arouse popular support and favor for it without any such resort."

"Do you countenance any of the forms of dancing?"

"I am not sufficiently acquainted with all the forms of the modern dance to discriminate among them, but this much I have observed, that dancing has never proved itself to be the friend of any man or woman who seriously intends to lead the Christian life. I have seen numbers of persons that I thought were injured by their dancing habits."

DR. CHANEY APPROVES.

Dr. George L. Chaney, pastor of the Unitarian church, was visited and asked whether or not he approved the charity ball. He said:

"I approve of the charity ball. The ladies having the Women's Exchange in hand have tried in vain to secure even a small contribution in other ways. In starting a charity ball they simply take advantage of the social customs existing in Atlanta to-day and devote the profits of the ball to an excellent charity."

"Do you uphold dancing?"

"I will answer your question by saying, no one can doubt that dancing is one of the social customs of Atlanta. I have met my brother clergy within the winter at an assembly which had all the features of a ball, excepting the late hours, costly dress, ample feasting, music and dancing, all were there. I see no difference in the two occasions that does not tell in favor of the charity ball."

"What do you think of the attacks on the ball by the clergy?"

"It seems to me unfortunate to say the least, that of all the dancing parties, past, present or to come, the clergy should have chosen for their rebuke the one which had most to commend it to their confidence. To my thinking Christian people are safe in following their Lord, even to the marriage feast and the market place, and that only as they give the world the benefit of their genial partnership in all good work and innocent amusements, will they do their full duty."

DR. KENDALL'S VIEWS.

Dr. T. R. Kendall, pastor of Trinity Methodist church, was called on, and said:

"My opinion of the charity ball and of dancing in general was clearly expressed in the card from the Methodist preachers' meeting. I may affirm, in this connection, what the well informed already know—this question is not new, but so old that it antedates the Christian era. Even Plato, Aristotle and Cicero are represented as opposing it in the dim light of their day. When Cato charged Murena, the Roman consul, with dancing in Cappadocia, Cicero is said to have thought the charge so damaging to his client that if he could not have thwarted it he would have abandoned the case. Our church fathers from time immemorial have condemned it. Augustine, St. Chrysostum, Turtullian, etc. The latter said: 'If Christians were found in the assembly of the dancers it proved them to be no longer true Christians.' If Abbe Hulot's work called 'Balls and dancing-parties condemned by Scripture, holy fathers, holy councils, and most renowned theologians of the church,' is true, a strong portion of the Roman church have always opposed it. It could easily be shown that a consensus of judgment opposing the dance has found expression in all orthodox Protestant churches."

"What do you think about the present situation?"

"Well, as to our present environment, I must confess that the saddest feature to me is not the sin per se, though that is fearful, but that those engaging in it actively or approvingly do not see the evil—not so much that they do wrong, but that they have the disposition of heart that prompts the desire. Is this the temper of the regenerate soul? Is this the leading of the Holy Spirit, whose temple the bodies of all Christians are declared to be? 'Do men gather grapes of thorns or figs of thistles?'"

"That is a new view," said the reporter.

Dr. Kendall continued: "I am heart and soul in sympathy with the benevolent object in view; am familiar with the inception and progress of the organization interested; have thanked God for it, and tried to pray for its success, but my regrets are inexpressible, that it seeks the end in view through the agency of a public ball."

DR. GLENN SPEAKS.

Dr. W. F. Glenn, pastor of the First Methodist church, gave his views as follows:

"The views of the Methodist church are well defined on that subject, and I stand with my church. I see no reason why we should vary our teachings in favor of a charity ball. If a ball is wrong, it is a wrong in any connection."

REV. J. BIGHAM'S OPINION.

Rev. R. J. Bigham, pastor of the Sixth Methodist church, was asked for his opinion on the charity ball. His answer was:

"Charity ball" sounds strangely to my ears. It is not euphonious; the words are antagonistic; the term is divided against itself. From all I have read and heard, I take it to be a philanthropic measure, of northern birth. Would that we copied, if copy we must, something which would not be questioned and challenged as soon as sprung. This is not God's way, as revealed in the Bible, of raising money for charitable purposes. I am glad it is not a church enterprise. I had as soon vote with the North Georgia conference to lease John Robinson's circus and appoint from among our foremost men a board of managers to run it in the interest of foreign missions, the widows and orphans of our sainted dead, and our other church enterprises."

"Then, can you suggest a better way of raising money for charity?"

"I feel confident that the managers of this charity ball, in conjunction with those who shall interest themselves in it, could, by private approach and solicitation, raise more money for charitable purposes in a day than this ball will net in a month. I do not approve of the conjunction they contemplate. The oyster suppers, ice cream festivals, church fairs, and the like, of the last decade or so, have in my judgement, prepared the way for this movement. I am opposed to both cause and effect. This charity ball I count an entering wedge and most devoutly hope it will not enter."

Dr. E. H. Barnett, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, and Dr. G. B. Strickler were approached and refused to be interviewed for private reasons, which are doubtless well known to the public. They are, however, on record as being opposed to a charity ball to raise funds for Christian purposes. They take the position that it is disapproved by the evangelical church. They are also of the opinion that the proposed ball will, in all probability, defeat the very end which it was intended to accomplish.

SWEET SIXTEENS.

A Party of Young Ladies from Shorter College en Route to the Exposition.

Twenty-six young ladies from the Shorter college at Rome, Georgia, passed through Atlanta yesterday en route to the New Orleans exposition.

The young ladies came into the city in special sleepers on the Western and Atlantic railroad in the morning and remained until the departure of the Atlanta and West Point passenger train. During their sojourn in Atlanta they visited in a body the Young Men's library, the state capitol, Professor Hal Morrison's studio and the Kimball house. The young ladies all wore the college uniform, a full suit of plain grey, and as they marched from place to place were generally observed. They were accompanied by Dr. L. Gwaltney, president of the college, Mr. L. R. Gwaltney, Jr., Captain A. W. Ledbetter, Mr. John Ledbetter, Mr. Howard McCall and Mr. H. A. Patillo. The young ladies were:

Misses Kate Wood, Ella Owen, Emma Penny, Lena Horner, Tickler Evans, Bettie Ledbetter, Mattie Donovan, Mildred Jones, Pearl McWilliams, Laura Scay, Ida Hardy, Aurora Johnson, Roberta Johnson, Cora Daniel, Millie Sawyer, H. A. Brown, Agnes Parker, Annie Cothran, Georgia Oliver, Stella Rainer, Ada Harvey, Leila Parish, Katie Hicks, Annie Gwaltney, Julia Mosely, Jennie Irwin.

Mr. Ponder, of the Rome Balletin, accompanied the party to Atlanta and guided them over the city.

A. P. Burbank.

The public anticipate with pleasure, the coming of Mr. Burbank, who was so highly indorsed in our columns by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, during his recent visit. A treat may be expected at the DeGives on Tuesday evening next.

While the fields we're roaming over,
Breathing new-mown hay and clover,
We'll think of her, as is our wont,
Whose teeth and breath are, every day,
White as white clover—sweet as hay,
And all from using SOZODONT.

SIDEWALK NOTES.

PENCIL PARAGRAPHS AND EVENTS OF THE DAY.

Gossip About the City Gathered Here and There by the Constitution Faberites—Pen Pictures of the Busy Georgia Capitol Yesterday—Doings at Police Headquarters.

"Southern Industries" out to-day, at Miller's.

J. W. Shannon, who pointed a pistol at Rasberry night before last, was yesterday released upon a $200 bond.

"Southern Industries" out to-day, at Miller's.

STEVENS, who sells MILES' FINE SHOES, has moved to ROOM NO. 13, UP STAIRS, 7½ WHITEHALL STREET. tu th sa

Bishop Hargrove will preach at the Sixth Methodist church, on Merritt's avenue, near Peachtree, to-morrow morning.

"Southern Industries" out to-day, at Miller's.

Look in the window of 34 Whitehall street and see the pants-Hynes makes to order from $6.00 to $12.00, and the suitings from $25.00 to $40.00. su tu th sa

Johns, the young white man who was arrested night before last, for breaking into Clark & Webster's on Alabama street, was yesterday released.

The board of police commissioners want all applicants for position on the police force to meet at police headquarters this morning at nine o'clock.

"Southern Industries" out to-day, at Miller's.

Caroline Crosby, an old colored woman who resided at 317 Mangum street, died suddenly yesterday. Her death was due to hemorrhage from the lung.

Postage stamps for sale at the business office of THE CONSTITUTION. Open day and night.

T. C. Mayson, No. 3 Marietta street, never lets an order go without being promptly filled. If he has not the article wanted in stock he sends out for it. tf

S. A. Gelden, the carriage-driver who demolished Dr. Biggers's buggy on Peachtree day before yesterday evening, was fined ten dollars and cost in police court yesterday morning.

Buckshot, the man who was arrested day before yesterday because he allowed a vicious dog to run at large, was arraigned yesterday morning in police court. The arresting officers could not show that Buckshot had been notified to tie up his dog, and he was released upon his promise to send the dog to the country.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Mr. M. C. Kiser's Barn Shattered—A Horse and Mule Killed.

Mr. M. C. Kiser's barn was struck by lightning yesterday morning, during the thunder storm, which visited Atlanta about six o'clock.

The barn was not greatly damaged, but a fine horse and a fine mule were killed, and another horse so badly injured that he will most likely die.

The storm came up about five o'clock, and for an hour and a half bright flashes of lightning in quick succession shot across the skies, while deafening peals of thunder almost instantly followed each flash. The rain, too, fell in torrents, and those who were stirring witnessed a grand battle of the elements.

Just about 6 o'clock the storm attained its acme. A brilliant blaze illuminated the heavens for an instant, and then

MADE A DESCENT,

apparently for the earth. Almost before the light had died away a loud, quick clap came, and persons residing on Peachtree, near Forest avenue, sprang from their beds and chairs, fully expecting that their homes had been demolished about their heads. The flash was a destructive one. It tore up Mr. M. C. Kiser's barn, killed and crippled his stock, and but for a chain of lucky circumstances, would have killed three colored men.

HOW THE BARN IS ARRANGED.

The barn is a large, two-story brick building. It is also a double building, one-half being on Mr. M. C. Kiser's lot, and the other half being on Mrs. J. C. Kiser's lot. The interior construction of both apartments is exactly alike. They are separated by a thick brick wall. In the apartment on Mr. Kiser's side there are four stalls and a feed room. Each stall was occupied. In No. 1 there was a horse, in Nos. 2 and 3 mules, and in No. 4 a horse. In the other apartment there were only two horses.

THE BRICK WALL

was between the horse in stall No. 4, and one of the horses in the other barn. The feed-room was full of hay and oats, and adjoining the feed-room was a sleeping room in which two colored drivers usually sleep.

The stable has a slate roof and the roof is surmounted with a cupalo, on which was a weather vane. The storm had aroused Mr. Kiser and he called his servant from the barn to clean his shoes. At the same time Mrs. Kiser sent for her driver to see

ABOUT SOME WINDOWS

in the upper part of the house. Immediately after the men left the barn it was struck. Instantly large volumes of smoke were seen to leave the barn by Mr. Kiser, who was standing at his window looking out, and at the same time the weather vane dropped off on the slate roof. Mr. Kiser gave the alarm, and running to the stable, found the feed room in a bright blaze. His servants followed him and with buckets of water

THEY EXTINGUISHED THE FIRE

before the fire department arrived. An examination then showed the effect of the lightning. The mule in stall No. 3 was leaning against the stall dead. The mule beside him was uninjured. The horse next to him was badly injured. This horse was next to the brick wall. On the other side of the wall a dead horse was found. The horse next to the mule was uninjured, and it was the one farthest from the wall that was killed. A window of six glass between the feed-room and the stablo

WAS SMASHED TO PIECES

and some of the glass was melted. The room in which the men slept was struck also, and had they not been called out when they were it is probable that they would have been killed. The barn was not badly injured.

THE DAMAGE IN DOLLARS.

The mule was worth $150. The horse was one of Mrs. Kiser's match sorrels, and was valued at about $350. The horse that was injured will likely die. He is worth about $200. He appeared to be paralyzed and could not stand up. He is not burnt or singed. His mouth and tongue are blood red, while one eye is bloodshot. Mr. Kiser's dray driver was on his way to the stable, and would have been in it had not the rain stopped him. Three hundred dollars will repair the barn, making the total loss about $1,000.

On Change.

The board of trade register yesterday showed the following visitors: G. W. Williams Jr., Charleston, S. C.; Major E. B. Kirk, U. S. A.; George W. Simons, Philadelphia; J. F. Simmons, Philadelphia; C. D. McKee, Athens, Ga.; J. Blassingame, Jersey, Ga. Mr. Blassingame is of the firm of J. C. Abercrombie & Co., and was the first merchant introduced on the board who trades with the gate city.

There are numbers of these merchants in the city daily and merchant members should not fail to introduce their friends and customers. "On change," a short while on the board would be a pleasure to them, and the merchant members should bear in mind that others would like to see their friends.

Six Hundred Cases of Shoes.

While Mr. Steve Ryan was in New York las week he purchased six hundred cases of shoes at sheriff's sale. Yesterday these shoes reached Atlanta and all day long Mr. Ryan's force was engaged in opening and arranging them for exhibition and sale. No such a bill of shoes has ever been purchased in Atlanta. They are all of the finest and best quality. Shoes for men and boys, ladies and misses abound in all styles and the purchaser can name his own price. These goods were bought by Mr. Ryan at the sheriff's sale of Laridy Bros., New York. This firm was one of the leading shoe houses of New York city, and Mr. Ryan's purchase was the pick of the stock. There are no snide goods. Every pair of shoes is a bargain. Call and see.

STILSON. Jeweler.
Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing and Bottom Prices
53 WHITEHALL STREET ATLANTA GA.

CAMPBELL WALLACE, JR. R. H. HUZZA
AT 55 SOUTH PRYOR, ST. ATLANTA, GA.
WALLACE & HUZZA, Proprietors,
HUZZA TRUNK FACTORY,
MANUFACTURE ALL KINDS OF
TRUNKS, VALISES, SATCHELS, ETC.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. PRICES REASONABLE.
We make REPAIRING a Specialty.

GEORGE MUSE, CLOTHIER.
38 WHITEHALL STREET
My Spring and Summer stock is complete in all departments. Mens, Boys' and Children's suits in Great variety at hard pan prices. My stock of Fine Imported Corkscrews in Brown Dahlia and Wine colors is elegant. Call and examine. Will guarantee prices low as the lowest.
GEORGE MUSE,
38 Whitehall.

NEXT TUESDAY.

That is the Day when the Police Force will be Reorganized.

On next Tuesday, the last day of the present month, the entire police force will be reorganized.

The police department of Atlanta is elected for two years, but Mr. VanWinkle, the senior councilman from the fifth ward, is now "coaching" a bill to make the membership for life or during good behavior. The election takes place on the last day in March, which falls on Tuesday this year.

The force is now composed of one chief, four captains, two stationhouse-keepers, one sergeant, six mounted men and forty-two patrolmen with a roll of supernumeraries—subject to changes at the will of the board. The force will be enlarged this year by the addition of ten patrolmen.

Chief Connolly has held the office for nearly four years and has made

A GOOD EXECUTIVE OFFICER.

He has always had the co-operation of the board of commissioners and has been supported by four excellent captains, a fine sergeant and a good force. He is a candidate for re-election, and so far has no opposition. The probabilities are that he will receive the full vote of the board. The salary is $1,500 per year.

Captains Crim, Couch and Manley have all made fine records as commanding officers, and will be re-elected, so the rumor goes. Captain Crim is the oldest captain, and by virtue of seniority, fills the chief's place during the latter's absence from the city or sickness. Captain Aldridge's recent resignation has left the board one Captain to select. Patrolman Parrish, the oldest member of the force, has been detailed to fill the vacant captaincy until the general election. There are a great many candidates for the position. Acting Captain Parrish wants it. Patrolman

MOON HAS AN EYE ON IT.

Patrolman Moss is hunting for it. Patrolman Ryan thinks he would not object to it. The pay is $900.

Sergeant Tom McWilliams has charge of the mounted squad, composed of Officers Clark, Henry McWilliams, Green West, Noland and Joyner. The sergeant's pay is two dollars and twenty-five cents per day. So far Sergeant McWilliams has no opposition. The mounted officers are detailed by the board and draw the same pay as a patrolman.

The stationhouse keeper receives two dollars and twenty-five cents per day. T. J. Buchanan and W. E. Foute are the present incumbents, and have both proven the right men in the right place. Mr. Buchanan will be re-elected and Dr. Foute can command five votes for the position.

THE HARD WORKERS.

The forty-two patrolmen will be increased to fifty-two. Nearly all of the present force will be re-elected. A few men will be dropped, but so far no one knows the black bean holders. The force is a good one as it stands, with a very few exceptions. In addition to the regular patrolmen a list of supernumeraries, varying from ten to fifteen in number, will be elected.

Out of the present forty-two patrolmen two are on detail all the time. They are Patrolman Rapp, who looks after the interests of the waterworks, and Patrolman Reid, who works under the city attorney.

The chief has besides this force a special officer, now M. M. White.

There are nearly one hundred applicants for position on the force, and the board of commissioners want these applicants to assemble at police headquarters this morning at 9 o'clock.

THE MALLON SOCIETY.

The Programme of the Exercises of Their Meeting Yesterday.

The Mallon society, of the girl's high school, held their monthly entertainment in Browning hall yesterday, Miss Clemmie Mayer, presiding. A large and intelligent audience was present, and the exercises were unusually entertaining. The following is the

THE PROGRAMME.

Lord Dundreary on Mental Photographs, recitation, Miss Brackie Starnes, fourth class.

Creed of the Bells, recitation, Miss Ida Atkins, third class.

Fairy Tale Waltz, duet, Misses Scott and Fry, first class.

Experience of the Rev. Quack Strong, recitation, Miss Daisy Harkins, third class.

Leap Year, recitation, Miss Kate Sprenger, fourth class.

A Vision, recitation, Miss Tessye Smith, first class.

Scene from Julius Cæsar—Lizzie Fry, Mark Antony; Jennie Hardin, Brutus; Annie Titlebaum, Clara Bradley, May Hill, Nell McLendon, citizens.

Lord Dundreary and the French Widow, reading, Miss Isma Dooly, fourth class.

Irish Emigrant's Lament, recitation, Miss Lillie Orme, second class.

Waves of Ocean, duet, Misses Saloshin and Jones, fourth class.

Belle of the Flowers, recitation, Miss Nellie Dibble, fourth class.

Dundon and McVey for Atlanta, to-day.

The way those $25.00 suits are selling for $14.00 at Andrews is a caution. Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets."

Thompson, the left-han ded slugger, to-day.

Miller, the swiftest pitcher in the world, to-day.

Go to A. B. Andrews to-day and buy a $30.00 suit of clothes for $15.00. Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.

Collins, the base runner, to-day.

A. B. Andrews wants each one of his customers, and everybody else's customers, to come and buy a suit of clothes now, while they can save money. Whitehall and Hunter streets.

For the Charity Ball.
We carry in stock the conventional swallowtail, trimmed and made equal to the best custom work. Eiseman Bros., 55 Whitehall street.

$18.00 suits selling at $8.00 and $10.00 at A. B. Andrews, corner Whitehall and Hunter.

POPE, THE HATTER.
Headquarters for fine Hats at low prices

Go to A. B. Andrews to-day and buy a $30.00 suit of clothes for $15.00. Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.

You can send a child or servant, or order by telephone from T. C. Mayson, No. 3 Marietta street, and do as well in getting household supplies as if you went yourself. tf

$18.00 suits selling at $8.00 and $10.00 at A. B. Andrews, corner Whitehall and Hunter.

Tate Spring water relieves constipation.

Dundon, the celebrated mute pitcher, to-day.

The way those $25.00 suits are selling for $14.00 at Andruws is a caution. Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.

POPE, THE HATTER.
12 dozen latest spring style Silk Hats.

John Ryan wants ten experienced dry goods salesmen, and five cash boys.

A. B. Andrews wants each one of his customers, and everybody else's customers, to come and buy a suit of clothes now, while they can save money. Whitehall and Hunter streets.

All Wool Suit for $8.50,
Worth double the money. This lot consists of a few styles from last spring. The patterns are desirable, but we need the space. Eiseman Bros., 55 Whitehall street.

Go to A. B. Andrews to-day and buy a $30.00 suit of clothes for $15.00. Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.

Old papers for wrapping paper at Constitution office at 25 cents a hundred.

$18.00 suits selling at $8.00 and $10.00 at A. B. Andrews, corner Whitehall and Hunter.

Over 2,000 barrels Tate water shipped annually

The way those $25.00 suits are selling for $14.00 at Andrews is a caution. Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.

POPE, THE HATTER.
50 dozen latest spring style Stiff Hats.

$18.00 suits selling at $8.00 and $10.00 at A. B. Andrews, corner Whitehall and Hunter.

RULING and all kinds of JOB PRINTING done neatly and promptly at the CONSTITUTION JOB OFFICE.

Miller and McGuire for Indianapolis, to-day.

A. B. Andrews wants each one of his customers, and everybody else's customers, to come and buy a suit of clothes now, while they can save money. Whitehall and Hunter streets.

POPE, THE HATTER.
Sells the best Hat for the money.

$18.00 suits selling at $8.00 and $10.00 at A. B. Andrews, corner Whitehall and Hunter.

Send and get your wrapping paper at THE CONSTITUTION office, for 25 cents a hundred. Large sheets.

Read the advertisement headed O. I. ... prove of lasting benefit to yo...



New Spring Clothing
TAILOR-MADE
—FOR—
Men and Boy's.

TO THE LADIES.
We keep up our reputation for having the best styles and most perfect fitting Suits for
CHILDREN.
Our stock of UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY and NECKWEAR the best in the city.
NO WET OR DAMAGED GOODS.
BUT PERFECT GOODS AT LOW PRICES.
Our Merchant Tailoring
DEPARTMENT
Complete with all the New Styles.
JOHN G. JONES, Artistic Tailor.

ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK.

Atlanta, Ga., March 16th 1885.

A CALLED MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of this bank, agreeable to article VIII of the association will be held at their banking house on Thursday, April 16, 1885, at 11 o'clock a. m.
1m P. ROMARE, Cashier.

A. B. Andrews wants each one of his customers, and everybody else's customers, to come and buy a suit of clothes now, while they can save money. Whitehall and Hunter streets.

Good-bye, rheumatism, good-bye; St. Jacob's oil knocks you sky high.

POPE, THE HATTER.
Carries the largest stock of Hats in the state.

John Ryan wants ten experienced dry goods salesmen and five cash boys.

Send your orders for Bill Heads and Statements to the Constitution Job Office, and the work will be executed at once, and in a manner that will please you.

A. B. Andrews wants each one of his customers, and everybody else's customers, to come and buy a suit of clothes now, while they can save money. Whitehall and Hunter streets.

We are Determined
To begin the spring season with an entirely clear stock, We are offering the remaining lots of odd Suits and Pants at half value. Eiseman Bros., 55 Whitehall street.

POPE, THE HATTER.
The finest stock of Hats in the city.

The way those $25.00 suits are selling for $14.00 at Andrews is a caution. Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.

MONEY TO LOAN.
Two Thousand Dollars
—ON—
ATLANTA REAL ESTATE.
P. O. Box 167.

Everything that the market affords can be found at the lowest figures at T. C. Mayson's, No. 3 Marietta street. A full line of fresh goods. tf

Go to A. B. Andrews to-day and buy a $30.00 suit of clothes for $15.00. Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.

POPE, THE HATTER.
All the latest and leading New York styles.

Notice.

We have this day sold our entire interest and good will in our meat market, 53 Decatur street, next corner Loyd, to J. A. Clemmons & Co., who will continue the business there. We will open a fine market on Peachtree street in a few days, notice of which will be given hereafter. Very respectfully,
STEWART & BRO.

To Our Patrons and the Public.

We will continue the meat business at the old stand, next to the corner Loyd and Decatur Sts. (53 Decatur) and will always be found with a good stock of finest fresh meats, and will endeavor to please all who favor us with their patronage. Mr. Clemmons still has charge, and fills all orders and guarantees satisfaction. Very respectfully,
3t J. A. CLEMMONS & CO.

Go to A. B. Andrews to-day and buy a $30.00 suit of clothes for $15.00. Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.

John Ryan wants ten experienced dry goods salesmen, and five cash boys.

Families, boarding houses and hotels will always find at T. C. Mayson's No. 3 Marietta street the freshest and best vegetables, meats, fish, and fruits in season, and everything else in the housekeeping line. tf

The way those $25.00 suits are selling for $14.00 at Andrews is a caution. Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.

Have Placed
Upon our bargain counters another lot of those odd Pants for $2.50, worth nearly double the money. Eiseman Bros., 55 Whitehall.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW
DIAMOND MERCHANTS
31 WHITEHALL ST.
ATLANTA, GA.

KIMBALL, L. B. WHEELER & CO.,
ARCHITECTS,
Constitution Building.

Firing and Gilding China for Amateurs,
At Lycett's Art School, 67 Whitehall Street.
LESSONS IN ALL BRANCHES, ARTISTS MAterials, etc. Write for circulars. su tu fri.

MERIT SEVERELY TESTED.

There is no article of Southern production the merits of which have been more rigidly tested than the Stevens Patent Watch. They are in the hands of railroad men, miners, millers, civil engineers, and others whose requirements are most exacting under the most unfavorable circumstances.

The Atlanta Watches give perfect satisfaction, and are now preferred over all others, where accuracy and reliability are desired.

Send for catalogue.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.
ATLANTA.

CROCKERY, CHINA,
Lamps and Housefurnishings,
FINE GOODS. LOW PRICES.
SETH THOMAS CLOCKS,
Gate City Stone Filters.
McBRIDE'S,
32 Wall street,

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Daily Weather Repo[rt]
OBSERVER'S OFFICE SIGNAL CORP U. S. A.,
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, March 27, 10:00 P. M.
All observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named:

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Velocity.	Rainfall.	Weather.
Augusta	30.02	60	...	...	...	...	Clear.
Savannah	30.02	66	...	S W	Lt.	.02	Fair.
Jacksonville	30.05	68	...	S W	Lt.	...	Clear.
Montgomery	29.94	66	64	S	Lt.	.01	Clear.
New Orleans	29.97	70	67	S W	7	...	Fair.
Galveston	29.95	69	66	S	15	...	Cloudy.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

Time of Observation.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rainfall.	Weather.
6:00 a m	30.00	58	50	S E	4	.35	Hy rain
10:00 a m	30.01	58	65	S W	9	...	Fair.
3:00 p m	29.96	65	58	S W	9	.54	Fair.
7:00 p m	29.97	66	62	S W	8	...	Fair.
10:00 p m	29.98	62	59	S W	10	.0	Clear.

Mean daily bar..........29.984 Maximum ther..........66.5
" " ther..........59.5 Minimum ther..........61.4
" " dewp't..........55.8 Total rain fall..........0.89

The weather at other points at 7 a. m.: Boston, temperature, 38, cloudy; New York, 40, clear; Washington, 14, cloudy; Atlanta, 52, thunderstorm; Norfolk, 46, cloudy; Charleston, 58, cloudy; Savannah, 59, cloudy; Jacksonville, 66, cloudy; Mobile, 66, hailing; Montgomery, 66, foggy; New Orleans, 65, foggy; Vicksburg, 59, cloudy; Galveston, 64, foggy; Shreveport, 58, light rain; Cincinnati, 47, cloudy; Memphis, 52, cloudy; St. Louis, 11, cloudy; Chicago, 33, cloudy; St. Paul, 26, clear; Omaha, 31, cloudy; Bismarck, 31, cloudy.

PERSONAL.

MR. JAMES H. MOSER, the artist, is the proud and happy father of a pretty little girl baby.

MR. CURTIS GUILD, editor of the Boston Commercial Bulletin, is in the city.

Mr. H. G. Coryell, of Marietta, was in the city yesterday.

MAKE SHARP and Ben Nevill, of the E. T., V. and Ga., arrived last night with sixty colored emigrants bound for Pine Bluff, Ark.

AT HOTEL WEINMEISTER: T. A. Bryant, Ga.; Austin Wilson, city; Will Baker, City; W. H. Holland, Baltimore; Calvin George, Madison, Ga.; G. F. Simmons, R. J. Simmons, Eatonton; N. W. Woodruff, Jacksonville; H. H. Smith, city; J. M. Russell, Georgia; John Middleton, Eatonton; W. J. Patarson, city; J. H. Turner, McDonough; W. T. Hammond, G. W. Hammond, Thomaston, Ga.; J. W. Yarbrough, Thomaston, Ga.

HON. J. W. RUSSELL, of Columbus, Ga., is in the city at the Weinmeister.

AT the Kimball: A. Holloway and wife, N. Y: B. H. Richardson and wife, Miss M. Richardson, J. Cohen, Savannah; J. Sarey, New York; A. B. Simms, Covington, Georgia; Miss Meta Branch, Savannah, Ga; J. Rheinstrum, Cincinnati; G. C. Mastick, Cleveland; Chas. P. Kraty, Baltimore; G. R. Walker, Baltimore; S. Picot, New York; Judge R. P. Ranny, Cleveland; Chas. A. Otis, Cleveland; Mrs. M. A. Donnally, St. Louis; G. W. Peek and wife, Milwaukee; R. B. Ramey, Raleigh, N. C.; John H. Harris, Kingston, Ga.; P. L. Andrews, Cincinnati; C. D. McKin, Athens, Ga.; F. A. Muse, Roswell, Ga.; W. H. Ward, S. Lemon, S. S. Stratton, New York; Colonel C. R. Pringle, Sandersville, Ga.; Colonel W. H. Huntley, LaGrange, Ga.; G. F. Kimball and wife, Miss E. Hippeach, A. H. Reoull, Chicago; A. W. Foster, Madison; G. S. Stagg, North Carolina; A. H. Reese, St. Louis; C. P. Dorland, Algona, Iowa; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Ross, Macon; W. M. Donid, Augusta; S. Hubbard and wife, Miss F. J. Hubbard, A. E. Wagner, Kul, Mich.; Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Dorsey, Newport; Mrs. George W. Myers, Washington, D. C.; Colonel C. Fibigeo, Wilmington, Del.; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Candler, Wilmington, Del.; J. B. Makartt, Philadelphia; Sarah Parish, Philadelphia; Sisson Parish, Hamburg, N. J.; Sin Passer and wife, Boston, Mass.; J. R. Swift, Elberton, Ga.; W. G. Rines, Richmond, Virginia; M. Hugg, Mrs. M. O. Hugg, Miss S. A. Hugg, Baltimore; Jas. R. Woodby, Norfolk, Va.; S. Robinson, Cincinnati; R. A. Matthews, Thomaston, Ga.; J. S. Fowell, Newnan, Ga.; Joe J. Hobby, Tenn.; C. Hulbach, Cincinnati; Isaac Hausler, Philadelphia; R. W. Goodall, Nashville; D. M. Sora, Chicago; T. H. Richards, Boston; H. C. Fawcett, New York; J. M. Carlsle, Fayetteville, Georgia; Richard Norris, Baltimore; A. Hopkins, A. Davenport, W. S. Whitman, Mobile; F. S. Raitz, New York; Charles A. Lasure, Savannah; Mrs. R. T. Thompson, Nashville.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 27, 1885.

Number of cases remaining undisposed of:
Atlanta circuit 3

ATLANTA CIRCUIT.

No. 29. Argument concluded.

HEEL OF DOCKET.

No. 1. Southern. Butler vs. Mayor, etc., of Thomasville et al. Refusal of injunction, from Thomas. Argued. MacIntyre & MacIntyre, by Harrison & Peeples, for plaintiff in error. No appearance for defendants.

No. 5. Oconee. Frick & Co. vs. Davis et al. Refusal of injunction, from Montgomery. Argued. C. C. Smith; DeLacy & Bishop, by J. H. Lumpkin, for plaintiffs in error. No appearance for defendants.

No. 7. Southwestern. Slappey vs. Harrold, Johnson & Co. Withdrawn.

No. 8. Chattahoochee. Hollis et al. vs. Swift & Son. Appeal, from Taylor. Argued. W. S. Wallace & Son, by brief, for plaintiffs in error. Albert A. Carson; J. M. Russell; W. D. Ellis, for defendants.

No. 9. Chattahoochee. Thweat vs. State. Kidnapping, from Talbot. Argued. Martin & Worrill, by brief, for plaintiff in error. Thomas W. Grimes, solicitor general, by J. M. Russell, for the State.

No. 10. Chattahoocoee. Owen vs. Gibson. Equity, from Talbot. Argued. M. Bethune; W. A. Little; J. M. Russell, for plaintiff in error. No appearance for defendant.

No. 11. Chattahoochee. Baldwin vs. Rogers & Adams. Dismissed.

No. 7. Flint. Parker vs. State. Assault with intent to murder, from Newton. Argued. Simms & Simms, for plaintiff in error. E. Womack, solicitor general, by brief, for the state.

No. 8. Flint. Bearfield vs Brown. Dismissed.

The court then adjourned to 9:30 a.m. tomorrow.

DRY GOODS. CARPETS. SHOES.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON AND CO.

SPRING STOCK JUST IN.

Imported Silks. Imported Trimmings.
Imported Woolens. Imported Carpets.
BLACK SILKS. BLACK SILKS. BLACK SILKS.

The largest lot in the South, bought lower than Manufacturers' prices and will be sold at prices guaranteed lower than any Retail or Wholesale House in the United States.

Remember we sell DRY GOODS, CARPETS and SHOES, and don't forget that we guarantee both prices and quality.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.
SPOT CASH.

Our stock of pants stuff is in an awful fix—we mean the stock is awful large and well assorted, and the prices awfully off.

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.
THE SPOT CASH DEALERS.

Ladies' white muslin underwear. We have just opened a new lot of very handsome goods in this department. This has been one of our specialties, and you will find the prices much lower than ever before.

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO
SPOT CASH.

The great drives this week will be in hosiery, gloves, table linens, towels and napkins. We have got them, and don't you forget it!

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.
THE SPOT CASH DEALERS.

Merehants visiting Atlanta to buy we would be glad to have you call and inspect our elegant stock of dres sgoods.

We guarantee to sell you as low as any exclusive jobbing house in the city. Here is the great advantage you gain in buying your dress goods and trimmings of us. First, we cut for you any length, thus giving you a large variety in a small purchase. Second, our goods are selected with great care for the finest retail trade.



Drs. BETTS & BETTS,
Medical and Surgical Dispensary,
33½ WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

W. H. Betts, M. D., the consulting physician, is the oldest, most successful, best known specialist in the world. A graduate from four medical colleges, twenty-five years experience and extensive practice in England, France and America, and has secured a world-wide reputation in the treatment and cure of Private, Nervous and Chronic Diseases, embracing Seminal Weakness (resulting from indiscretions, Lost Manhood and Abuses of the System.

Our remedies act quickly and cure permanently.

NERVOUS Debility, Spermatorrhœa, Seminal losses, night Emissions, losses of vital power, Sleeplessness, Despondency, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Blue before the eyes, Lassitude, Languor, Gloominess, Depression of Spirits, aversion to society, easily discouraged, lack of confidence, dull, listless, unfit for study or business and finds life a burden—Safely, permanently and privately cured.

BLOOD & SKIN Diseases, Syphilis a disease most horrible in its results, completely eradicated without the use of mercury. Scrofula, Erysiphelas, Fever Sores, Blotches, Pimples, Ulcers, Pains in the head and bones, Syphilitic Sore Throat, Mouth and Tongue, Glandular enlargements of the neck, Rheumatism, Catarrh, etc., etc., permanently cured when others have failed.

URINARY, Kidney and Bladder troubles, weak back, burning urine, frequency of urinating, urine high colored or milky sediment on standing, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Cystitis, etc., promptly and safely cured. Charges reasonable.

DRS. B. & B. Address those who have impaired themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both mind and body, unfitting them for business, study or marriage. Remarkable cures effected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express in any part of the world. Charges moderate and curable cases guaranteed. Send for list of questions and Guide to Health. Enclose stamp.

Address, W. H. BETTS, M. D.,
d&wky 33½ Whitehall St. Atlanta Ga

Henley's Challenge Roller Skate
ACKNOWLEDGED BY EXPERTS AS THE



MOST COMPLETE, SCIENTIFIC SKATE and by rink men as the MOST DURABLE one in the market. Liberal terms to the trade. For new 48-page Illustrated Catalogue, send 4c. stamp to
M. C. HENLEY, Richmond, Ind.
Mention this paper. tu tha sat

A Clear Skin

is only a part of beauty; but it is a part. Every lady may have it; at least, what looks like it. Magnolia Balm both freshens and beautifies.

...offerin...
...king on...
price in pork, but late... ...
outside figures.

SPRING GOODS! SPRING GOODS!
Our Tailoring Department is Now Brim Full
WITH THE
LATEST NOVELTIES FOR THE SPRING SEASON.

An inspection, will convince you that our line of WORSTEDS, CASSIMERES and CLOTHS is the most complete ever shown in this market. The balance of our READY-MADE CLOTHING for our immense Spring Stock must be sold regardless of value preparatory

HIRSCH BROS.
CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS,
42 and 44 WHITEHALL STREET.

Gate City Wire Works,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA,
No. 5 NORTH FORSYTH STREET.
Manufacturers of Wire and Iron Railing, Tree Guards,
WIRE WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Were Chairs, Settees, Arches,
—AND—
Hanging Baskets, Fire Screens, Nursery Fenders,
WINDOW GUARDS,
OFFICE RAILING AND WIRE CLOTH.
J. L. SOUTHCOMB, Manager.

FEMALE COMPLAINTS
Treated scientifically at home, at very small expense, with absolutely no pain, no caustics, no unnecessary examinations. Permanent cure guaranteed. Book and question blank free. Address with stamp, Dr. C. N. BROCKINGTON,
(Mention this paper.) 809 4th Ave., Louisville, Ky.

CATARRH
Causing Loss of Smell, Offensive Breath, Sore Throat, Deafness, Hay Fever, Cough and Consumption, cured in from one to three months, even though bones of nose are affected. No snuffs, washes, douches, inhalers or atomizers used. Book and blank free. Address with stamp, Dr. C. N. BROCKINGTON,
[Mention this paper.] 809 4th Ave., Louisville, Ky.

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.
THE SPOT CASH DEALERS.

The greatest bargains in ginghams ever shown by us before by big odds. Styles beautiful, prices shamefully down.

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.
SPOT CASH.

Our dress goods and silk stock is complete and full of elegant things cheap.

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.
SPOT CASH

Our button stock was never so full of choice designs. There is no foolishness in our prices either.

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.
THE SPOT CASH DEALERS.

Our entire spring stock is in and we are selling many lines of goods so cheap that we are ashamed to look you square in the face and mention the prices, but we had the cheek when we bought them.

H. I. KIMBALL, L. B. WHEELER & CO.,
ARCHITECTS,

TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING THE PUBLIC that they have associated with them Mr. W. H. Parkins, who will henceforth devote his entire time to the business.

We are prepared to execute in the best possible manner plans and specifications, and superintend the construction of all classes of buildings. Satisfaction in all respects guaranteed our patrons.

A CARD.

HAVING ENTIRELY REGAINED MY HEALTH I have determined to again engage in my profession in Atlanta and have associated myself with Messrs. H. I. Kimball, L. B. Wheeler & Co. I point with much pride to the numerous buildings of all classes erected through this and adjoining states during the past seventeen years, under plans and specifications prepared in my office, and solicit a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed. I take pleasure in assuring my friends and acquaintances that my present business connection gives greatly increased facilities, and all orders will receive prompt attention.

W. H. PARKINS,
Architect and Superintendent.



DISEASES OF THE BLADDER AND KIDNEYS have always been potent factors in the reaping of Death's harvest. No matter of what nature or how long standing these complaints may be, sure and speedy relief is offered in

Smith's Extract of Mayflower.

The many cures effected by this remedy have gained for it a world-wide popularity. None need suffer, save those who refuse to be relieved. If you would know just exactly what is meant by the term BRIGHT'S DISEASE, and how to cure it, inclose a two cent stamp with your address to
S. B. SMITH & BRO., Covington, Ky.

SPRING GOODS!

C. G. GROSSE

WISHES TO THANK HIS FRIENDS AND FORmer customers for their liberal patronage in the past and would inform them that he now has the most

ELEGANT AND FASHIONABLE

Goods which can be found in market, consisting of fine cloths, French Diagonals.

FANCY SUITINGS

Of all of the newest shades and designs, made up in the latest styles at the shortest notice. Call soon and make your choice. New goods arriving daily.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.



First-class schooner J. E. Woodhouse will sail from New York to Brunswick, Ga., on March 28th. Atlanta merchants will find it to their interest to give this thoroughly first class schooner line a test. For information as to rates, etc., apply to Warren Ray, 62 South street, New York, or
LITTLEFIELD & TISON,
til 28 Mar Agents, Brunswick, Ga.

Free TRIAL. Send for NERVITA, a certain cure for Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, ... package mailed for 12 cts ... DR. A. G. OLIN, BOX 242, CHICAGO, ILL.

WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF
PURE COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.

Wilbor's Cod-Liver Oil and Lime,—Persons who have been taking Cod-Liver Oil will be pleased to learn that Dr. Wilbor has succeeded, from directions of several professional gentlemen, in combining the pure Oil and Lime in such a manner that it is pleasant to the taste, and its effects in Lung complaints are truly wonderful. Very many persons whose cases were pronounced hopeless, and who had taken the clear Oil for a long time without marked effect, have been entirely cured by using this preparation. Be sure and get the genuine. Manufactured only by A. B. Wilbor, Chemist, Boston. Sold by all druggists. wed fri sun 8p wky

G — Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.

Having sold your excellent preparation known as G for the past year or more we are pleased to report that it has given entire satisfaction and we do not hesitate to recommend it.
J. C. Williams & Co.,
Syracus N. Y.

Sold by Druggists.
Price, $1.00.

MAGNUS & HIGHTOWER, Agents.

The Georgia Pacific Ry.
THE QUICKEST ROUTE
And the Only Line running
Solid Limited EXPRESS Trains
BETWEEN
Atlanta and New Orleans
With the Celebrated
MANN BOUDOIR DINING and SLEEPING CARS
This Is The
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Cures Bleeding Gums, Ulcers, Sore Mouth, Sore Throat, Cleanses the Teeth and Purifies the Breath; used and recommended by leading dentists. Prepared by Drs. J. P. & W. P. Holmes, Dentists, Macon, Ga. For Sale by all druggists and dentists.

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SPOT CASH.

Here is the Dude, an all wool French cashmere in good shades, for 25c. per yard.

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Grand display of new laces. Novelties in Beaded laces, both black and colored. These goods are remarkably handsome and very popular.

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THE SPOT CASH DEALERS.

Fine goods and novelties in every department a specialty. Our dress goods, silks, satins, fringes and elegant parasols; hosiery, gloves and handkerchiefs are unsurpassed.

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A superb line of fans in domestic, French and English designs and our prices are quite stylish you know.

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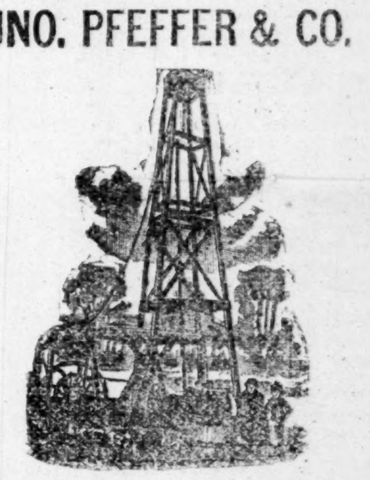
White goods of every kind. A grand display and prices down to zero. Novelties in white embroidered fronts; these are the high toned novelties of the season.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR



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NONE GENUINE
UNLESS BEARING OUR PATENTED TRADE-MARK, A LIGHT METALLIC SEAL, ATTACHED TO THE STRING, AND THE STRIPED CANVAS, AS IN THE CUT.

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Artesian Wells.
Oil, Gas and Water Works Contractors.
ALL DESCRIPTION OF TUBE WELLS MADE.
Deep Wells a Specialty.
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TIMKEN SPRING VEHICLES!



Easiest riding Vehicle made. Rides as easy with one person as with two. The Springs lengthen and shorten according to the weight they carry. Equally well adapted to rough country roads and fine drives of cities. Manufactured and sold by all the leading Carriage Builders and Dealers. Henry Timken, Patentee, St. Louis.

CLARENCE ANGIER.......... A. L. WALDO

NEW FIRM.

INSURANCE

WE HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED OURselves under the firm name of Angier & Waldo for the purpose of conducting the Fire and Life Insurance business in Atlanta and vicinity. The companies represented by us are old, strong, prompt and reliable. Their total assets over fifty millions of dollars. The public may rely on our immediate and careful attention to any business intrusted to us. We take the same interest in setting an honest loss as in collecting the premium.

ANGIER & WALDO,
Room 22 Gate City Nat. Bank Building.
Orders by telephone, No. 373, promptly attended to. Jan. 26, 1885.

S. H. VENABLE, W. H. VENABLE, G. W. FOSTER.
OFFICE OF
S. H. VENABLE & CO.,
9½ Peachtree street, Atlanta, Georgia

WE ARE PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF contract work such as Masonry, Earth Excavating, Street Paving, furnishing and sitting Curbing Flagging and putting down Concrete Pavements. Will also furnish all kinds of cut and uncut Granite for building purposes.

Special attention paid to furnishing Granite Blocks for street paving throughout the union on short notice.

8,000 yards Lynch's quarry building Stone for sale on bank or delivered. dtf

CONSUMPTION!
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give express & P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St. N. Y.

DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF W. D. SMITH & CO. HAS this day, March 26th, 1885, dissolved by mutual consent. W. D. Smith assuming all indebtedness of said firm, and will collect all debts.

W. D. SMITH,
J. W. PHILLIPS,
Manager for Mrs. A. M. Winn. 3t

EDUCATIONAL.

Atlanta Female Institute
—AND—
COLLEGE OF MUSIC.

THIS SCHOOL WILL BE RE-OPENED SEPT. 8, 1884. The Music and Art Departments are respectively under the charge of Mr. Alfredo Barili and Mr. J. H. Moser. For catalogue apply to MRS. J. W. BALLARD Principal.

MEAN'S HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
76 North Forsyth Street, Atlanta, Georgia.
INSTRUCTION THOROUGH AND PRACTICAL. For circulars, address T. Æ. MEANS.

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GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS,
Ale, Porter, Cider, Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff
HARDWARE, GLASS & CROCKERY-WARE,
BOOTS, SHOES,
Harness, Upper, Sole and Lace Leather,
All kinds of
FIELD & GARDEN SEEDS.
In their proper seasons. Also, Licensed Dealer in
PISTOLS, CARTRIDGES, GUNS
And Ammunition.
A Perfect Variety Store.
Terms Cash. PETER LYNCH,
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DR. RICE,
For 25 years at 37 Court Place, now at
329 Market Street, Louisville, Ky.
bet. Third and Fourth.
A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will prove.
Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.
Spermatorrhœa and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in mature years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, (night emissions by dreams), Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured. SYPHILIS positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system; Gonorrhea, GLEET, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, (or Rupture), Piles and other private diseases quickly cured.
It is self-evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.
Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.
Consultations personally or by letter free and invited. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.
PRIVATE COUNSELOR
Of 200 pages, sent to any address, securely sealed, for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays, 2 to 4 P. M.

O. A. SMITH
MANUFACTURER OF
Sulphuric Acid
66 Deg, Oil Vitriol,
AND OTHER CHEMICALS.
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Roofing and Paving Materials,
Tarred Roofing and Sheathing Felts.
PERFECTION BRAND OF
READY ROOFING.
Ordinary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing,
ROOF COATINGS, VARNISH, Etc.
No. 15 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.
RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

$3000 SALARY AND COMMISSION
to competent business manager for (this) STATE GENERAL AGENCY (controlling number of local agencies) for exclusive sale of our improved Machines. Rank with the Telephone. Over 7,000 in service. Indorsed by highest mercantile, corporate and expert authorities. Over 50 agencies established paying from 50 to 100 per cent on investment every 60 days. Sales in New York City approximating $500 per day. Aggregate sales over $50,000 for January, 1885. Applicants must furnish first-class credentials, and deposit from $1000 to $2000 cash security—not bonds—for goods in their possession.
THE NATIONAL G. S. CO.,
21 East Fuorteenth Street,
NEW YORK.

ROUGH ON WHISKY.
GOLDEN SPECIFIC,
A POSITIVE CURE FOR
DRUNKENNESS
OR THE LIQUOR HABIT.
Effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee, without the knowledge of the persons taking it as it is tasteless and odorless. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. It is absolutely harmless. CIRCULARS FREE. Prepared by the Golden Specific Co., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.
FOR SALE BY
MAGNUS & HIGHTOWER
Druggists,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.



H. S. DANZIGER, THE oldest vermin Exterminator in the U. S. Orders received for clearing hotels, restaurants, private houses, gardens and cotton fields at the Hotel Weinmeister, Atlanta, Ga. Work done by the job or contracts made by the year. Sthpg

TO THE PUBLIC.

BEING THE OWNER OF A HALF INTEREST in the patent right of "Hurd's Patent Garden Cultivator," all persons are notified not to purchase county, town or state rights to manufacture or sell said cultivator, unless such purchase should be from both, J. B. Hurd, the patentee, and myself.

O. H. BUTLER,
mar26—d4t wky1t Kontze, Texas.

NO MORE PILLS.
V. P. L. I.,
FOR THE LIVER.
Price 25 and 50c., Per Bottle.
For sale in Atlanta by J. B. Daniel, 38 East Wall street. sa mo we

THE

...OL. XVII.

HAZEN'S SENTENCE.

HE IS TO BE REPRIMANDED BY THE SECRETARY OF WAR.

The Convicted General Demands the Right to Make a Statement to the President—Cleveland Receives His Check for His First Month in the White House—Other News.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The Post of tomorrow will contain the following:

The finding in the case of General W. B. Hazen, chief signal officer United States army, recently tried by court martial on charge of conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, were filed at the war department Saturday. It is understood that the accused is found guilty, and sentenced to a reprimand to be administered by the secretary of war.

The Post will also say that Judge Mackey, counsel for Hazen, has requested the war department to furnish him with copies of the findings before they are submitted to the president for his approval, and that in making this request Judge Mackey asserts that an accused officer has an unquestionable legal right to submit an argument to the reviewing authority against an aduerse finding.

THE PRESIDENT'S FIRST MONEY.

Warrant for His Salary for March Issued from the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The first warrant for President Cleveland's salary has passed through the regular channels of the treasury department. It was for $3,888.87, the amount of the presidential salary for March, less the first four days of that month, for which President Arthur received compensation. The warrant issued for President Cleveland's first month's salary was not requested by any one at the white house. It originated in the regular routine of business in the warrant division of the treasury, and was signed by the United States treasurer with the rest of the day's papers.

THE PRESIDENT'S JOKE.

A New York journalistic friend of Governor Cleveland called on him yesterday, and before he had an opportunity to greet the president a number of gentlemen, all with petitions, preceded him. When they were disposed of the journalist advacned, and the president, with mock seriousness, inquired, "Where is your petition, sir?"

Catching the humor of the occasion, the friend remarked that, not knowing just how the land lay, he had decided not to bring any petition with him from New York but to ask generally for anything that was vacant, and trust to luck.

"Try Pennsylvania avenue," said the president with a smile, "that is not as crowded as it has been."

ONLY $1500 OF THE FUND LEFT.

How the $20,000 of the Lincoln Monument Money Has Gone.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Just after the assassination of President Lincoln a fund was started by popular subscription to erect in Washington a national Lincoln monument. United States Treasurer Spinner was made treasurer of the fund. Some $20,000 in all was subscribed. Spinner invested the sum in government bonds, and kept the bonds in the treasury vaults. The fund has been left in the same way by his successors in the United States treasureship, although they have not been treasurers of the National Lincoln monument association. Yesterday Treasurer Wyman cut off the coupons upon $1,500 worth of bonds kept in a tin box, marked "National Lincoln monument fund." "That is all that is left," he said, "of the National Lincoln monument fund. The rest of the $20,000 has gone in salaries and in designs for the monument. The monument has never been even begun. Most of the designs were made by Clark Mills. They were all very elaborate."

A MISSING EX-GOVERNOR.

He Stays Away Nine Days and Is Still Unaccounted for.

ST. LOUIS, March 29.—The family and friends of ex-Governor Thomas C. Fletcher are in great distress at his unaccountable absence from home. He has not been seen for nine days, and no trace has been found of him. He has a good deal of law business in Washington, and has relatives in the south western part of this state and in Texas, but so far as known is not in either place. Any information of him will be gratefully received by his friends and family.

The Bill Incurred.

SPRINGFIELD, March 29.—It was discovered yesterday that the appropriation for employes of the legislature was nearly exhausted, and that not enough funds would be available to pay the next roll. To-day's pay roll foots up $35,422, of which $8,522 is for the house employes, $4,050 for senate employes, $2,450 for extra janitors employed by the secretary of state, and $20.400 for members. The total expenses for salaries to date are $138,956. The number of janitors has been increased from 152 to 170, and they are now drawing $10,200 per month.

GAUTEMALA'S GAUNTLET.

The Little Republic Fully Armed and Equipped.

NEW ORLEANS, March 29.—The Times-Democrat to-day publishes an interview with J. B. Bilheimer, of New York, who arrived here today on the steamer City of Dallas, from Livingston. Mr. Bilheimer said:

I left the city of Guatemala on the 14th instant, and journeyed to Livingston, where I took the steamer for New Orleans. I wanted to see Guatemala for myself, and obtain all the information possible as to its resources. I remained there one month and traveled over 200 miles through the principal portions of its territory. During that time I made it my business to inquire thoroughly into the administration of its affairs, and became posted as to the political aspect of the central American states, and the questions that are now agitating that entire country. Barrios has 20,000 well equipped regular soldiers in the field, that is on the frontier. The infantry is armed with Remington rifles. There are six batteries of artillery, three gatling guns and three mitrailleuse. The latter I saw in the city of Guatemala. On the morning of March 14, 2,500 men were starting for the frontier, and 2,500 had moved there a short time ... In fact, they had been going steadily ... day or two. President Barrios has now at ... 20,000 men massed on the frontier of Salva... The principal general in the service of Bar... General Varilles, an experienced soldier, ...an of fine ability."

THE PANAMA REVOLT.

PANAMA, via Galveston, March 29.—General Preston has refused to permit the dispatch of mails from Colon to Cartagena, sent through the British consulate and the national postal agency, and yesterday the mail bags were returned to this place.

General Cerreoso, new secretary for war, has been taken prisoner by General Aizpuru, to whom he had carried peace proposals. General Aizpuru gave as an excuse for his conduct that General Correoso had brought no credentials to him. News has been received from the interior to the effect that Artioquia has surrendered to the government troops. The rebel camp at Narogo, near Buena Ventura, has also surrendered. The steamer Boyaca left Buena Ventura for Panama yesterday. ...chment from the United States ... Wachusett, which has been guarding the railroad property here, was recalled yesterday.

The Long Strike Ended.

PITTSBURG, March 29.—The strike at Oliver & Roberts wire mill has been satisfactorily settled and work will be resumed in all departments to-morrow morning, after an idleness of three months.